



OUTBOX

in
ENGLISH

3 Sec.



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الأهـلـاء

ما خطوت من خطوة إلا وشعرت بأصحاب الفضل الذين تسوقهم أقدار ربى ليكونوا
لى عوناً . فبنهم من يلهمنى بهياسه ومنهم من يأسرنى بثقته ومنهم من يرفعنى بانتقاده.
ولكن قبل كل هؤلاء أُمى بدعائها أطل الله عمرها وزوجتى بدعها .
وأدين لهم جميعاً بالفضل ما حييت ، لكنى أهدي كل ما أفعل لروح أبى . أتذكره فى
كل خطوه . فهو لم يكن لى مجرد أباً . بل كان رحمه الله بوصله لسفينه حياتى . صنعها بيده
 . لكن قدر الله أن أسير ما تبقى من عمرى دونه . لكن ما تبقى فى ذاكرتى هو ما يقودنى
لكل خير .

أبى ...



يكفينى ففراً . أنك أبى . سأهيا دائها مرتدياً عبائتك التى تركت . سأهيا
بببادئك التى عملتنى ألا أهير عنها . سأظل حتى ألقى بك . ابنك فى فرهى وفى
حزنى . استلهم ما تركت فى ذاكرتى . فأنا امتدادك فأنا أنت . ولى الففر .

تستحق أكثر من هذا يا أبى . أنصنى الآن لظلك العالى الذى لبسته طوال
حياتى وتغفيت فيه كلها أصابتنى قسوه اليأس . ومن الخوف والبرد ظهري . أقبل
اثر خطوائك التى تركتها لى وسلكتها بعدك ... أحياناً بشكل أعشى وأحياناً بثقه
القلب . تعلمت من جروحك ودمك وعرقك . مازلت مشدوها بغيره خيرك التى
شملتني برفئها ولفتنى داخلها .

ابنك

مجدي حسن حمزة

Test (1)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: He is praised by everyone because he has faced many.....during his journey to success.

- (A) respects (B) chances (C) challenges (D) prohibitions

Q2: His previous experience made him the best.....for the job. He got chosen.

- (A) employer (B) voter (C) interviewer (D) candidate

Q3: I can't agree with her. Her decisions are often based on sense, not critical thinking.

- (A) strange (B) popular (C) common (D) dull

Q4: The Eiffel Tower is one of the most popularin Paris. You have to visit it if you go there one day.

- (A) landfills (B) landlords (C) landscapes (D) landmarks

Q5: He is..... . He can speak both of English and French languages fluently.

- (A) bilingual (B) trilingual (C) sigular (D) monolingual

Q6: Thefirefighter rescued the kids in the burning building.

- (A) brave (B) idle (C) lazy (D) coward

Q7: The children's performance was so.....that all the audience clapped their hands happily.

- (A) impressive (B) disappointed (C) depressed (D) expensive

Q8: My friend has applied for a summer.....at one of the biggest construction companies.

- (A) internship (B) entrance (C) advantage (D) identity

Q 9 : She has lived in Cairo since she.....married.

- (A) had got (B) gets (C) has got (D) got

Q 10 : She arrived....., but she managed to finish her work on time.

- (A) latest (B) latent (C) lately (D) late

Q 11 : I'm at the mechanic's now. My car.....

- (A) repaired (B) repairs (C) is being repaired (D) was being repaired

Q 12 : We need to buy juice. There is juice in the glass.

- (A) many (B) much (C) little (D) few

Q 13 : My sister looks very happy. She.....her exams.

- (A) must have passed (B) passes (C) passed (D) would have passing

Q 14 : His uncle, with.....he lives, is very generous.

- (A) which (B) who (C) that (D) whom

Q15: Salma asked me where my next weekend.

- (A) I shall spend (B) I would spend (C) I would spending (D) would I spend

Q16: He was believed.....the money from the old woman but he was found innocent.

- (A) be stolen (B) to steal (C) is being stolen (D) to have stolen

Q17: Which one of the following sentences is CORRECTLY punctuated?

- (A) My sixty-year-old mother-in-law did a ten-foot dive into the swimming pool and was greatly admired
- (B) My sixty year old mother-in-law did a ten-foot dive into the swimming pool and was greatly admired
- (C) My sixty year old Mother in law did a ten foot dive into the Swimming Pool and was greatly admired
- (D) My sixty-year-old mother-in-law did a ten-foot dive into the swimming pool and was greatly admired

Q 18 : Which one of the following punctuation marks can be used for this sentences?
Karim worked in this company three years ago.....

- (A) ? (B) . (C) ! (D) :

Q 19 : The best thesis statement for this paragraph is..... "Some people say that the best way to discourage smoking is to make smoking illegal in public places. Other people say that this is not enough and that other measures are needed".

- (A) In my opinion, it is unpleasant to be in public places where people are smoking.
(B) I think that it is very important to not encourage smoking altogether as people like to breathe well in all areas.
(C) In my opinion, laws against smoking are an important part of discouraging this bad habit, but I agree that more needs to be done.
(D) It is important to stop smoking in all areas as it is harmful for people

Q 20 : Each essay contains.

- (A) a topic sentence (B) conclusion
(C) introduction and body paragraphs (D) b & c

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Hello, I am Jake. I have returned to my hometown of Wilson Creek after an absence of 10 years. So many things have changed around here. When I left Wilson Creek, there was a small pond on the right as you left town. They have filled in this pond and they have built a large shopping mall there. A new post office has also been built just across from my old school. There is a baseball stadium on the outskirts of Wilson Creek which has been changed completely. They have now added a new stand where probably a few thousand people could sit. It looks really great. The biggest changes have taken place in the downtown area. They have pedestrianised the centre and you can't drive there anymore. A European-style fountain has been built and some benches have also been added along with a grassy area and a new street cafe. My street looks just the same as it always has but a public library has been built in the next street along. There used to be a great park there but they have cut down all the trees which is a pity. The library now has a large green area in front of it but it's not the same as when the park was there. Another improvement is the number of new restaurants that have opened in Wilson Creek. A Chinese and an Italian restaurant have opened in the town centre and a Mexican restaurant has opened near my home. Which is where I am going tonight!

Q 21 : Jake thinks Wilson Creek has changed.

- (A) completely (B) differently (C) harmfully (D) irrelevantly

Q 22 : They have improved the baseball stadium and added _____ for people to sit.

- (A) space (B) sofa (C) stand (D) benches

Q 23 : According to the passage, Jake.....

- (A) changes the new stand
(B) likes the new stands
(C) doesn't mention his viewpoint on the new stand
(D) dislikes the new stand

Q 24 : It's only possible to reach the downtown area.

- (A) by boat (B) by bicycle (C) on foot (D) by car

Q 25 : The word "it" in the fourth paragraph refers to

- (A) The pond in the city (B) Jake's street
(C) The grassy area (D) The public library

Q 26 : The word "pity" means

- (A) fine (B) challenge (C) decent (D) disappointment

Q 27 : Jake is visiting a new place tonight, that place is

- (A) The Chinese restaurant (B) The Mexican restaurant
(C) The Italian restaurant (D) The town centre

Q 28 : Jake was absent from his town for

- (A) 10 years (B) 10 days (C) 10 weeks (D) 10 months

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Everybody likes to feel that she or he is special. Sadly, many of us grow up believing that we're not special at all. We wish that we could be more attractive or better at sports. We wish we had more money or more beautiful clothes. Like the Tin Man, the Scarecrow, or the Cowardly Lion from The Wizard of Oz, we think we're not good enough just as we are. In the film, The Tin Man wishes he had a heart. The Scarecrow wishes that he had a brain, and the Lion wants courage. Eventually, each of them realizes that he already has what he wants. Nearly all parents want us to be the best we can be. They occasionally attempt to encourage us to do better by comparing us to others. They mean well, but the message we usually get is that we're not good enough. We start to believe that the only way we can be special is by being better than somebody else, but we are frequently disappointed. There will always be somebody out there that is better than we are at something. There are a lot of people around who may not be as intelligent as we are, but who are better at sports. Or they may not be as handsome, but they have more money. It is unthinkable for us to be better than everybody else all the time. Like the Tin Man, the Scarecrow, and the Cowardly Lion, we all need what we believe will make us better people. Our parents often forget to tell us that we are special, that we are good enough just as we are. Either way, it's up to us to remind them sometimes that each of us, in our own way, is special

Q 29 : The writer wrote this text to

- (A) explain the importance of being yourself
(B) suggest how people can change their way of life
(C) talk about your family problems
(D) describe how intelligent we are

Q 30 : This essay was most likely written by a

- (A) parent (B) teacher (C) coach (D) young person

Q 31 : What does the writer say about our parents?

- (A) They frequently forget to tell us that we are special.
(B) They always tell us that we are good enough.
(C) They always tell us that we are special.
(D) They never forget to tell us that we are special.

Q 32 : The writer of this essay believes that

- (A) the richer you are, the better you are
(B) intelligent people are more special than others
(C) not everyone can be special
(D) we are all good enough just the way we are

Q 33 : Tin man wishes to

- (A) have more money (B) be better at sports
(C) be more beautiful (D) have a heart

Q 34 : The underlined word "disappointed" is a synonym to

- (A) pleased (B) dissatisfied (C) ashamed (D) excited

Q 35 : The underlined "them" refers to.....

- (A) teachers (B) parents (C) youth (D) coaches

Q 36 : The best title for this essay could be

- (A) Being special (B) Selfishness
(C) Comparisons (D) Being a parent

Q 37 في بعض الأنظمة التعليمية ، يُطلب من الأطفال دراسة لغة أجنبية واحدة أو أكثر و في حالات أخرى ، تعتبر دراسة اللغة الأجنبية ليست شرطاً.

- (A) In all educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is needed.
(B) In some educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is needed.
(C) In some educational systems, children need to study foreign languages. However, foreign language study is needed.
(D) In some educational systems, children are required to study one or more foreign languages. In others, foreign language study is not a requirement

Q 38 يعتمد عدد متزايد من الناس على المطاعم والأطعمة الجاهزة (الأطعمة المجمدة والوجبات المعبأة) بدلاً من الطعام المطبوخ في المنزل لتوفير معظم وجباتهم.

- An increasing number of people go to restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to make most of their meals.
(A) food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to make most of their meals.
(B) A certain number of people rely on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to cook most of their meals.
A growing number of people rely on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to supply most of their meals.
(C) food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to supply most of their meals.
A number of people depend on restaurants and convenience food (frozen food and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to create most of their meals.
(D) and packaged meals) rather than home-cooked food to create most of their meals.

Q 39 : The average sales of each food item changes depending on the season. Certain items are regularly sold in winters and others in summers.

- (A) متوسط مبيعات كل عنصر غذائي يتغير حسب الموسم. تباع كل العناصر بانتظام في الشتاء والبعض الآخر في الصيف.
(B) متوسط مبيعات كل عنصر غذائي يتغير حسب النوع. تباع بعض العناصر بانتظام في الشتاء والبعض الآخر في الصيف.
(C) متوسط مبيعات كل عنصر غذائي يتغير حسب الموسم. تباع بعض العناصر بالتزام في الشتاء والبعض الآخر في الصيف.
(D) يتغير متوسط مبيعات كل عنصر غذائي على حسب الموسم. تباع بعض العناصر بانتظام في الشتاء والبعض الآخر في الصيف.

Q 40 : Most experts assert that physical education classes are an important part of a child's education.

- (A) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.
(B) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء غير مهم من تعليم الطفل.
(C) يؤكد بعض الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.
(D) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من شخصية الطفل.

Test (2)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Her mother is the main.....for her patience and struggle in life.

- (A) institution (B) invention (C) inspiration (D) intention

Q2: The temple, which is seen from a far distance, is based on.....pillars.

- (A) small (B) tiny (C) colossal (D) closed

- Q3: Arab writers have made great.....to world literature since ancient times.
 (A) contribution (B) elimination (C) precaution (D) isolation
- Q4: He is a talented journalist, so readers wait for his weekly.....in the local newspaper.
 (A) queue (B) temple (C) pillar (D) column
- Q5: Because this is.....company, you can find employees from different countries.
 (A) dominant (B) bilingual (C) multinational (D) multicultural
- Q6: Nothing on the earth is..... Everything will vanish one day.
 (A) kernel (B) eternal (C) external (D) internal
- Q7: We must play a/an.....role in developing our country.
 (A) pessimistic (B) Weak (C) negative (D) positive
- Q8: After he finishes his university studies, he will study for a master's.....in political science.
 (A) degree (B) effect (C) licence (D) flight
- Q9: Sorry, you can not talk to my father now. Heto the market
 (A) has gone (B) goes (C) was gone (D) went
- Q10: After he had received the request, the consent.....
 (A) was sent (B) has been sent (C) is sending (D) had been sent
- Q11: My wife wants to bake a cake, but there isn't.....flour.
 (A) any (B) many (C) some (D) few
- Q12: They have two cars. They.....poor.
 (A) can be (B) can't be (C) might be (D) must be
- Q13: After shopping for 2 hours, I didn't find I wanted.
 (A) who (B) Whose (C) which (D) what
- Q14: I'm so hungry but the food is.....hoteat.
 (A) too/to (B) enough/ that (C) such a/ that (D) so/that
- Q15: He told me that hethe day before.
 (A) would travel (B) is travelling (C) will travel (D) had travelled
- Q16: He has played football in this club.....his childhood.
 (A) still (B) For (C) so far (D) since
- Q17: Which text is punctuated correctly?
 Jimmy had a hard time selling the watermelons, carrots and rhubarb. His mother's organic fertiliser might be to blame as it's pretty smelly and can't be touched without the use of gloves.
 Jimmy had a hard time selling the watermelons; carrots; and rhubarb. His mother's organic fertiliser might be to blame, as it's pretty smelly and can't be touched without the use of gloves
 Jimmy had a hard time selling the watermelons. Carrots and rhubarb. His mothers organic fertiliser might be to blame as it's pretty smelly and can't be touched without the use of gloves!
 Jimmy had a hard time selling the watermelons, carrots and rhubarb. His mothers organic fertiliser might be to blame as it's pretty smelly and can't be touched without the use of gloves?
- Q18: We use a colon to.....
 (A) indicate that a new sentence has begun
 (B) remove water from digested food in the intestine
 (C) use when commas get boring
 (D) indicate a series of options
- Q19: The sentence that gives the reader some examples or evidence in the paragraph is called.....
 (A) a topic sentence (B) introduction (C) conclusion (D) a supporting sentence

Q20: When we start writing, we shouldn't _____

- (A) think about the grammar that will be included
- (B) think about different topic if we know more about it
- (C) write everything we know about the topic
- (D) think about the ideas we will write about

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Many people have jobs that are not very interesting, but a lot of people have to work at night, and this is very difficult. When everybody else is getting ready to go out, they have to go to work, and this puts a lot of psychological stress on them. It is also not very healthy because the human body is designed to be active in the day and to rest in the dark. If this cycle is reversed it can have a bad effect on a person's health. So, why do people do night shift? Nowadays many business have to offer a 24 hour service, like hotels, delivery companies, some supermarkets open all night and all day, call centres and hospitals. It is true that some people only need a few hours sleep at night but the majority need eight hours. Humans are most active in the middle of the day, and the time when they are least able to concentrate and be efficient is between 2am and 4 am. This is the worst time to drive, or to do anything that needs concentration. The body finds it very difficult to adapt to the opposite cycle. Things are not likely to get better in the future because more and more business are working 24 hour cycles to keep in step with our 24 hour society.

Q21: The main idea of this passage is about.....

- (A) giving an advice about working late.
- (B) helping people change their way of life.
- (C) describing the importance of work.
- (D) how working at night can be harmful.

Q22: The writer's opinion about night shifts job is that.....

- (A) It is easier than working during the day.
- (B) There is a variety of them.
- (C) You get better working conditions.
- (D) Many people refuse to work at night.

Q23: According to the passage, we know that.....

- (A) it's difficult to change your sleeping needs.
- (B) people tend to sleep only between 2 am and 4 am.
- (C) people sleep better in the early morning.
- (D) everybody needs the same amount of sleep.

Q24: About the future, the writer mentioned that.....

- (A) fewer people will work during the day.
- (B) some jobs will always be done at night.
- (C) nobody will work at night.
- (D) many people will stop working during the day.

Q25: The best title of the passage is.....

- (A) 24 hours sleep cycles!
- (B) Society is changing but our bodies are not!
- (C) A good night's sleep can change your life!
- (D) A worker that sleeps more, works more!

Q26: The underlined word "reversed" can be replaced with.....

- (A) balanced
- (B) different
- (C) overturned
- (D) opposed

Q27: The writer thinks that the majority of people needhours of sleep

- (A) 8 (B) 24 (C) 16 (D) 2

Q28: People who have to work night shifts struggle with.....

- (A) the quality of sleep (B) more sleeping time
(C) emotional stress (D) psychological stress

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

A month ago I had no idea that on Sunday afternoon in July I'd be 50 metres above the ground and enjoying it. Now I looked down at the river far below me, and realised why people love rock climbing. My friend Jane and I had arrived at the Activity Centre on Saturday evening. The accommodation wasn't great, but we had everything we need; beds, blankets and some food plus we were pleased to be out of the city and in the fresh air. On Sunday morning we met the other ten members of our groups. James had come along with two friends, Harry and George, while sisters Maria and Sara had come with Isabella. We had come from many different places, so none of us knew the area. We knew we were going to spend some time outdoors, but none of us was sure exactly how. Half of us spent the morning caving while the others went rock-climbing and then we changed at lunchtime. Jane and I went to the caves first. Climbing out was harder than going in, but after a good deal of pushing, we went out at last - covered in mud, but pleased and excited by what I'd done.

Q29: In the passage, the writer tells us how to.....

- (A) advertise the Activity Centre
(B) say how she spent some free time
(C) describe some people she met
(D) explain how to do certain outdoor sports

Q30: In the text, the writer mentioned.....

- (A) what sort of activities you can experience at the Centre
(B) which time of year is best to attend the Centre
(C) when to depend on other people at the Centre
(D) how to apply for a place at the Centre

Q31: The writer thinks that the weekend is.....

- (A) interesting (B) unpleasant (C) relaxing (D) frightening

Q32: According to the passage, some members of the group.....

- (A) came from the same city.
(B) had already chosen their preferred activities.
(C) had been there before.
(D) already knew each other.

Q33: persons went rock climbing.

- (A) 10 (B) 8 (C) 6 (D) 2

Q34: The writer that he/she will enjoy being 50 metres above the ground.

- (A) didn't expect (B) spent (C) spent time with friends (D) planned a trip

Q35: The underlined phrase "good deal" can be replaced with.....

- (A) large numbers of something (B) fewer quantity
(C) insufficient amount (D) suitable amount

Q36: The best title for this essay could be.....

- (A) a day spent in the jungle (B) climbing 50 meters above the ground
(C) covered in mud and disappointed (D) enjoying the wildlife with animals

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: بعض الآباء يرسلون ابنائهم الحضانة عند بلوغ سن الرابعة والبعض الآخر ينتظر بلوغهم سن المدرسة الابتدائية:

- (A) Some parents send their children to nursery school before they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.
- (B) Some parents send their children to nursery school when they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.
- (C) All parents send their Some parents send their children to nursery school when they reach the age of five, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.
- (D) Some parents receive their children to nursery school when they reach the age of four, and others wait until they reach the age of primary school.

Q38: يعتقد البعض أن عدم تقنين التدخين في الأماكن العامة يقلل من وجوده بالتدريج. يقول آخرون أن هذا لا يكفي وأن هناك حاجة إلى تدابير أخرى:

- (A) Some believe that legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.
- (B) Some believe that not legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence regularly. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.
- (C) Some believe that not legalizing smoking in private places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.
- (D) Some believe that not legalizing smoking in public places reduces its presence gradually. Others say this is not enough and that other measures are needed.

Q39: Obesity is an increasing public health problem in some parts of the world.

- (A) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تتزايد في بعض معظم العالم.
- (B) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تستمر في التزايد في بعض أنحاء العالم.
- (C) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة متزايدة في بعض أنحاء العالم.
- (D) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تستمر في الزيادة الملحوظة في أنحاء العالم.

Q40: You have to develop your skills to be able to get a suitable job.

- (A) عليك تطوير مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.
- (B) عليك تزويد مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.
- (C) عليك تطوير مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مفيدة.
- (D) عليك تطوير هواياتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.

Test (3)**08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

Q1: Egypt has begun to introduce facilities to the.....people in all fields.

- (A) bored (B) disabled (C) devised (D) revised

Q2: Before building the High Dam, Egypt faced manysuch as floods.

- (A) achievements (B) pleasures (C) disasters (D) ceremonies

Q4: A lot of young people seek to find a suitable.....after graduation.

- (A) tiredness (B) employment (C) refreshment (D) relaxation

Q4: It's a.....that black cats bring bad luck.

- (A) Fact (B) myth (C) spirit (D) debate

Q5: The U.S.A. has a/an.....role in the military and economic powers.

- (A) deployed (B) dominant (C) minor (D) defied

Q6: The investigators are searching for a/an.....that he is the murderer.

- (A) Improvement (B) prove (C) evidence (D) development

Q7: Because of the strong storm, it was difficult for the ship to reach the

- (A) coast (B) port (C) export (D) import

Q8: This sunblock provides a.....layer against the harmful rays of the sun.

- (A) Protection (B) Protective (C) protect (D) protected

Q9: Have you finished the task.....?- I can't believe that.

- (A) ever (B) already (C) just (D) yet

Q10: Don't touch the wall. It.....

- (A) has just been painted (B) has painted (C) is painted (D) had been painted

Q11: Amr to England this morning. He is ill in bed!

- (A) can't have travelled (B) should have travelled (C) must travel (D) can't travel

Q12: Everybody congratulated him for theevent.

- (A) well-organized extremely (B) extreme well-organised
(C) extremely well-organised (D) well-extremely organised

Q13: We did not see Hala at the party yesterday. She.....

- (A) can't be invited (B) may not be invited.
(C) must have been invited (D) mightn't have been invited

Q14: Ramadan is a great month inmuslims fast.

- (A) That (B) When (C) where (D) which

Q15: She.....her father was travelling to Siwa the following week.

- (A) Told (B) asked (C) advised (D) said

Q16: I had to stand in the bus because there were too.....people.

- (A) much (B) few (C) little (D) many

Q17: Which punctuation mark is correct for this sentence? "Jimmy said that the Earth was flat..... but I said it was oval".

- (A) Comma (B) Colon (C) Semi-colon (D) Full-stop

Q18: The full-stop is.....

- (A) a squiggle in a sentence indicating when the sentence should finish.
(B) a dot at the end of a sentence which leads to the next sentence.
(C) a dot at the middle of a sentence
(D) a dot at the end of a sentence indicating that the sentence is complete.

Q19: If you are writing a persuasive essay, you should

- (A) state facts about the topic
(B) try to convince the reader of your opinion
(C) state your opinion clearly with examples
(D) imagine and create a story about the topic

Q20: Which idea should NOT follow this sentence: "In my opinion, laws against smoking in public places will do a lot to discourage this unpleasant and unhealthy habit, and I don't believe any further measures are needed".

- (A) The government has already placed powerful laws to reduce smoking in public places and people follow them strictly.
(B) Laws can do a great deal to reduce smoking.
(C) Laws against smoking are more effective than education, taxes, or anything else.
(D) Smoking leads to many diseases in addition to cancer

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

You're hiking with a friend and then as you step over a tree log a snake beneath bites your leg. One thought races through your mind, 'If you get bitten by a snake, suck out the venom.' Terrified, you turn to your friend, but he replies, 'No way! Then we'll both die.' Is he right? Most likely, your friend wouldn't die. But if he has an open wound in his mouth, the venom could enter his bloodstream, which is no help to either of you. So, venom sucking isn't a solution. To understand how to treat snakebites, you need to know the difference between poisons and venoms. Poisons are toxic, in other words dangerous, if you swallow or smell them.

Venoms, on the other hand, are only toxic if they get into soft tissues and the bloodstream. So, if you suck the venom out of a snake bite, you won't be affected. But that doesn't mean you should do it! Experts now strongly advise against it. Why? Venom enters the bloodstream extremely quickly, and trying to suck it out is ineffective because it's faster than your reaction. The best way to prevent the venom from quickly moving through the bloodstream is to remain calm, and avoid doing anything that would increase the heart rate. So what else should we do? Well, be aware of what snakes are in the place you are walking in. That way you will have an idea which ones are dangerous.

Q21: In the text, the writer is trying to.....

- (A) advise against walking in the countryside.
- (B) warn about certain venomous snakes.
- (C) offer information about snake bites.
- (D) explain the dangers of snakes.

Q22: The writer advises against sucking the venom because it.....

- (A) will hurt more.
- (B) tastes awful.
- (C) will kill you.
- (D) is risky.

Q23: According to the writer, poison.....

- (A) is less dangerous than venom.
- (B) is not the same as venom
- (C) has to be injected.
- (D) is usually breathed in

Q24: If you are bitten by a snake, you should.....

- (A) try to keep cool.
- (B) sit and decide if it was a dangerous snake.
- (C) not move at all.
- (D) run to the nearest place for help.

Q25: Which would be best advice leaflet for snakebites?

ALL YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT SNAKES Snake venom travels slowly so keep calm. Only if you think it is a dangerous snake, move as fast as you can to get help. Read more about snakes here!

- (B) SAFE NOT SORRY If you like walking or are travelling abroad, GET INFORMATION on snake species. Be careful and find out emergency contact information
- (C) ATTENTION WALKERS Based on worldwide data, millions die of snakebites yearly! Take your snake bite kit with you. Be safe!
- (D) WORRIED ABOUT SNAKES? Read here about how to treat your own snakebites! Very few people die from bites if they follow this treatment. Follow it step by step.

Q26: The underlined pronoun them refers to.....

- (A) soft tissues and bloodstream
- (B) Poisons and venoms
- (C) Snakes' venoms
- (D) Only poisons

Q27: According to the writer, experts strongly advise against.....

- (A) preventing the venom from quickly moving through the bloodstream
- (B) sucking the venom out of a snake skin
- (C) sucking the venom out of a snake bite
- (D) getting affected by a snake's venom

Q28: The best title for this essay could be.....

- (A) How to suck the venom caused by a snake
- (B) Science proven facts about snakes
- (C) How to save your friend from a snake's bite
- (D) How to approach a snake's bite

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

People often ask me who I have to thank for my success as a pianist and songwriter. They expect to hear that I was born into a musical family and had an excellent piano teacher. However, the truth is different. When I was little, nobody played an instrument at home. I learnt to play the piano and sing because there was a piano in my house and I just wanted to make music. My parents allowed me to sit at the piano and sing for as long as I wanted. If they were afraid that I would break the old piano, they never mentioned it. They didn't suggest that I should take lessons, either. The songs just came to me when I had my hands on the piano. I suppose I had musical talent and that is all you need. I started writing proper songs when I was a teenager. The music was mine, but the words were from other song writers. It seems so easy. When you start to compose, you do that, you copy other people's best songs. Then you start changing the melodies and the words and you develop your own style. That only happened later, when I had grown beyond my teenage years. For a time, I thought music would be just a hobby. My parents had developed a strong belief that I would be able to make a living as a musician, but I had my doubts, so after school I took a job in radio and advertising. Then one day one of my songs won a prize and that changed everything. I realized my happiness was in music. I have been a musician ever since that day.

Q29: What's the best title for this essay?

- (A) My journey as a musician
- (B) My childhood goals and piano
- (C) My goal to become a famous musician
- (D) My struggle when learning the piano

Q30: The underlined word "that" refers to _____

- (A) playing the piano
- (B) composing music and songs
- (C) starting your music career
- (D) copying other people's songs

Q31: In the second paragraph, "they never mentioned it" means that his parents.

- (A) never ask him to break the piano
- (B) never talked to him
- (C) were careless
- (D) never set rules about the piano

Q32: In this text, the writer is trying.....

- (A) describe his life as a successful musician
- (B) complain about his lack of musical training
- (C) suggest how children can be taught music
- (D) explain how he became a musician

Q33: When did the writer start making music on the piano, his parents _____

- (A) wanted him to play his own songs
- (B) said the piano might get damaged
- (C) seemed happy to let him play it
- (D) saw the need for a piano teacher

Q34: The writer thinks that the songs he wrote as a teenager that.....

- (A) were not very original.
- (B) took a long time to write.
- (C) were not well-written.
- (D) showed his personal style.

Q35: The writer got a job in advertising because _____

- (A) he had learnt about advertising jobs at school.
- (B) he thought he might not earn enough as a musician.
- (C) it offered him the opportunity to change his life.
- (D) his parents suggested it was a good career for him.

Q36: The writer advises the young writer saying.....

- (A) It's OK to copy other people's songs when you are learning.
- (B) It is not a good idea to write songs when you are very young.
- (C) If you want to be successful, you must have good music teachers.
- (D) You need someone in your family to guide you when you start.

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: تعد القراءة من أهم الأمور التي تحفظ العقل فهي رياضة العقل التي تحافظ على صحته وقوته، كما تحافظ الرياضة البدنية على صحة الجسم ولياقته

- (A) Reading is one of the most important things that reserve the mind, as it is the sport of the mind that maintains its health and strength, and physical exercise maintains the health and fitness of the body.

- (B) Reading is one of the most important things that preserve the mind, as it is the sport of the mind that maintains its health and strength, and physical exercise maintains the health and fitness of the body.

- (C) Reading is one of the least important things that preserve the mind, as it is the sport of the mind that maintains its health and strength, and physical exercise maintains the health and fitness of the body.

- (D) Reading was one of the most important things that preserve the mind, as it is the sport of the mind that maintains its health and strength, and physical exercise maintains the health and fitness of the body.

Q38: ينطلق أي مشروع ناجح من فكره جيده وواضحة ، ففكرة المشروع هي وصف دقيق ومختصر للمشروع المراد القيام به. لذا عليك قبل البدء في مشروعك أن تتأكد أنك تملك فكرة واضحة حوله.

- (A) Any successful project starts from a good and clear idea. The project idea is an accurate and brief description of the project to be undertaken. So, before starting your project, make sure that you have a clear idea about it.

- (B) Any successful project starts from a good and clear idea. The project idea is an accurate and brief description of the project to be undertaken. So, after starting your project, make sure that you have a clear idea about it.

- (C) Any successful project starts from a good and clear idea. The project idea is an inaccurate and brief description of the project to be undertaken. So, before starting your project, make sure that you have a clear idea about it.

- (D) Any successful project ends from a good and clear idea. The project idea is an accurate and brief description of the project to be undertaken. So, before starting your project, make sure that you have a clear idea about it.

Q39: Most of the damage to our environment comes from consumption: what we consume, how much we consume.

(A) يأتي معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه ، وكم نستهلك.

(B) يأتي معظم التلوث الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه ، وكم نستهلك.

(C) يخرج معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه ، وكم نستهلك.

(D) يأتي معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه ، وكيف نستهلك.

Q40: Over-population is considered one of the most dangerous problems facing any nation. It affects the number of the available jobs.

(A) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي قارة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.

(B) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.

(C) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على طبيعة الوظائف المتاحة.

(D) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أكبر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.

Test (4)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Q1: This job requires that the candidate should be.....and hard working.
 (A) magnetic (B) enthusiastic (C) aquatic (D) fanatic
- Q2: It is his last year at the college so he needs.....job till graduation.
 (A) full-time (B) part-time (C) spare time (D) free time
- Q3: After retirement, he tries to.....himself to be a talented writer.
 (A) reuse (B) rebuild (C) redo (D) reinvent
- Q4: Theof the lost city was discovered by the archaeologists last year.
 (A) reminders (B) foundations (C) ruins (D) remains
- Q5: Each society has its unique.....that distinguish it from other societies.
 (A) validity (B) identity (C) nobility (D) safety
- Q6: He was.....up with his manager's actions that show favoritism to other mates.
 (A) put (B) made (C) fed (D) looked
- Q7: He took too much time to be familiar.....the customs of the English society.
 (A) for (B) on (C) with (D) at
- Q8: One must be.....even if the circumstances around drive him to despair.
 (A) released (B) optimistic (C) pessimistic (D) depressed
- Q9: He's a wonderful player. He.....3 goals in the match so far.
 (A) is scoring (B) has scored (C) scores (D) scored
- Q10: They discovered that they are step-sibling.....
 (A) on accident (B) accidental (C) accidentally (D) accident
- Q11: The radioby Guglielmo Marconi in 1895.
 (A) has been invented (B) was invented (C) invented (D) is invited
- Q12: Samir's car is white and this is red. It.....his.
 (A) may be (B) can't be (C) must be (D) maybe
- Q13: Alexandria,my father was born, is one of the most beautiful cities in Egypt.
 (A) whose (B) that (C) where (D) which
- Q14: The teacher told us that Asiathe biggest continent in the world.
 (A) is (B) was (C) been (D) being
- Q15: It isinteresting book I can't let it down.
 (A) such/that (B) such an/ that (C) so/that (D) such a /that
- Q16: Theremuch petrol in my car, so I stopped at the nearest petrol station.
 (A) isn't (B) weren't (C) aren't (D) wasn't
- Q17: Which can be used in the blanks: Wow.... You really obtained a gold medal in the Olympics.
 (A) comma (B) exclamation mark (C) full stop (D) question mark
- Q18: Choose the sentence below with the correct punctuation.
 (A) Ted and Janice, who had been friends for years, went on vacation together every summer.
 (B) Ted and Janice, who had been friends for years, went on vacation together, every summer.
 (C) Ted and Janice who had been friends for years went on vacation together every summer.
 (D) Ted, and Janice who had been friends for years, went on vacation together every summer.
- Q19: " Sending children to school at an early age has both advantages and disadvantages. Children can learn a lot by being around other children."
 This could be a part of article about.....

- (A) importance of schools
- (B) importance of teaching children at a young age
- (C) importance of education and teachers
- (D) importance of parenting at a young age

Q20: Which sentence represents a good main idea or a topic sentence ?

- (A) Cell phone use while driving is very dangerous.
- (B) People tend to drive faster when they are talking on cell phone
- (C) Drivers aren't aware of surrounding traffic when they are using a cell phone
- (D) Cell phone cause drivers to take their eyes off the road .

28 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

My name's Mark Porter. I've been interested in the natural world since I was very young. I used to keep insects, and I spent a lot of time drawing them. After I finished school, I went to work in a pet shop - that was great fun, but I knew I had to go to college if I wanted a better job. So I went to university to study Biology and then got a job in Florida working at a sea-life centre, looking after the dolphins. While I was working there, I saw an advertisement for my current job - a keeper for the fish department at a zoo in California - and applied. Although it was for the same money, I was pleased when they immediately offered me the job because there are lots of different activities I'm involved in here. As part of my job, I get to do research, and I manage an education centre where I tell people of all ages about what they can do to protect fish and animals. People think that my job is exciting because I go diving as part of my research work on sharks. However, I work long hours, and I worry if I have to call a medical specialist to come and look after a sick fish. Conditions at work can be uncomfortable too, as a lot of the fish I look after bite, so I have to be careful. Then there are the visitors. Some are OK, but some try to touch the fish or put sweet wrappers in the water - that makes me angry. However, my job is very rewarding, and I hope that you'll think about working with animals, too.

Q21: In the text, the writer is trying to.....

- (A) describe some of the people he works with.
- (B) tell how people how they can protect animals.
- (C) give an account of one day in his life.
- (D) encourage people to have a career with wildlife.

Q22: After reading the passage, you will know.....

- (A) what subject Mark needed to learn to get a better job
- (B) how many hours a day Mark has to work.
- (C) where you can find the best sea-life centres
- (D) how long Mark has been keen on animals

Q23: Mark thinks that his current job.....

- (A) It allows him to do a variety of things.
- (B) It is better paid than his last job.
- (C) It was quite difficult to get.
- (D) It gives him time off work to go diving.

Q24: Mark feels that the visitors of the zoo are.....

- (A) nervous that a fish might hurt them.
- (B) upset when they take the fish out of the water.
- (C) annoyed when they don't behave well.
- (D) sad when they don't ask questions.

Q25: What might Mark write in his diary today?

- (A) I gave a talk today to a group of schoolchildren about looking after animals.
- (B) Today, I performed an operation on a sick fish which had eaten a sweet wrapper.
- (C) I spent all day in the research laboratory again today doing boring experiments.
- (D) Today I watched my boss go swimming with sharks - I wish I was allowed to do that too!

Q26: The underlined word "that" refers to.....

- (A) the researchers working in the centre
- (B) the fish and the aquarium
- (C) the garbage they throw into the aquarium
- (D) the visitors that go to the sea-life centre

Q27: The most suitable synonym for immediately could be.....

- (A) as soon as possible
- (B) once and for all
- (C) regularly
- (D) right away

Q28: Mark applied for a.....job.

- (A) keeper
- (B) vet
- (C) porter
- (D) researcher

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

'If when you hear the words "international athlete", you imagine a runner in an exotic location, enjoying life in a five-star hotel, think again. I won the Dublin Marathon and the European Games and I now want to win a place in the Olympic Games. I also have a demanding job and a family life to organize. My life is exciting, but I don't live in luxury. I am Sarah Radford. My route to the top was not what you might expect. I ran until I was sixteen, then went to college and got married. At 25 I made a come-back. That year my daughter was four and although fitting in a full-time job, family and running was not easy, I was managing it all fine. Then I had to stop when I hurt my left knee while running. I started back again a year later, and I'm now running really well. I am pleased that I am now performing at a high-level, but I know that if I make it to the Olympic team there will be more training to do. I may have to decide to work only part-time then, until midday, and get somebody to help with the housework. You have to take an opportunity to compete in the Olympics when it comes because you don't know if it will ever come again. For the moment, though, training has to fit around everything else in my life. I usually run into work, nearly eight miles along a main road, in my running shoes and tracksuit. Then I quickly change into my work uniform – my employers are used to that! They are also understanding about the demands of life as an athlete, which means I do not work weekends because of races.'

Q29: The best title for this essay could be

- (A) My life is hard and I can't cope
- (B) Olympics and how to participate
- (C) Athletes struggle all the time
- (D) Sarah Radford, international athlete

Q30: In the text, the writer aims to.....

- (A) give advice to other female runners
- (B) complain about her lack of time for running
- (C) show how difficult being a runner can be
- (D) describe her fitness training programme

Q31: The writer gave up running at the age of 25 because.....

- (A) She suffered an injury.
- (B) She had a child to look after.
- (C) She wanted to study at college.
- (D) She was working full-time.

Q32: If the writer joins the Olympic team, she is thinking of.....

- (A) training more at weekends. (B) spending more time at home.
(C) giving up her present job. (D) reducing her working hours.

Q33: The writer said that her employers.....

- (A) pay for some of her equipment. (B) want her to work weekends.
(C) would like her to give up running. (D) allow her free time for running.

Q34: Which of the following is the best description of the writer?

- (A) An athlete who has not won important competitions because of the pressures of family and work.
(B) A woman who put her ambition to win competitions before her duties as a mother.
(C) A disappointed runner who would like to have the luxuries that other international athletes have.
(D) An excellent runner who has won a number of competitions thanks to a lot of hard work.

Q35: The antonym of "demands" in the last paragraph could be.....

- (A) difficulties (B) anxieties (C) needs (D) requests

Q36: The underlined word "everything" refers to.....

- (A) Sarah's life including work and sports (B) Sarah's life including her sports routine
(C) Sarah's life including marriage and work (D) Sarah's life including housework and work

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: تشجع الحكومة المشروعات الصغيرة وخاصة مشاريع الشباب لذلك توفر لهم قروض بفوائد صغيرة وتوفر لهم الكثير من التسهيلات البنكية.

- The government encourages small projects, especially youth projects, but it
(A) provides them with loans with small interest rates and provides them with a lot of bank facilities
The government encourages small projects, especially youth projects, so it
(B) provides them with loans with small interest rates and provides them with a lot of bank facilities
The government encourages small projects, especially youth projects, so it
(C) provides them with loans with big interest rates and provides them with a lot of bank facilities
The government encourages small projects, especially youth ideas, so it provides
(D) them with loans with small interest rates and provides them with a lot of bank facilities

Q38: الحفاظ على الآثار واجب على الحكومات والأفراد أيضاً، لذلك أطلق بعض الأفراد حملات لحث الأفراد على عدم تلويث الأماكن الأثرية.

- Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some
(A) individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.
Reserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some
(B) individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.
Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well,
(C) although some individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals not to pollute archaeological sites.
Preserving antiquities is the duty of governments and individuals as well, so some
(D) individuals have launched campaigns to urge individuals to pollute archaeological sites.

Q39: The area of Egypt is about one million square kilometers. Most of its land is desert.

- (A) تبلغ مساحة مصر حوالي مليون كيلومتر مربع. معظم أراضيها صحراء.
 (B) تبلغ مساحة مصر حوالي مليون كيلومتر مربع. معظم أراضيها أنهار.
 (C) تبلغ مساحة مصر حوالي مليار كيلومتر مربع. معظم أراضيها صحراء.
 (D) تبلغ مساحة مصر أقل من مليون كيلومتر مربع. معظم أراضيها صحراء.

Q40: Festivals are good opportunities for people to relax and forget the pressures of their everyday life.

- (A) المهرجانات هي فرص جيدة للناس للاسترخاء وتذكر ضغوط حياتهم اليومية.
 (B) المهرجانات هي فرص جيدة للناس للاسترخاء ونسيان ضغوط حياتهم العملية.
 (C) المهرجانات هي فرص جيدة للناس للاسترخاء ونسيان ضغوط حياتهم اليومية.
 (D) المهرجانات هي فرص جديدة للناس للاسترخاء ونسيان ضغوط حياتهم اليومية.

Test (5)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: The receptionist is.....for booking rooms and answering the phone at the hotel

- (A) responsible (B) reusable (C) irresponsible (D) desirable

Q2: My sister works at the financial.....at a nutrition company.

- (A) apartment (B) department (C) station (D) bookshop

Q3: Old people usually have the.....that enables them to think properly.

- (A) stupidity (B) wisdom (C) disability (D) boredom

Q4: The workers must move carefully at the.....sites so as not to destroy any of the monuments.

- (A) crime (B) archaeological (C) engineering (D) shooting

Q5: As a detective, he must payto each detail that may lead to the clue.

- (A) attention (B) back (C) money (D) debit

Q6: Most people are seeking a full-time job to guarantee a/an.....income.

- (A) moving (B) distorted (C) temporary (D) steady

Q7: Our company has opened a new.....in the United States of America.

- (A) department (B) root (C) ranch (D) branch

Q8: It is important that your C.V. your skills and achievements.

- (A) spotlights (B) flashlights (C) plights (D) highlights

Q9: This is the most expensive car I haveseen.

- (A) just (B) ever (C) already (D) never

Q10: In order to win the match, all members of the team should train very.....

- (A) harder (B) hardly (C) harden (D) hard

Q11: My son didn't know what he.....in his trip to China, their foods were completely different.

- (A) was feeding (B) has been fed (C) is fed (D) was being fed

Q12: My grandmother is very generous. She always gives money to.....one of her grandsons.

- (A) all (B) each (C) both (D) either

Q13: Which sentence is correctly structured?

- (A) He wasn't at school yesterday. He can't be ill.
 (B) He wasn't at school yesterday. He must be ill.
 (C) He wasn't at school yesterday. He had to be ill.
 (D) He wasn't at school yesterday. He must have been ill.

Q14: The boy.....there stole the woman's bag.

- (A) who run (B) run (C) is running (D) running

Q15: Mother asked her daughter where.....

- (A) she has been (B) she had been (C) had she been (D) has she been

Q16: I have.....money to buy this suit.

- (A) such (B) enough (C) so (D) few

Q17: When should you use an apostrophe?

- (A) To indicate possession (where a noun owns something).
 (B) For a contraction (where letters are missing) and possession (where a noun owns something).
 (C) When an independent clause is attached to a dependent clause.
 (D) When someone is speaking.

Q18: The old man realised that he should retire and went back to his village youth Ireland.

- (A) Semicolon(;) (B) Dash(_) (C) Hyphen(-) (D) Colon(:)

Q19: "The Internet is crucial to modern life, and parents and schools can do a lot to make sure children use the Internet safely. Many schools have developed systems that limit the websites children can access." This could be a part of article about

- (A) the ability to access certain websites at schools
 (B) teaching children how to use the internet carefully
 (C) limited resources at school
 (D) using computers and internet at schools

Q20: "I agree that modern technology has made our lives better in many ways." This sentence be included in an article as a _____

- (A) thesis statement (B) supporting sentence (C) topic sentence (D) concluding sentence

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

First of all, what is a yeti? Himalayan people say there are two sorts of yeti. Both are big — about two meters high — and both can walk on two legs. One (the smaller yeti) eats humans!!! But the larger yeti prefers yaks (similar to big black hairy cows). The yeti doesn't live in the snow, but in the thick Himalayan Forest. It goes to snowy regions to eat a plant which contains salt. That is the legend. It is easy to say that the yeti is no more than a legend. However, people have discovered other evidence. In 1951, British mountaineers found footprints in the snow on Mount Everest, at a height of 6000 meters. These footprints were about 28 cm. long. They showed five toes. The footprints were made by a large creature, weighing at least 100 kilograms. No human or animal has footprints like these. So, what is a yeti — if it exists? Some people think it is like a «Gigantopithecus», a prehistoric animal that lived in China and India about half a million years ago. Did this animal go into the mountains, when man appeared? We still do not know the answer. Chris Bonnington's expedition did not find a yeti; but one member of the group thought he saw one. The expedition found some large footprints in the snow. Then they found the skins of two sheep. Someone — or something — had killed the sheep, then skinned them very well, with a tool. And one day, the expedition lost two pairs of ski poles. They had left the poles under a rock. When they returned, the poles weren't there! No-one else was in that part of the mountains. Indeed, no-one else had visited that region this year. So, who had taken the poles? A yeti? Is this enough to prove that the yeti exists?

Q21: The word "evidence" could be replaced with

- (A) Grades (B) Symbols (C) Rules (D) Indications

Q22: The best title for this essay could be

- (A) Looking for the Yeti (B) Footprints of a Yeti (C) Yetis do exist (D) We don't have Yetis

Q23: Where do Yetis live at?

- (A) Snowy places (B) Green forests (C) The zoo (D) Rocky Mountains

Q24: According to the writer, do we know every detail about how a yeti looks like?

- (A) No, we only know about the animal's skin
(B) No, we don't know how it looks like
(C) Yes, we know all the details
(D) No, we only know about the big feet

Q25: In the last paragraph, what does "They" refer to?

- (A) The sheep (B) Yetis (C) The expedition members (D) Ski poles

Q26: According to the passage, the writer thinks that _____ took the poles.

- (A) A yeti (B) No one
(C) They were under the rock (D) One of the expedition member

Q27: When the «Giganto Pithecus» disappeared about half a million years ago ,

- (A) sheep were dead. (B) they wanted to find the yeti.
(C) people lived in the the Himalayas. (D) man appeared, at that time.

Q28: What did the members of the expedition think when they found footprints in the snow?

- (A) They returned to their home.
(B) They knew it belongs to an animal.
(C) They thought it doesn't belong to humans or animals
(D) They were scared.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Here is the car of the future! This car is the opposite of today's cars; today's cars are noisy and dirty; this one is silent and clean. Today's cars have wheels, this one does not. It moves like a snail, but much faster than a snail! This car will use electric energy, not petrol or gasoline; it will have batteries that can be recharged instantly from chargers in the road. It will also be very easy to drive. In fact, you won't need to drive it; it will drive itself. You will just need to tell the computer: "Go to X" and the car will go there. Also, it will reach X very quickly, much faster than today's cars. It will also be very safe and comfortable. A lot of the technology already exists, but it is very experimental. Already today scientists are developing new materials for the surface of roads: In fifty years from now, perhaps sooner, some new roads will capture solar energy: they will store this energy under the road, and some cars will be able to use it. However, you probably won't ever drive a "snail car", even if you're under 20 today. This, perhaps, is the car of the year 2100, the car that your grandchildren will maybe drive. Driving will be nice in the 22nd century! No pollution, no traffic-jams, no stress. If, of course, we reach the 22nd century.... With all today's problems of global warming, pollution, viruses and natural resources, nothing is certain any more. Scientists have lots of ideas about the car of the future: but the future itself is perhaps less sure.

Q29: The best title for the essay is.....

- (A) The car of the future (B) The best gas for cars
(C) Cars cause lots of problems (D) Cars can be very quick

Q30: In the third paragraph, what does "X" refer to?

- (A) Another car (B) Time (C) Location (D) Gas station

Q31: Why do you think the writer refers to the car of the future as a 'snail car'?

- (A) It is going to be very slow (B) It is going to use chargers
(C) It is going to loud and clean (D) It is going to have no wheels

Q32: The writer expected that in 50 years.....

- (A) cars will use solar power saved in the road
(B) solar energy will be much more popular
(C) the snail car will be used everywhere
(D) the sun will be stronger and provide more energy

Q33: The word "experimental" can be replaced by.....

- (A) scientifically-proven (B) trial (C) failing (D) successful

Q34: Nowadays, scientists.....

- (A) are creating new materials for the surfaces of roads
(B) are creating new roads
(C) are creating new snails
(D) are creating new materials for cars

Q35: According to the passage, the writer.....about the future.

- (A) is doubtful that we can expect anything (B) is certain we will be just fine
(C) feels doubtful of having a bright future (D) is not optimistic at all

Q36: Because the snail car will drive itself, it will be.....

- (A) Very dangerous and scary (B) Super-fast
(C) Just normal (D) Clean and safe

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: بسبب ارتفاع أسعار الطعام، يجب على الأفراد جميعاً التقليل في ما يتم صرفه على باقي متطلبات الحياة للتغلب على موجة الغلاء الحالية.

- (A) Due to the low food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the current wave of high prices.
(B) Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the current wave of high prices.
(C) Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to overcome the past wave of high prices.
(D) Due to the high food prices, all individuals must reduce what they spend on the rest of life's requirements to come the current wave of high prices.

Q38: أظهرت الأبحاث الحديثة أن التفاؤل والأفكار الإيجابية أفضل لصحتنا.

- (A) Recent research has shown that optimism and positive thoughts are better for our life.
(B) Recent research has shown that pessimism and positive thoughts are better for our health.
(C) Recent research has shown that optimism and negative thoughts are better for our health.
(D) Recent research has shown that optimism and positive thoughts are better for our health.

Q39: The internet is a vast resource for all types of information. You may enjoy using it to do a research, download songs or communicate with friends and family.

الإنترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات. يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لإجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو التواصل مع الأصدقاء والعائلة. (A)

الإنترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات. يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لإجراء البحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو التواصل مع الأصدقاء والعائلة. (B)

الإنترنت هو مصدر هائل لجميع أنواع المعلومات. يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لإجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو التواصل مع الأصدقاء والمزلاء. (C)

الإنترنت هو مصدر هائل لبعض أنواع المعلومات. يمكنك الاستمتاع باستخدامه لإجراء بحث أو تنزيل الأغاني أو التواصل مع الأصدقاء والعائلة. (D)

Q40: We owe much to our parents. Our parents do many things to provide us with comfortable life in a healthy environment.

- نحن ندين بالكثير لأبائنا. يقوم أبائنا بالعديد من الأشياء لإعطائنا حياة مريحة في بيئة صحية. (A)
 نحن ندين بالكثير لأبائنا. يقوم أبائنا بالعديد من الأشياء لتزويدنا بحياة مريحة في بيئة صحية. (B)
 نحن ندين بالكثير لأبائنا. يقوم أبائنا بالعديد من الأشياء لتزويدنا بحياة مريحة في بيئة صحية. (C)
 نحن ندين بالكثير لأبائنا. يقوم أبائنا بالقليل من الأشياء لتزويدنا بحياة مريحة في بيئة صحية. (D)

Test (6)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Q1: Most smokers are suffering from heart and lung.....
 (A) medicines (B) cures (C) processes (D) diseases
- Q2: I couldn'tin contact with most of my classmates after leaving the school.
 (A) break (B) return (C) stay (D) expect
- Q3: I think that my son has theto be a great mathematician.
 (A) initial (B) disadvantage (C) demerit (D) potential
- Q4: The editor in chief has the.....to refuse any inconvenient part of the article.
 (A) inferiority (B) authority (C) popularity (D) availability
- Q5: The new system was complex and....., the employees found it difficult to use it.
 (A) frightening (B) interesting (C) confusing (D) exciting
- Q6: It wasof him to offer us to stay at his house as all hotels were fully-booked.
 (A) generous (B) evil (C) wicked (D) cruel
- Q7: Because of Covid-19....., a lot of people lost their jobs.
 (A) festival (B) bacteria (C) disease (D) pandemic
- Q8: Many young people want to.....to Europe hoping to have a better life.
 (A) educate (B) immigrate (C) celebrate (D) imitate
- Q9: Sallyfor 3 hours now. She must be tired.
 (A) is studying (B) studies (C) studie (D) has been studying
- Q10: The 1998 World Cup for football in France.
 (A) will be played (B) played (C) was played (D) was being played
- Q11: Not Egyptians eat salted fish and eggs on Sham El-Nessim day.
 (A) all (B) every (C) each (D) some
- Q12: My father's keys are on the table. Heto work by his car.
 (A) must have gone (B) should have gone (C) might go (D) can't have gone
- Q13: The thief is still free andyet.
 (A) isn't caught (B) wasn't caught (C) hasn't caught (D) hasn't been caught
- Q14: We helped the woman.....purse was stolen.
 (A) who (B) that (C) whose (D) who's
- Q15: My brother warned me.....on the wall.
 (A) if I sat (B) to sit (C) not to sit (D) that I sat
- Q16: The teacher asked me.....I had done my homework.
 (A) weather (B) why (C) whether (D) what
- Q17: Which of the following sentences has the correct punctuation?
 (A) Did you say, "Ahmed won first prize in the painting competition"!
 (B) Did you say, "Ahmed won first prize in the painting competition."
 (C) Did you say, "Ahmed won first prize in the painting competition?"
 (D) Did you say, "Ahmed won first prize in the painting competition"?

Q18: We should put.....in the blanks in this sentence. Santa's workshop contains a box of hammers_ a table for designing new toys_ multiple drills_ wrapping paper for the present.

- (A) full-stop (B) semi-colon (C) comma (D) exclamation mark

Q19: The first sentence of a paragraph is.....

- (A) The conclusion sentence (B) the exclusive sentence
(C) the topic sentence (D) the introduction sentence

Q20: In which of these essays, the writer arrives at a conclusion by logical reasoning?

- (A) Argumentative essays (B) Narrative essays
(C) Reflective essays (D) Descriptive essays

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

When you are 50, what kind of vacation will you want to take? If you are below 30 today, perhaps you will be capable of take a vacation in space! A Japanese company, Shimizu, plans to open the first motel in space within 15 years. They desire to offer 3-day vacations in a space station, that will be larger than the International Space Station. However, vacations in space may be very costly! About 90,000 bucks for 3 days! Shimizu consider that there are many individuals who may be willing to pay the price. Other firms, in Japan and the USA, want to open resorts on the moon! Trips to the moon could be even super pricey! The Japanese company is pretty serious; however, they can't yet start constructing their orbiting resort. First, they'll have to purchase a commercial re-usable shuttle. Today, there are not any shuttles. The outdated American shuttles, which includes Atlantis and Columbia, have been very expensive to launch. They had to be launched into orbit with a massive rocket which cannot be re-used. Tomorrow's shuttles will take off and land on their own, possibly like airplanes. They will consequently be much more economical. Such shuttles do not yet exist; the Americans are trying to work on them, still they'll not be ready for several years. However, there are other huge issues too. How will ordinary people react to life in space? Today's astronauts spend months training before going into space. They must be in their best shape and health too. Holidays in space will not be for tomorrow, this is certain; however, they'll come. That is virtually certain too!

Q21: What is the best title for this essay?

- (A) America and Japan work on shuttles together
(B) Spending a holiday in Space
(C) Space shuttles are outdated
(D) Airplanes are very important for us

Q22: The writer thinks the best time to plan your vacation is _____

- (A) when you're 50 years old (B) it will take 15 years to plan
(C) when you're 30 years old (D) when you're very rich

Q23: The writer confirms that vacations in space will be _____

- (A) possible by using outdated shuttles (B) much more economical
(C) for ordinary people (D) extremely expensive

Q24: We knew that the writer didn't encourage space trip because.....

- (A) there are lots of problems
(B) he thinks it is possible for ordinary people
(C) he wanted people to enjoy
(D) he invites people to use the Japanese company

Q25: Trips to the moon _____

- (A) need very expensive equipment (B) can cause problems in airplanes
(C) are very popular in America (D) have been done many times

Q26: The writer opposes the idea of ordinary people traveling to space because.....

- (A) People would need a lot of preparations
(B) They don't have much money
(C) People don't have shuttles to travel
(D) Travel to space is not allowed in all countries

Q27: The underlined pronoun "they" refers to.....

- (A) The international space companies in America
(B) The international Space Station
(C) Shimizu, the Japanese company
(D) The moon trips

Q28: Americans are trying to.....

- (A) create airplanes (B) make space trips
(C) provide economical trips (D) create shuttles

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Do you know that bees are very important to humans? They fly around and pollinate flowers, plants, and trees. Our fruits, nuts, and vegetables rely on these pollinators. One-third of America's food supply is pollinated by the honeybee. Have you seen or heard a honeybee lately? Bees are mysteriously disappearing in many parts of the world. Most people don't know about this problem. It is called "colony collapse disorder" (CCD). Bees in Italy and Australia are disappearing too. The disappearance of the honeybee is a serious problem. Without honeybees, food prices will skyrocket. The poorest people always suffer the worst when there is a lack of food. This problem affects other foods besides fresh produce. Imagine losing your favourite ice cream! Haagen Daaz is a famous ice cream company. Many of their flavours rely on the hard-working honeybee. In 2008, Haagen Daaz began raising money for CCD. They also funded a garden at the University of California called The Haven. This garden helps raise awareness about the disappearing honeybee and teaches visitors how to plant for pollinators. Donating money to research is the most important thing humans can do to save the honeybee. Scientists need money to investigate the causes of Colony Collapse Disorder. Some scientists blame CCD on climate change. Others think pesticides are killing the bees. Commercial bee migration may also cause CCD. Beekeepers transport their hives from place to place in order to pollinate plants year-round. Not everyone has money to donate regularly. There are other ways to help the honeybee. Tell your teachers, family and friends about the disappearing bees too.

Q29: Honeybees are very important because they produce honey and.....

- (A) kill insects (B) sting people (C) cure allergies (D) pollinate flowers

Q30: The problem of honeybees disappearing is called.....

- (A) colony collapse disorder (B) colony appearing disorder
(C) colony cooperation disorder (D) colony disappearing disorder

Q31: According to the article, honeybees pollinate _____ of America's food supply.

- (A) a quarter (B) one third (C) half (D) all

Q32: If honeybees disappear due to CCD, food prices will.....

- (A) collapse (B) fall (C) increase (D) rise

Q33: The synonym of the underlined word "serious" is.....

- (A) severe (B) funny (C) false (D) trivial

Q34: What's the most important thing people can do to save the honeybee?

- (A) donate to CCD research (B) spray honeybees with pesticides
(C) transport more beehives (D) eat less ice cream

Q35: Scientists need to _____ the causes of Colony Collapse Disorder.

- (A) investigate (B) hunt (C) hide (D) blame

Q36: Another way to help the honeybee is to _____ about the problem.

- (A) spread denial (B) stop talking
(C) watch programs (D) spread the word

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: يجب على الناس استغلال اوقات فراغهم بشكل مفيد واختيار أنشطة إيجابية بدلاً من إضاعة الوقت في تصفح الأنترنت بدون هدف :

- (A) People should use their free time usefully and choose positive activities instead of wasting time surfing the internet aimlessly.
(B) People shouldn't use their free time usefully and choose positive activities instead of wasting time surfing the internet aimlessly.
(C) People should use their free time uselessly and choose positive activities instead of wasting time surfing the internet aimlessly.
(D) People should use their free time usefully and choose negative activities instead of wasting time surfing the internet aimlessly.

Q38: تختلف المناعة ضد المرض من شخص لآخر ولكن اتباع قواعد النظافة العامة يمكنها أن تحافظ على الفرد ضد الكثير من الأمراض إذا كان ممن يعانون من قلة المناعة.

- Immunity against disease varies from person to another, but following the rules of
(A) local hygiene can preserve the individual against many diseases if he suffers from low immunity.
Immunity against disease varies from person to another, but following the rules of
(B) general hygiene can preserve the individual against many diseases if he suffers from high immunity.
Immunity against disease varies from person to another, but following the rules of
(C) general hygiene can reserve the individual against many diseases if he suffers from low immunity.
Immunity against disease varies from person to another, but following the rules of
(D) general hygiene can preserve the individual against many diseases if he suffers from low immunity.

Q39: Saving is the most important principle of the economy. Investing savings in banks helps the state implement beneficial projects.

- (A) الادخار هو أهم مبدأ في الاقتصاد. استثمار المدخرات في البنوك يساعد الدولة على تنفيذ المشاريع المفيدة.
(B) الادخار هو أهم مبدأ في الاقتصاد. استثمار المدخرات في البنوك يساعد الدولة على تنفيذ المشاريع الكثيرة.
(C) الادخار هو أهم عنصر في الاقتصاد. استثمار المدخرات في البنوك يساعد الدولة على تنفيذ المشاريع المفيدة.
(D) الادخار هو أهم مبدأ في الاقتصاد. استثمار المدخرات في المشاريع يساعد الدولة على تنفيذ المشاريع المفيدة.

Q40: The policy of encouraging foreign investment in Egypt is considered an effective means to achieve the government's goals

- (A) تعتبر سياسة تشجيع الاستثمار الأجنبي في مصر وسيلة فعالة لتحقيق أهداف البلاد.
(B) تعتبر سياسة تشجيع الاستثمار الأجنبي في مصر وسيلة فعالة لتحقيق أهداف الحكومة.
(C) تعتبر سياسة تشجيع الاستثمار الخارجي في مصر وسيلة فعالة لتحقيق أهداف الحكومة.
(D) تعتبر سياسة تشجيع الاستثمار الأجنبي في مصر وسيلة فعالة لتقليل أهداف الحكومة.

Test (7)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Q1: Parents should teach their children toolder people.
 (A)hate (B)respect (C)envy (D)disrespect
- Q2: Teachers should encourage shy students to participateclass activities.
 (A)on (B)on (C)for (D)in
- Q3: Drivers must follow the safety.....to reduce the number of accidents.
 (A)results (B)procedures (C)roles (D)tactics
- Q4: Buying a furnished apartment for only 200,000 pounds now is really a.....
 (A)burden (B)bargain (C)loss (D)finding
- Q5: Some species of animals are.....due to the cut down of rainforests.
 (A)dangerous (B)danger (C)endangered (D)dangered
- Q6: When she saw her daughter in the white dress, her eyes were full ofof joy.
 (A)tears (B)spots (C)landmarks (D)marks
- Q7: There's now a public.....regarding the new system of education.
 (A)debate (B)fight (C)myth (D)inspection
- Q8: During the English session, the students.....turns to answer the questions.
 (A)booked (B)lost (C)missed (D)took
- Q9: It's five years since I last.....my cousin.
 (A)have seen (B)see (C)had seen (D)saw
- Q10: I was glad to know that my children will travel.....
 (A)free (B)freely (C)freedom (D)freed
- Q11: The police couldn't find the little girl who.....yesterday.
 (A)had disappeared (B)was disappearing
 (C)had been disappeared (D)was disappeared
- Q12: Only Omar's friends attended the party, not.....
 (A)a few of/many (B)a lot of/many (C)some of/much (D)a few of/much
- Q13: She used to drink coffee in the morning, but now she.....
 (A)doesn't (B)isn't (C)didn't (D)wasn't
- Q14: I want to speak to the manager is responsible for the hotel.
 (A)whose (B)whom (C)that (D)where
- Q15: Although we neighbours for 10 months, we haven't spoken to each other.
 (A)has been (B)were (C)are (D)have been being
- Q16 He asked me iftelephone.
 (A)I might use his (B)he might use my
 (C)he might use his (D)he may use his
- Q17: Which example would not have an exclamation mark at the end?
 (A)There is no such thing as English (B)Let me out of this box
 (C)Punctuation is my best friend (D)I'm going to get some juice, want some
- Q18: Which can be used in the blanks: I found Claire...s jacket on the chair.
 (A)a full stop (B)a hyphen (C)a comma (D)an apostrophe
- Q19: When do you use supporting details or supporting sentences?
 (A)Never use these in paragraphs because they are for essays only.
 (B)After the topic sentence and before the closing sentence.
 (C)After the last sentence because it helps you summarize the paragraph.
 (D)Before the first sentence at the introduction.

Q20: What are the two paragraphs where you should put your thesis?

- (A) You only need to state it once. (B) Body Paragraph
(C) Introduction and Conclusion (D) Introduction and Body Paragraph

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Pollution is an environmental concern for people throughout the world. One university study suggests that pollutants in the water, air, and soil cause up to 40% of the premature deaths in the world's population. The majority of these deaths occur in developing countries. Water in many developing countries is contaminated with toxic chemicals, also known as toxins. The World Health Organization (WHO) estimates that 1.1 billion people have little or no access to clean water. Most developing countries cannot afford water treatment facilities. Approximately 80% of infectious diseases in the world are caused by contaminated water. Air pollution is a growing problem throughout the world. Indoor air pollution is one of the leading causes of lung cancer. Families in developing countries use open stoves for cooking and heating their homes. Outdoor pollution also causes disease and illness, especially in industrial cities such as Beijing, China, where cancer is the leading cause of death. According to the European Union, only 1% of urban dwellers in China breathe clean air on an average day. Outdoor air pollution is also a concern in many wealthy countries. Soil pollution is also a major concern, both in industrial and developing countries. Pollutants such as metals and pesticides seep into the earth's soil and contaminate the food supply. Soil pollution causes major health risks to entire ecosystems. Dumping of industrial and domestic waste products produces much of the world's soil pollution, though natural disasters can also add to the problem. In wealthy countries such as the US, protection agencies monitor the food supply. Developing countries do not have this luxury. Farmers in poor nations grow food in contaminated soil both to earn a living and to avoid starvation. As more people move to urban centres, premature deaths caused by pollution are expected to increase worldwide.

Q21: A university study suggests that up to 40% of the world's premature deaths are caused by.....

- (A) pollutants (B) disease outbreaks
(C) fires (D) developing countries

Q22: In many developing countries people use _____ contaminated by hazardous waste and sewage.

- (A) tools (B) water (C) facilities (D) air

Q23: _____ regions are often contaminated with air pollution.

- (A) Rural (B) Carcinogenic (C) Industrial (D) Chemical

Q24: The article implies that most of China's air pollution is caused by.....

- (A) burning coal (B) Japan and Korea (C) acid rain (D) cars fumes

Q25: According to the article, where is cancer the leading cause of death?

- (A) Delhi (B) Los Angeles (C) Beijing (D) the European Union

Q26: The synonym of the underlined word "premature" is.....

- (A) early (B) late (C) backward (D) delayed

Q27: Soil pollution is a major concern in _____ countries.

- (A) industrial and developing (B) developing
(C) industrial (D) industrial and developed



Q35: Processed organic foods can also be unhealthy if they contain lots of.....

- (A) dried ingredients (B) nutritious ingredients
(C) organic produce (D) glucose

Q36: The aim of most big food companies is to make the healthiest _____ they can.

- (A) profits (B) vehicles (C) customers (D) products

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: يتميز شهر رمضان بالعديد من العادات والتقاليد التي تغير روتين الحياة اليومي.

- (A) Ramadan is characterized by many costumes and traditions that change the daily routine of life.
(B) Ramadan is characterized by many customs and traditions that change the daily routine of people.
(C) Ramadan is characterized by many customs and traditions that change the daily routine of life.
(D) Ramadan was characterized by many customs and traditions that change the daily routine of life.

Q38: ولتحقيق التقدم ، يجب أن يتمتع المواطنون بصفات جيدة مثل الولاء والتعاون والإخلاص وحب العمل.

- (A) In order to achieve progress, citizens mustn't have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.
(B) In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good quantities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.
(C) In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, security, and love of work.
(D) In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.

Q39: The Egyptian satellite is a communication satellite that helps to transmit television programs in the Arab world and some parts of Europe

- (A) القمر الصناعي المصري هو قمر صناعي للاتصالات يساعد على بث البرامج التلفزيونية في الوطن العربي وكافة أنحاء أوروبا
(B) القمر الصناعي المصري هو قمر صناعي للاتصالات يساعد على بث البرامج التلفزيونية في الوطن العربي وبعض أنحاء آسيا
(C) القمر الصناعي المصري هو قمر صناعي للاتصالات يساعد على بث البرامج التلفزيونية في الوطن العربي وبعض أنحاء أوروبا
(D) القمر الصناعي المصري هو قمر طبيعي للاتصالات يساعد على بث البرامج التلفزيونية في الوطن العربي وبعض أنحاء أوروبا

Q40: Studying an online course provides a flexible schedule and less expensive learning for the students.

- (A) توفر معرفة دورة عبر الإنترنت جدولاً مرناً وتعلماً أقل تكلفة للطلاب.
(B) توفر دراسة دورة عبر الإنترنت جدولاً مرناً وتعلماً أكثر تكلفة للطلاب.
(C) توفر دراسة دورة عبر الإنترنت جدولاً مرناً وتعلماً أقل تكلفة للطلاب.
(D) توفر دراسة دورة عبر الإنترنت جدولاً مرناً وتعلماً أقل جودة للطلاب.

Test (8)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: He gained.....experience while working on a project with foreign engineers.

- (A) valueless (B) valuable (C) valuing (D) value

Q2: It leaves a good impression to wear.....for an interview.

- (A) strangely (B) freely (C) appropriately (D) helplessly

- Q3: The manager's speech left a powerful.....on the employees.
 (A) cause (B) excuse (C) reason (D) impact
- Q4: He found his lost key.....in the sand of the beach.
 (A) planted (B) buried (C) married (D) carried
- Q5: At work time, you muston your responsibilities to finish your tasks on time.
 (A) focus (B) look (C) rely (D) agree
- Q6: My brother won the first prize in the writing competition. He wants to be a great....
 (A) author (B) scientist (C) player (D) athlete
- Q7: Your help in the project is highly..... I'm grateful for you.
 (A) published (B) calculated (C) paraphrased (D) appreciated
- Q8: To succeed in your life, you mustan achievable goal.
 (A) set (B) damage (C) arrive (D) get
- Q9: We couldn't go to the beach because it was raining.....
 (A) heavily (B) heavy (C) heaviest (D) heavier
- Q10: She.....from the symptoms of Coronavirus for the last 5 days.
 (A) is suffering (B) will have suffered
 (C) has been suffering (D) was suffering
- Q11: The new station by the prime minister next week.
 (A) opened (B) is being opened (C) will open (D) will be opened
- Q12:of the students were absent yesterday, there wasn't an empty chair for the new student.
 (A) None (B) Every (C) All (D) Each
- Q13: Sara, brother won the writing competition, is my best friend.
 (A) whose (B) whom (C) that (D) who
- Q14: Teachers encourage the students in their class activities.
 (A) participation (B) to participate (C) participated (D) not to participate
- Q15: When will you be here?" She asked. She asked me when be there.
 (A) would I (B) she will (C) I would (D) she would
- Q16: When we were young, we.....play football in the street.
 (A) use to (B) were used to (C) would (D) do not use to
- Q17: Which can be used in the blanks: Jim lives in Australia... his brother lives in England.
 (A) apostrophe (B) semi-colon (C) hyphen (D) colon
- Q18: Which can be used in the blanks: ...I haven't seen Carol today,... said Tom
 (A) commas (B) brackets (C) hyphens (D) quotation marks
- Q19: What is a descriptive paragraph?
 (A) Text describing a person, animal, place, thing, along with idea and theme.
 (B) Give your opinion to the reader.
 (C) Explaining a concept or idea.
 (D) Tell a story to the reader.
- Q20: Typically, what should you do in your conclusion after you restate the thesis?
 (A) Summarize every detail of your whole essay
 (B) Leave your reader thinking
 (C) Demand the reader agree with you
 (D) Summarize your major points

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Can talking on a mobile phone be hazardous to your health? Some research suggests that heavy users of mobile phones are at a greater risk of developing cancerous brain tumours. However, many other studies suggest there are no links between cancer and mobile phone use. As a result, it is impossible to study long-term exposure to mobile phones. Another concern about these studies is that many have been funded by the mobile phone industry or those who benefit from it. Over five billion people now use mobile phones on a daily basis, and many talk for more than an hour a day. While both rely on electromagnetic radiation (EMR), the radio waves in mobile phones are lower in frequency. Microwave ovens have radio wave frequencies that are high enough to cook food, and they are also known to be dangerous to human tissues like those in the brain. The concern is that the lower-frequency radio waves that mobile phones rely on may also be dangerous. Some researchers believe that other types of wireless technology may also be dangerous to human health, including cordless phones, wireless gaming consoles, and laptop or tablet computers with wireless connections. They also say that many cordless phones can emit dangerous levels of Electromagnetic Radiation even when they are not in use. A growing number of health professionals worldwide are recommending that mobile phone users err on the side of caution until more definitive studies can be conducted. In May 2016, the UK's Independent newspaper reported on research by the US government's National Toxicology Program that showed a slight increase in brain tumours among rats exposed to the type of radio frequencies commonly emitted by mobile phones. This doesn't prove that mobile phones can cause brain tumours in humans, but it does show that it's possible

Q21: According to the text, It is discussed if mobile phones.....

- ☐ A are important in our life ☐ B damage hearing sense
☐ C cause brain damage ☐ D lead to brain tumours or not

Q22: Microwave ovens are mentioned in the passage because.....

- ☐ A they cause tumours ☐ B they can be wireless
☐ C they are movable ☐ D they also use EMR

Q23: Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the article?

- ☐ A video game consoles ☐ B tablet computers
☐ C laptop ☐ D digital televisions

Q24: If mobile phones are shown to be hazardous, the mobile phone industry's profits will.....

- ☐ A decrease ☐ B stay the same ☐ C raise ☐ D increase

Q25: Many health professionals say we should be careful until _____ studies on safety are done.

- ☐ A scientific ☐ B definitive ☐ C imitative ☐ D logical

Q26: According to the UK's independent newspaper, rats.....

- ☐ A had a severe increase in brain because of radio frequencies emitted by mobile phones.
☐ B had a slight increase in brain because of radio frequencies emitted by mobile phones.
☐ C weren't influenced radio frequencies emitted by mobile phones.
☐ D none of these

Q27: The antonym of the underlined word "hazardous" is.....

- (A) secure (B) unsafe (C) risky (D) unhealthy

Q28: The underlined pronoun "they" refers to.....

- (A) tablet computers (B) cordless phones
(C) wireless gaming consoles (D) levels of radiation

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Chinese New Year (or generally referred to as Lunar New Year globally) is the Chinese festival that celebrates the beginning of a new year on the traditional Chinese calendar. The festival is usually referred to as the Spring Festival in mainland China, and is one of several Lunar New Years in Asia. Celebrations traditionally take place from the evening preceding the first day of the year to the Lantern Festival, held on the 15th day of the year. The first day of Chinese New Year begins on the new moon that appears between 21 January and 20 February. In 2019, the first day of the Chinese New Year was on Tuesday, 5 February, initiating the Year of the Pig. Chinese New Year is a major holiday in Greater China and has strongly influenced lunar new year celebrations of China's neighbouring cultures, including the Korean New Year (seol), the Tết of Vietnam, and the Losar of Tibet. It is also celebrated worldwide in regions and countries with significant Overseas Chinese populations, including Singapore, Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia, the Philippines, and Mauritius, as well as many in North America and Europe. Chinese New Year is associated with several myths and customs. The festival was traditionally a time to honour divinities as well as ancestors. Within China, regional customs and traditions concerning the celebration of the New Year vary widely, and the evening preceding Chinese New Year's Day is frequently regarded as an occasion for Chinese families to gather for the annual reunion dinner. It is also traditional for every family to thoroughly clean their house, in order to sweep away any ill-fortune and to make way for incoming good luck. Another custom is the decoration of windows and doors with red paper-cuts and two-line poems. Popular themes among these paper-cuts and two-line poems include that of good fortune or happiness, wealth, and longevity. Other activities include lighting firecrackers and giving money in red paper envelopes. For the northern regions of China, dumplings are featured prominently in meals celebrating the festival. It often serves as the first meal of the year.

Q29: The people in China call Chinese New Year.....

- (A) Spring Festival (B) Christmas
(C) Lantern Festival (D) Chinese New Year

Q30: The New Year in China begins...

- (A) in January. (B) in January or February
(C) in April (D) in February.

Q31: The Korean New Year, the Tết of Vietnam, and the Losar of Tibet are...

- (A) unique celebrations
(B) very different from Chinese New year.
(C) similar to Chinese New year.
(D) the celebration of Chinese New Year in different countries.

Q32: Chinese New Year...

- (A) is a very religious celebration nowadays.
(B) was celebrated with music in the past.
(C) has the same celebrations all over the world

① is celebrated in different ways depending on the region.

Q33: The Chinese clean their house...

① to have good luck.

② to welcome their guests

③ to decorate it.

④ to be happy.

Q34: The text talks about traditions in the northern regions of China related to...

① music

② parties

③ sports

④ food

Q35: The underlined word "myths" means.....

① actuality

② truth

③ reality

④ legends

Q36: The underlined pronoun "their" refers to

① several myths

② divinities

③ Chinese family

④ Ancestors

28 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: يتيح التسوق عبر الإنترنت للمستهلكين تصفح المنتجات والتحقق من الأسعار بين المتاجر بسهولة.

① Online shopping allows consumers to browse from products and check prices between shops easily.

② Online shopping allows consumers to browse for products and check prices between shops easily.

③ Online shopping allows consumers to browse for products and check prices between shops quickly.

④ Online shopping allowed consumers to browse for products and check prices between shops easily.

Q38: التعليم سلاح الأفراد، يضمن لهم حياة كريمة و عمل مناسب لذلك لأبد من الأهتمام به.

① Education is the weapon of individuals, it guarantees them a decent life and a suitable job. But, attention must be paid to it.

② Education is the weapon of individuals, it guarantees them a recent life and a suitable job. Therefore, attention must be paid to it.

③ Education is the weapon of individuals, it guarantees them a decent life and a suitable job. Therefore, attention must be sold to it.

④ Education is the weapon of individuals, it guarantees them a decent life and a suitable job. Therefore, attention must be paid to it.

Q39: There are many solutions which we may take up to prevent overpopulation, one of the most important is family planning.

① هناك العديد من الحلول التي قد نتخذها لمنع الزيادة السكانية ، ومن أهمها تنظيم الأسرة.

② هناك القليل من الحلول التي قد نتخذها لمنع الزيادة السكانية ، ومن أهمها تنظيم الأسرة.

③ هناك العديد من الحلول التي قد لا نتخذها لمنع الزيادة السكانية ، ومن أهمها تنظيم الأسرة.

④ هناك العديد من الحلول التي قد نتخذها لمنع الزيادة السكانية ، ومن أهمها تقليل الأسرة.

Q40: It is medically proven that even fully vaccinated people may be at risk of getting COVID-19 again.

① ثبت علميا أنه حتى الأشخاص الذين تم تطعيمهم بالكامل قد يتعرضون لخطر الإصابة بكوفيد 19 مرة أخرى.

② ثبت طبيا أنه حتى الأشخاص الذين تم تطعيمهم بالكامل قد يتعرضون لخطر الإصابة بكوفيد 19 مرة أخرى.

③ ثبت طبيا أنه حتى الأشخاص الذين لم يتم تطعيمهم بالكامل قد يتعرضون لخطر الإصابة بكوفيد 19 مرة أخرى.

④ ثبت طبيا أنه حتى الأشخاص الذين تم تطعيمهم بالكامل قد يتعرضون لخطر الإصابة بكوفيد 19 مرة ثالثة.

Test (9)

28 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Women have made many.....in all fields of science.

- (A) obstacles (B) hindrance (C) achievements (D) failures

Q2: One thousand pounds is deducted from his monthly salary.....social insurance fees.

- (A) intending (B) relieving (C) expanding (D) including

Q3: I think my younger brother will be a brilliant athlete. He has a great.....for sports.

- (A) perfection (B) passion (C) fiction (D) detention

Q4: Some archaeologiststheir initials on the tombs they find.

- (A) curve (B) care (C) break (D) dug

Q5: Robinson Crusoe's ship was wrecked near a/an.....island but he managed to survive.

- (A) isolated (B) serial (C) nearby (D) close

Q6: Our team won the football championship. They.....the opponent 3/2 in the final.

- (A) treat (B) earned (C) lost (D) defeated

Q7: The manager said to me, "You must.....pride in your work over the last few months".

- (A) follow (B) make (C) take (D) give

Q8: The ministry of Education provided the classrooms with educational.....such as tablets and smart boards.

- (A) facilities (B) faculties (C) communications (D) contacts

Q9: My neighbour is a kind-hearted man. He treats everyone.....

- (A) friendship (B) friend (C) in a friendly way (D) friendly

Q10: What you since I saw you last month?

- (A) did/do (B) are/doing (C) do/do (D) have/been doing

Q11: Wegiven the tickets before we went to the stadium.

- (A) has been (B) will be (C) is (D) had been

Q12: We do not need to hurry. We have.....time before the film starts.

- (A) much (B) many (C) little (D) few

Q13: Theythe cold weather of Europe after living for 5 years there.

- (A) didn't use to (B) got used to (C) used to (D) would

Q14: The robber.....yesterday, was sent to prison

- (A) arrested (B) that arrested (C) arresting (D) who arrested

Q15: She said she her friend for ages.

- (A) doesn't see (B) hasn't seen (C) hadn't seen (D) saw

Q16: It very windy during the night. There are leaves all over the ground.

- (A) must be (B) can't have been
(C) must have been (D) can't be

Q17: Which can be used in the blanks: Jack... the carpenter... made a cupboard.

- (A) comma (B) hyphen (C) brackets (D) semi-colon

Q18: Which can be used in the blanks: The children were told to bring the following items... a pen, a pencil, a ruler and an exercise book.

- (A) comma (B) hyphen (C) colon (D) semi-colon

Q19: What is the main purpose of the persuasive paragraph?

- (A) Inspire the reader to feel a certain way towards an event, character, place, etc.
(B) Tell a story
(C) Explain a concept in full depth.
(D) Make the reader experience whatever is narrated.

Q20: The introductory paragraph of an essay requires the topic, thesis and.....

- (A) main ideas
- (B) both a and b
- (C) supporting details
- (D) None of these

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Many parents need help to deal with their children's naughty behaviour at home. The first positive discipline technique is for parents to remain calm because nervous parents do not get good results. Parents who cannot often remain calm find that their children stop taking any notice of them. The second challenge is to know how to correct bad behaviour in an effective way. For instance, punishing children by preventing them from watching their favourite TV programme is not an ideal solution. Parents should establish clear rules for children to follow. If children refuse to follow these, they know they will be disciplined. The most effective way of encouraging good behaviour is to give positive feedback as often as possible, to show that it is not only naughtiness that attracts attention. As you think about how to discipline your child, it's important to remember that the word discipline is rooted in meanings of learning and teaching. The best way to discipline your child is to help him/her make better choices. You can role play the behaviours, using a calm voice. Be encouraging when they make the right choices. Finally, you must know that discipline can help your child learn how to behave – as well as how not to behave. It works best when you have a warm and loving relationship with your child.

Q21: The article suggests that parents should beto get results for children discipline.

- (A) calm
- (B) eager
- (C) worried
- (D) nervous

Q22: According to the article, the best way to correct a children's bad behaviour is.....

- (A) punishing children
- (B) establishing clear rules for children to follow.
- (C) hitting them hard.
- (D) preventing them from watching their favourite TV program.

Q23: The underlined pronoun "them" refers to.

- (A) writers
- (B) parents
- (C) techniques
- (D) children

Q24: The article suggests that in order to discipline children, parents first of all should.

- (A) treat them as harshly as possible
- (B) stop beating them
- (C) find an effective way to correct their children's behaviour
- (D) teach them how they have to behave themselves

Q25: Instead of punishing children, parents should.

- (A) praise them all the time
- (B) give them negative feedback
- (C) encourage them to follow the necessary rules
- (D) give them everything they ask for

Q26: According to the article, what happens when parents get angry too often?

- (A) Their children follow the rules of a good behaviour.
- (B) Their children become frightened of them.
- (C) Their children do what they want at once.
- (D) Their children stop taking notice of them.

Q27: A suitable title to this passage would be

- (A) "How to reward good children"
- (B) "How to punish naughty children effectively"
- (C) "How to discipline naughty children"
- (D) "How to set role models for children"

Q28: How do you think role play can help discipline children?

- (A) Children can imitate their parents.
- (B) Children are encouraged to tell their parents about their needs.
- (C) Children can have roles to play at school.
- (D) Children can understand why they are punished.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Before the mid-nineteenth century, people in the United States ate most foods only in season. Drying, smoking, and salting could preserve meat for a short time, but the availability of fresh meat, like that of fresh milk, was very limited; there was no way to prevent spoilage. But in 1810 a French inventor named Nicolas Appert developed the cooking-and-sealing process of canning. And in the 1850's an American named Gail Borden developed a means of condensing and preserving milk. Canned goods and condensed milk became more common during the 1860's, but supplies remained low because cans had to be made by hand. By 1880, however, inventors had fashioned stamping and soldering machines that mass-produced cans from tinplate. Suddenly all kinds of food could be preserved and bought at all times of the year. Other trends and inventions had also helped make it possible for Americans to vary their daily diets. Growing urban populations created demand that encouraged fruit and vegetable farmers to raise more produce. Railroad refrigerator cars enabled growers and meat packers to ship perishables great distances and to preserve them for longer periods. Thus, by the 1890's, northern city dwellers could enjoy southern and western grapes, and tomatoes, previously available for a month at most, for up to six months of the year. In addition, increased use of iceboxes enabled families to store perishables. An easy means of producing ice commercially had been invented in the 1870's, and by 1900 the nation had more than two thousand commercial ice plants, most of which made home deliveries. The icebox became a fixture in most homes and remained so until the mechanized refrigerator replaced it in the 1920's and 1930's. Almost everyone now had a more diversified diet. Some people continued to eat mainly foods that were heavy in starches or carbohydrates, and not everyone could afford meat. Nevertheless, many families could take advantage of previously unavailable fruits, vegetables, and dairy products to achieve more varied fare.

Q29: What does the passage mainly discuss?

- (A) Population movements in the nineteenth century
- (B) Causes of food spoilage
- (C) Commercial production of ice
- (D) Inventions that led to changes in the American diet

Q30: The phrase "in season" refers to

- (A) a method of flavoring food
- (B) a particular time of year
- (C) a kind of weather
- (D) an official schedule

Q31: The word "prevent" is closest in meaning to

- (A) avoid
- (B) correct
- (C) confine
- (D) estimate

Q32: During the 1860's, canned food products were

- (A) a staple part of the American diet
- (B) available in limited quantities
- (C) shipped in refrigerator cars
- (D) unavailable in rural areas

Q33: It can be inferred that railroad refrigerator cars came into use.....

- (A) after 1900 (B) after 1920 (C) before 1860 (D) before 1890

Q34: The underlined pronoun "them" refers to.....

- (A) refrigerator cars (B) distances (C) growers (D) perishables

Q35: The author implies that in the 1920's and 1930's home deliveries of ice.....

- (A) were on an irregular schedule (B) occurred only in the summer
(C) decreased in number (D) increased in cost

Q36: Which of the following types of food preservation was NOT mentioned in the passage?

- (A) Drying (B) Cold storage (C) Canning (D) Chemical additives

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: يجب على من هم على اتصال بالأشخاص ذوي الإعاقة أن يسعوا جاهدين لتوفير بيئة صحية :

- (A) Those in contact with persons with disabilities should strive to provide them with a healthy environment.
(B) Those in contact with persons with disabilities should strive to provide them with unhealthy environment.
(C) Those in contact with persons with abilities should strive to provide them with a healthy environment.
(D) Those in contact with persons with disabilities should strive to provide them a healthy life.

Q38: العديد من الحيوانات معرضون لخطر الانقراض بسبب الأشخاص الذين يقومون بقتلهم للحصول على لحومها وجلودها :

- (A) Many animals are in danger of extinction because of the people who kill them for their meat and bones.
(B) Many animals are in danger of extinction because of the people who kill them from their meat and skins
(C) Many animals are in danger of extinction because of the people who kill them for their meat and skins
(D) Many animals were in danger of extinction because of the people who kill them for their meat and skins

Q39: Water is the main source of life. Without water, life on earth would be impossible for humans, animals, and plants

- (A) الماء هو المصدر الرئيسي للحياة. بدون الماء ، لن تكون الحياة على الأرض مستحيلة بالنسبة للإنسان والحيوان والنبات
(B) الماء هو المصدر الرئيسي للحياة. بدون الماء ، ستكون الحياة على الأرض مستحيلة بالنسبة للإنسان والحيوان والنبات
(C) الماء هو المصدر الرئيسي للحياة. بدون الماء ، ستكون الحياة على الأرض مستحيلة بالنسبة للإنسان والحيوان والطيور.
(D) الماء هو المصدر الرئيسي للحياة. بدون الماء ، ستكون الحياة على الأرض محتملة بالنسبة للإنسان والحيوان والنبات

Q40: It is necessary to move factories from the center of cities to reduce pollution and keep the environment clean.

- (A) من الضروري نقل المصانع من وسط المدن للقضاء من التلوث والحفاظ على نظافة البيئة.
(B) من الأساسي نقل المصانع من وسط المدن للحد من التلوث والحفاظ على نظافة البيئة.
(C) من الضروري نقل المصانع من وسط المدن للحد من التلوث والحفاظ على نظافة البيئة.
(D) من الضروري نقل المصانع من داخل المدن للحد من التلوث والحفاظ على نظافة البيئة.

Test (10)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: The students have celebrated their graduation in a marvellous.....

- (A) ceremony (B) Funeral (C) exhibition (D) fair

- Q2: Parents have a very importantin developing the morals of society
 (A)roller (B)Rule (C) roll (D) role
- Q3: My sister is passionate about new trends of clothes. She likes to wear.....dresses.
 (A)unfashionable (B)Old-fashioned (C) outdated (D) fashionable
- Q4: The pyramids and the old temples are part of our historical.....
 (A)stock (B)fortune (C) heritage (D) luck
- Q5: When he first travelled to China, he found it difficult to eat with
 (A)knives (B)Forks (C) spoons (D) chopsticks
- Q6 : I have tried to google the name of this organization, but it does not.....
 (A)occur (B)Lie (C) find (D) exist
- Q7: Teachers provide their students with what they need and do not wait for anything in.....
 (A)return (B)Advance (C) vain (D) progress
- Q8: It is always said that there is a of beliefs and thoughts between generations.
 (A)figure (B)gap (C) hall (D) Well
- Q9: He.....in this factory for 30 years. He'll retire next year.
 (A)has worked (B)was working (C) worked (D) works
- Q10: The manager said that he is the best candidate because he speaks English.....
 (A)fluent (B)in a fluently way (C) fluently (D) more fluent
- Q11: There isn't any rice in the kitchen now. Itall.....
 (A)has / eaten (B)has / been eaten (C) had / eaten (D) was / being eaten
- Q12: There is.....information on the internet that you can not trust.
 (A)none (B)a lot of (C) many (D) few
- Q13: I wear glasses when I was a student in the university.
 (A)can't (B)didn't use to (C) wouldn't (D) would
- Q14: My cat has got short legs. It is acat.
 (A)short-legging (B)shorted-leg (C) short-leg (D) short-legged
- Q15: The teacher was speaking.....quickly..... I couldn't understand him
 (A)enough/to (B)so/that (C) too/to (D) such/that
- Q16 : "Amir, read the story, please." The teacher asked Amir..... that he reads it
 (A)to read the story (B)whether he reads the story
 (C)if he read the story (D)that he reads it
- Q17: Which of the following punctuation marks can be used in the blanks: When will you return to our city....
 (A)question mark (B)exclamation mark (C) comma (D) full stop
- Q18: We use a/an.....to list more than two items or names in the same sentence.
 (A)hyphen (B)comma (C) apostrophe (D) semi-colon
- Q19 : A good essay should include.....
 (A)real data (B)poor style (C) fakeness (D) incoherence
- Q20: Which of the following is the essay that you should use settings?
 (A)Expository essays (B)Argumentative essays
 (C)Descriptive essays (D)Narrative essays

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Universities need to rethink their approach to learning if they are to produce people with the critical thinking, leadership, collaboration and problem solving skills needed for modern life. Learning in many universities still happens in large lecture halls and rewards the ability to remember and repeat information. Researchers such as Nobel Prize winning physicist Carl Wieman have shown that

this is one of the least effective ways of learning.

Effective learning takes three things. First, students must be able to reflect on what they are learning. Reflection helps students assess what they know and what they don't. It also helps them to integrate new ideas and concepts into their body of knowledge. When students reflect, they strengthen the neural pathways in their brain, and build new pathways that link information that was previously not associated. These links enable critical thinking.

Second, true learning happens when students stop being passive recipients of information and become active experimenters. When students take an active part, they take responsibility for the results and ensure that learning is relevant to them. They develop habits that help them learn later in life, such as self-regulation, motivation and curiosity.

Third, learning happens when students apply new concepts or skills. This is the most natural test for a student's comprehension of what they are studying. Doing something, receiving feedback about it, refining the approach and then doing it again also builds neural pathways for retrieval and association. Universities are the planning stage for a society's aspirations.

All universities must begin to produce employable leaders who will meet the challenges that are hindering the continent's progress. To produce graduates with the appropriate skills and ways of thinking, they will have to change the way they see, design and assess learning.

Q20: learning in large lecture halls and repeating information are.....ways of learning.

- (A) effective (B) Great (C) very effective (D) less effective

Q21: According to the passage, students must be able to.....

- (A) link pictures with words (B) study at the dark
(C) create a notebook of their points (D) reflect on what they are learning

Q23: Reflection helps students.....

- (A) assess their ability to see from apart
(B) change their view quickly
(C) evaluate what they know and what they don't
(D) be flexible and able to change universities

Q24: What do you think the underlined word "neural" refers to?

- (A) the respiratory system (B) the nervous system
(C) the digestive system (D) the immune system

Q25: The best title for this passage is.....

- (A) Effective Learning Tips (B) The future of Education
(C) How to Learn in 2021 (D) Universities Learning

Q26 : When universities change the way they see, design and assess learning, they.....

- (A) will need more supplies
(B) won't need professors as learning will be self-based
(C) will produce graduates with the appropriate skills
(D) will become a partner in the business

Q27: Refining the approach and then doing it again.....

- (A) builds neural pathways for retrieval and association
(B) facilitate the process of teaching
(C) makes the student stronger
(D) B&c

Q28: When students are passive recipients.....,

- (A) learning doesn't happen (B) they learn effectively
(C) they increase the ability of listening (D) learning is in its peak

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

A good work-life balance, said Chris Chancey, career expert and CEO of Amplio Recruiting, has numerous positive effects, including less stress, a lower risk of burnout and a greater sense of well-being.

"Employers who are committed to providing environments that support work-life balance for their employees can save on costs, experience fewer cases of absenteeism, and enjoy a more loyal and productive workforce," said Chancey. Employers that offer options as telecommuting or flexible work schedules can help employees have a better work-life balance.

When creating a schedule that works for you, think about the best way to achieve balance at work and in your personal life. Chancey said that work-life balance is less about dividing the hours in your day evenly between work and personal life and, instead, is more about having the flexibility to get things done in your professional life while still having time and energy to enjoy your personal life.

There may be some days where you work longer hours so you have time later in the week to enjoy other activities. When you hear "work-life balance," you probably imagine having an extremely productive day at work, and leaving early to spend the other half of the day with friends and family.

Some days, you might focus more on work, while other days you might have more time and energy to pursue your hobbies or spend time with your loved ones.

Balance is achieved over time, not each day. "It is important to remain fluid and constantly assess where you are [versus] your goals and priorities," said Heather Monahan, founder of the career mentoring group, Bossin Heels. "At times, your children may need you, and other times, you may need to travel for work, but allowing yourself to remain open to redirecting and assessing your needs on any day is a key in finding balance."

Q29: The importance of work-life balance is that it.....

- (A) has lower risk of burnout (B) let you relax at your vacation
(C) create a family feeling at work (D) a&b

Q30:.....are responsible for providing environments that support work-life balance.

- (A) family (B) Employees (C) wives (D) employers

Q31: Work-life balance help.....

- (A) experience greater cases of absenteeism
(B) enjoy a more loyal and productive workforce
(C) employees have a chalet on the coast
(D) a&c

Q32: Work-life balance is to.....

- (A) choose a realistic schedule (B) divide time equally between work and home
(C) divide the weekdays (D) choose a perfect schedule

Q33: Allowing yourself to redirect and assess your needs on any day is.....

- (A) a balance between your work and your manager
(B) called unconscientiousness
(C) key in finding balance
(D) nonsense

Q34: Having a productive day at work, and leaving early to spend the other half of the day with friends and family is.....

- (A) far better than spending the whole day working
- (B) the real work-life balance
- (C) a part of the mental health
- (D) not considered a work-life balance

Q35: The best title for this passage is.....

- (A) How to Spend a Vacation
- (B) Opinions about Work
- (C) Sitting with Sons
- (D) Work-life Balance

Q36: The meaning of the underlined word "absenteeism" is.....

- (A) wasting time
- (B) Complaining
- (C) not showing
- (D) rudeness

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: سيكون من الحماقة تجنب مخاطر تلوث المياه. إنه الشيء الذي تعتمد عليه حياة الإنسان

- (A) It would be foolish to avoid the dangers of the pollution of water. It is the thing on which man's life depends
- (B) It would be foolish to avoid the dangers of the pollution of water. It is the thing on which man's life lies.
- (C) It would be selfish to avoid the dangers of the pollution of water. It is the thing on which man's life depends
- (D) It would be foolish to avoid the dangers of the pollution of air It is the thing on which man's life depends

Q38: يعتقد بعض المعلمين أن استخدام أجهزة الكمبيوتر في الفصل يمكنه أن يضيع وقت الحصة لضعف خدمات الانترنت في معظم البلاد.

- (A) Some teachers believe that using computers in the classroom can waste class time due to poor Internet services in some countries.
- (B) Some teachers believe that using computers in the classroom can waste class time due to poor Internet services in most countries.
- (C) Some teachers believe that using computers in the classroom can waste class time due to rich Internet services in most countries.
- (D) Some teachers believe that using computers in the classroom can't waste class time due to poor Internet services in most countries.

Q39: People usually differ in celebrating the same occasion according to their different nationalities, religions, and traditions.

- (A) يختلف الناس عادة في الاحتفال بنفس المناسبة باختلاف جنسياتهم وبلادهم وتقاليدهم.
- (B) يختلف الناس عادة في الاحتفال بنفس المناسبة باختلاف جنسياتهم ودياناتهم وتقاليدهم.
- (C) يختلف الناس عادة في الاحتفال بنفس المناسبة باتفاق جنسياتهم ودياناتهم وتقاليدهم.
- (D) يختلف الناس عادة في الاحتفال بنفس المناسبة باختلاف جنسياتهم ودياناتهم وعاداتهم.

Q40: The state pays great attention to talented people in all fields to create a generation of scholars and artists.

- (A) تولي الدولة اهتماما كبيرا بالموهوبين في بعض المجالات لخلق جيل من العلماء والفنانين.
- (B) تولي الدولة اهتماما كبيرا بالموهوبين في جميع المجالات لخلق جيل من العلماء والممثلين.
- (C) تولي الدولة اهتماما كبيرا بالموهوبين في جميع المجالات لخلق جيل من العلماء والفنانين.
- (D) تولي الدولة اهتماما صغيراً بالموهوبين في جميع المجالات لخلق جيل من العلماء والفنانين.

Test (11)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: If you your diet plan, you would feel less exhausted.

- (A) muted
- (B) altered
- (C) noted
- (D) impacted

Q2: Art activities help students' creativity levels.

- (A) replace (B) avoid (C) raise (D) experience

Q3: Sales employees need to have effective skills.

- (A) consequence (B) cooking (C) treatment (D) interpersonal

Q4: The launch of the sent to explore the planet Mars was aired on television.

- (A) universe (B) spacecraft (C) pilot (D) astronomer

Q5: Knowing the dangers of the streets, she the lives of her children.

- (A) afraid to (B) feared to (C) scared of (D) feared for

Q6: Taking a walk for 15 minutes can your problems.

- (A) take your brain off (B) take your brain to
(C) take your mind to (D) take your mind off

Q7: The sparks from the fireworks burned and lit up the sky in vivid colours.

- (A) nearly (B) lately (C) fiercely (D) tightly

Q8: The criminal was struggling to prove his innocence and was eventually

- (A) found by (B) founded (C) found guilty (D) found himself

Q9: My son a cold since the start of term.

- (A) was having (B) will have (C) is having (D) has had

Q10: Both teams to take part in the interview before they knew that they were required to be there at the same time.

- (A) have agreed (B) had agreed (C) were agreeing (D) had been agreeing

Q11: Samira had been training extremely hard for three years before she the second-best female tennis player in the world.

- (A) has ranked (B) was ranked (C) ranking (D) had been ranking

Q12: We won't stop climate change everyone understands the benefits of renewable energy. It's the only way.

- (A) once (B) after (C) when (D) until

Q13: A lot of children what to do by their parents.

- (A) are told (B) be told (C) to be told (D) was told

Q14: John has very experience in this kind of work.

- (A) few (B) a little (C) little (D) a few

Q15: It have been a long wait because I saw the huge queues to get in!

- (A) must (B) might (C) can't (D) may not

Q16: Although the UK was part of the European Union, they did not use euro.

- (A) - (B) a (C) the (D) an

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

As Fred stared at the chaos around the living room, one thought took over his mind: "This one must be special." He knew cats were graceful creatures that sometimes behaved aggressively. But no cat had ever disobeyed him. The speed at which this cat wrecked the furniture left him speechless, yet the last thing on his mind was the explanation he would have to give his mother when she returned home. The mess—the vases on the floor and the claw marks across the curtains—seemed unimportant now. This cat was different. This cat did not respond to "the voice."

Since the age of 13, Fred had been able to communicate with cats using "the voice"—a special ability he inherited from his father, who could speak to cats until a short period before his death. The neighbourhood's stray cats would also eagerly follow Fred, and his "voice" would make them wait by his house as he brought them food and water, just like his father did.

When Fred returned from school, he found a hungry grey cat by the door. He petted the cat and commanded it to wait outside the house while he fetched food for it, but, to his surprise, it did exactly the opposite and dashed in. He then commanded it to leave. The cat ignored him again and started running everywhere, wrecking everything.

Fred's heart started beating faster as he remembered his father's final months. He ran outside to test his "voice" on other cats. He found a cat and commanded it to come near him, but it completely ignored him. He commanded another cat to climb a nearby tree. Again, it ignored him. With a heavy heart, Fred slowly headed home.

Q17: The central idea of this passage is.....

- (A) caring for stray cats (B) Fred's special ability
(C) Chow aggressive cats can be (D) hearing voices

Q18: The word commanded means

- (A) ordered (B) suggested (C) informed (D) asked

Q19: Which of the following best summarises the first paragraph?

- (A) Fred is worried about his mother's reaction.
(B) Cats are destructive and aggressive.
(C) The living room furniture got wrecked.
(D) There is a strange cat in Fred's living room.

Q20: "With a heavy heart, Fred slowly headed home."

This sentence shows that Fred is

- (A) angry and confused (B) surprised and grateful
(C) sad and distressed (D) enthusiastic and excited

Q21: Losing his special ability makes Fred worried that.....

- (A) his mother is going to be upset with him
(B) he will not communicate with cats anymore
(C) he might die in a few months
(D) cats may take over his house

Q22: According to the passage, Fred is.....

- (A) disrespectful (B) selfish (C) disobedient (D) caring

Q23: Which of the following is not correct?

- (A) Cats can command Fred. (B) Cats usually did what Fred told them to.
(C) The "voice" runs in the family. (D) Fred's father cared about cats.

Q24: If you.....money from your parents, it is passed on to you from a parent.

- (A) graceful (B) inherit (C) disobey (D) wreck

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Did you know that, nowadays, famous technological companies are involved in agriculture innovation? With an ever-growing population all around the world, more food sources are desperately needed to overcome world hunger. Many famous high-tech companies are cultivating different kinds of vegetables and fruits, using a special technology named hydroponics. Although some may believe that hydroponics has many drawbacks, others view it as a practical way to solve a global problem: food shortage.

Hydroponics replaces traditional farming (which depends on soil, water, and light) with artificial solutions, and thus allows you to plant indoors and to have fresh vegetables and fruits. With this technology, planting can happen anywhere, including homes and restaurants. Also, seasonal fruits and vegetables can be

available all year long in different climates. Many countries, such as Japan and Singapore, are now resorting to this technology to speed up food production because they find it achieves much swifter results.

On the other hand, applying hydroponics can be challenging. Unlike traditional farming, this technology-based farming system can be very expensive. This is because finding alternatives to natural resources that all plants need can be an additional cost to farmers. Hydroponics farming also depends on electricity to replace the natural source of light, which puts plants at risk of dying if the power supply is unreliable. Moreover, the process of farming and monitoring the plants requires highly skilled farmers, and thus farmers with little or no knowledge of hydroponics will be at risk of being unemployed.

Serious social problems require creative solutions. Although hydroponics may have disadvantages, it is still one possible method that could help people live better lives.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is that.....

- (A) overpopulation has negative consequences
- (B) hydroponics is expensive
- (C) hydroponics has some advantages and disadvantages
- (D) creativity is an important element in technology

Q26: Which of the following can best summarise the second paragraph?

- (A) Hydroponics can help us plant indoors and receive fresh vegetables and fruits in winter and spring, and that is why all countries are using it.
- (B) All countries are now using hydroponics to overcome their problems, which include poverty and education.
- (C) Hydroponics can help us plant indoors and grow fresh vegetables and fruits regardless of the weather conditions and the season, and that is what has pushed some countries to use it.
- (D) Traditional farming can help farmers grow vegetables and fruits all year long using advanced techniques.

Q27: What should farmers know about to be able to use hydroponics technology?

- (A) Number of dying plants and animals
- (B) Different water sources plants use
- (C) Percentage of water and artificial nutrients that the plants need
- (D) Farmers uniforms

Q28: The underlined word swifter means

- (A) more expensive
- (B) faster
- (C) slower
- (D) cheaper

Q29: Poor countries might not be able to use hydroponics because

- (A) it will affect plants and animals negatively
- (B) it needs a very large space for farming and a lot of water resources
- (C) local farmers might not have good knowledge of modern techniques of farming
- (D) farming wastes their money and time

Q30: One of the disadvantages of hydroponics is that.....

- (A) it costs a lot of money
- (B) more people will be employed
- (C) plants hate artificial nutrients
- (D) it wastes time

Q31: Some countries are starting to use hydroponics because

- (A) it is more creative
- (B) they hate electricity
- (C) they need more food sources
- (D) they have a lot of money

Q32: Hydroponics may be beneficial to café and restaurant owners because.....

- (A) they can grow their food on site
- (B) it kills rats
- (C) customers can have more fun
- (D) waiters are good with technology

Q33: We use a full stop (.) .

- (A) at the end of a statement (B) to show certainty
(C) to show surprise or excitement (D) at the end of a question

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Last night, flashbacks of the accident will come back to haunt him in his dreams.
(B) Last night, flashbacks of the accident have come back to haunt him in his dreams.
(C) Last night, flashbacks of the accident come back to haunt him in his dreams.
(D) Last night, flashbacks of the accident came back to haunt him in his dreams.

Q35: Which of the following sentences can be used to end the final paragraph of an essay?

Most readers wait impatiently for the next book in a series. Unfortunately, this is an opportunity for online book pirates to release some (or all) pages of a certain book on websites or social media apps in exchange for money. Furthermore, some online scammers may go as far as typing sections of the books based on the released pages.

- (A) To sum up, eBooks can be difficult to track online.
(B) Secondly, it is important to know the official release dates of the books in order to avoid being scammed by any pages released before that date.
(C) In conclusion, online book piracy is becoming a major source of stress and worry for book publishers and authors.
(D) Moreover, book authors will be directly harmed by the online piracy of their books.

Q36: "The cake called my name." This sentence has an example of and this language feature could be found in a poem.

- (A) possibility (B) an order (C) a request (D) personification

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Responsible tourism entails making careful choices that will not affect the environment negatively.

- (A) تنطوي السياحة المسؤولة على اتخاذ قرارات متأنية تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
(B) ينطوي على السياحة المسؤولة اتخاذ خيارات حريصة لا تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
(C) تنطوي السياحة المسؤولة على اتخاذ قرارات متأنية لا تؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.
(D) تنطوي السياحة المسؤولة على فرض الخيارات متأنية مما يؤثر بالسلب على البيئة.

Q38: It has been proven that meditation helps create a stress-free work environment and improves productivity rates.

- (A) لقد ثبت أن التأمل يُساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل خالية من التوتر ويحسن معدلات الإنتاجية.
(B) قد ثبت أن التأمل يُساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل خالية من التوتر ويحسن أسعار الإنتاجية.
(C) قد ثبت أن التأمل يساعد في خلق بيئة عمل بلا توتر وتحقيق إنتاجية كبيرة.
(D) لقد ثبت أن الوساطة تُساعد على تهيئة بيئة عمل بلا توتر وتحسين معدلات الإنتاجية.

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q39: * التنمر الإلكتروني عبر تطبيقات التواصل الاجتماعي يهدد الصحة العقلية للمراهقين.

- (A) Cyber bullies on social media risk adolescents' brain health.
(B) Cyberattacks through social media apps threaten adolescents' mental health.
(C) Cyberbullying threatens the mental health of young people on social platforms.
(D) Cyberbullying through social media apps threatens adolescents' mental health.

Q40: * يجب على المرء، وهو يواجه الصعاب، أن يكون هادئاً وحكيماً ومرناً، وأن يتجنب مشاعر الغضب واليأس.

- (A) One must remain, in the face of difficulties, strict, wise, and elastic and avoid feelings of anger and despair.
(B) In the face of difficulties, one must remain still, rush, and resilient and avoid feelings of anger and despair.
(C) In the face of difficulties, one must remain calm, wise, and resilient and avoid feelings of anger and despair.
(D) Being wise and resilient and avoiding anger and despair are important to be in the face of difficulties.

Test (12)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: "The sky looked cloudy and very gloomy." The antonym of the word gloomy is

- (A) elderly (B) dark (C) bright (D) frightened

Q2: My heart is set on becoming a successful novelist. The phrase "heart is set on" means

- (A) stayed in touch (B) determined to achieve
(C) printed a novel (D) practised a role

Q3: The damaging consequences of her actions are..... .

- (A) positive (B) inevitable (C) convinced (D) productive

Q4: The job announcement says that you need to submit a letter of for this job.

- (A) application (B) fortune (C) inconvenience (D) appreciation

Q5:her lack of life experience, she was an easy victim for scams.

- (A) Owing to (B) Contributing (C) Changing (D) A reason

Q6: After detective Zoe presented all the evidence, she persuaded the court to..... the suspect.

- (A) fire (B) acquit (C) relate (D) lawyer

Q7: The dangers of global warming are..... .It is quite obvious that we need to change our habits.

- (A) clear-cut (B) uppercut (C) shortcut (D) cutback

Q8: Although he is generally polite and calm, the child threw his toy at the wall in a..... .

- (A) fill for anger (B) fit of anger (C) fill of anger (D) fit for anger

Q9: John's parents in the same house for as long as John can remember.

- (A) lived (B) have lived (C) were living (D) will live

Q10: Before Marcia published her report, she 17 different sets of results.

- (A) has tested (B) has been testing (C) had tested (D) had been testing

Q11: Historians believe that she more than five thousand patients in her community before she retired.

- (A) had treated (B) treat (C) has treated (D) had been treating

Q12: Some diseases can't be cured even.....they've been studied by scientists for many years.

- (A) after (B) since (C) before (D) while

Q13: Yesterday's presentation..... by a new professor.

- (A) has been given (B) was given (C) had given (D) is given

Q14: I gave personal feedback to of my students.

- (A) a little (B) each (C) every (D) much

Q15: It have been as horrible as you say! You were by an amazing beach, where it was warm and sunny all week!

- (A) might (B) must (C) can't (D) may

Q16: Nobody has ever seen unicorn because they don't exist.

- (A) an (B) a (C) the (D) -

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Adam had always been the quietest in his family; he had always been protective of his collection of robots. This habit had started when he was just five. He would tell his family, "Nobody is allowed to touch my friends. They don't like to be touched." They were all he had; he cared only for them and shared them only with his best friend, Aly.

It was Pay It Forward Day, the day he feared the most. Every year, he would have the same argument with his mother, who insisted Adam should donate his robots to children. "You're going to university next year. You shouldn't be playing

with them at your age!" said mother. "But my friends are not toys!" replied Adam.

He glanced at his robots, smiled at them, and then left for school. In the afternoon, when he returned, he gave his family a cold look and went to his room. Opening the door, he greeted his friends, but this time, they didn't reply. He turned to face the shelf where his friends used to rest. He froze in his place, completely shocked; his friends were nowhere to be found.

It must have been his mother.

"Who told you to donate my robots? How could you do this?" shouted Adam.

"I didn't. You must have left them somewhere," replied mother.

He went back to his room, desperate for his friends to return. He touched the shelf and felt a tiny note that he hadn't seen before.

It said, "We're heading home. Adventure begins now!"

He looked at the note and knew exactly what to do. He packed his things and embarked on the adventure of his dreams.

Q17: The central idea of this passage is that..... .

- (A) one's belongings have emotional value
- (B) packing is an important skill to learn
- (C) mothers always throw away their children's toys
- (D) families are important

Q18: The underlined word argument means..... .

- (A) agreement
- (B) disagreement
- (C) communication
- (D) war

Q19: The only person who was allowed to touch Adam's robots was .

- (A) Oliver
- (B) his little sister
- (C) Aly
- (D) his dad

Q20: On Pay It Forward Day, people..... .

- (A) pay their debts
- (B) pay their school fees
- (C) send things to charity
- (D) buy fruits and vegetables

Q21: Which of the following sentences best summarises it?

- (A) When Adam returns from school, he has dinner with his family.
- (B) Adam returns late from school.
- (C) Adam takes his robots to school.
- (D) When Adam returns from school, he can't find his robots.

Q22: Adam packed and left to..... .

- (A) visit his grandmother
- (B) join his friends on their adventure
- (C) apply for a job
- (D) talk to the police about his missing robot

Q23: Adam tended to avoid his family because..... .

- (A) he has a lot of homework to do
- (B) they view his fascination with his robot collection negatively
- (C) his schools friends told him to do so
- (D) he doesn't want to eat with them

Q24: The underlined word embarked means

- (A) cried
- (B) wrote
- (C) slept
- (D) started

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Health experts urge people to maintain a healthy lifestyle that involves good nutrition and regular exercise, with the goal of improving general well-being and strength. But what about the mind? One healthy method to battle difficult situations is a practice called mindfulness. Mindfulness is your awareness of what is happening in your mind, whether it is positive or negative. It is a mental exercise of learning how to react wisely, instead of blindly, to things that happen

to you.

Mindfulness allows you to choose what will strengthen your mind and put it into action as well as pick what you ought to let go of.

One benefit of mindfulness is dealing with negative thoughts. Being aware of the negativity entering your mind enables you to control it before it affects your mood. Another advantage of practising mindfulness is being aware of positive emotions and using them to guide your mental state. You must be aware of your own thinking and feeling processes.

Since mindfulness is a habit, it requires training your consciousness and senses to focus on the surrounding environment to stay in the present moment instead of worrying about the past or future. Also, it requires you to observe your thoughts without getting absorbed in them. If you are feeling sad about a certain situation, it does not mean you are living a sad life. Finally, pay attention to your bodily sensations, such as breathing and moving, to remind yourself that you are more than just your emotions and thoughts. Once you master mindfulness, you will be able to recognise patterns, improve your behaviour, and maintain your inner peace.

Q25: The passage is mainly about..... .

- (A) being in control of your mind and reactions
- (B) advantages of a healthy diet
- (C) filling your mind with positive thoughts
- (D) how to read people's minds

Q26: The underlined word master means..... .

- (A) do
- (B) learn
- (C) finish
- (D) teach

Q27: Which of the following best summarises the information in paragraph 3?

- (A) A healthy physical lifestyle is necessary for mindfulness.
- (B) Negative thoughts cannot be controlled without mindfulness.
- (C) Being mindful means being positive all the time.
- (D) Activities to help you be more mindful

Q28: People who practise mindfulness can..... .

- (A) never feel peaceful
- (B) be misguided by their positive thoughts
- (C) stop bad things from happening to them
- (D) cleverly react to life's difficult situations

Q29: According to the passage, living and enjoying the present moment

- (A) means you hate the past
- (B) helps a person worry less
- (C) does not mean you are sad
- (D) improves your physical strength

Q30: Which of the following is not correct?

- (A) Being mindful makes you recognise your emotions.
- (B) You are not defined by your thoughts and emotions.
- (C) Handling thoughts and emotions requires holding on to them first.
- (D) Your mood is affected by how well you control your negative thoughts.

Q31: You need to have mental to be able to control your thoughts and feelings.

- (A) health
- (B) awareness
- (C) patterns
- (D) exhaustion

Q32: It can be inferred from the text that.....

- (A) mental strength requires practice like physical strength
- (B) fighting tough situations is impossible
- (C) breathing and moving do not affect your mental well-being
- (D) only focusing on your senses helps you acquire positive emotions

Q33: We use the exclamation mark (!).....

- (A) to show surprise or excitement
- (B) to show certainty
- (C) at the end of a statement
- (D) at the end of a question

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Although he is practised a lot, he felt really worried about the chess tournament.
- (B) Although he was practised a lot, he felt really worried about the chess tournament.
- (C) Although he had practised a lot, he felt really worried about the chess tournament.
- (D) Although had he practised a lot, he felt really worried about the chess tournament.

Q35: "I look forward to hearing back from you soon."

This sentence can be considered a part of of an essay.

- (A) a summary
- (B) an introduction
- (C) an ending
- (D) a body

Q36: "The oil danced in the pan." This sentence has an example of personification and this language feature could be found in .

- (A) a poem
- (B) an offer
- (C) an essay
- (D) a message

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Video game addiction has detrimental health effects that include fatigue and an increased tendency towards isolation.

- (A) إدمان ألعاب الفيديو له آثار صحية محددة، منها الإعياء وزيادة الميل إلى العزلة.
- (B) إدمان ألعاب الفيديو له آثار صحية ضارة، منها الإعياء وزيادة الميل إلى العزلة.
- (C) إدمان ألعاب الفيديو له آثار صحية إيجابية، منها الإعياء وزيادة النزعة إلى العزلة.
- (D) ألعاب الفيديو والإدمان لهما آثار صحية ضارة، مثل الإرهاق والميل الزائد نحو العزلة.

Q38: Scientists are investigating the possibility of making planet Mars a habitable place for humans to live in.

- (A) يدرس العلماء إمكانية جعل كوكب المريخ مكاناً صالحاً لعيش الإنسان عليه.
- (B) يتناقش العلماء في إمكانية جعل كوكب المريخ مكاناً لعيش الإنسان عليه.
- (C) يتحرى العلماء عن إمكانية جعل كوكب المشتري مكاناً صالحاً لعيش الإنسان عليه.
- (D) يدرس العلماء إمكانية جعل كوكب الزهرة مكاناً يمكن للبشر العيش عليه.

Q39: نظراً لتغير المناخ والنمو السكاني السريع، من المتوقع أن تندلع حروب مستقبلية للتنافس على الموارد المائية.

- (A) Due to climate change and rapid population growth, future wars are predicted to be fought over water resources.
- (B) Due to climate change and rapid population growth, future wars are predicted to be fought over natural resources.
- (C) Due to climate exchange and rapid population growth, future wars are predicted to be fought over water resources.
- (D) Future wars are predicted to be fought over sea resources due to atmospheric change and rapid population increase.

Q40: للتغلب على الصور النمطية، يجب عليك التركيز على ما يجعلك متشابهاً مع الآخرين بدلاً مما يجعلك مختلفاً عنهم.

- (A) To beat stereotypes, you should focus on what makes you similar to other people rather than different.
- (B) To beat stereotypes, you should concentrate on what makes you similar rather than indifferent from others.
- (C) To combat stereotypes, one should focus on what is similar to others as well as what is different from them.
- (D) To beat stereotypes, one should focus on what makes him similar to other people as well as what makes him different.

Test (13)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- Q1: I applied for a one-month..... to learn cooking professionally.
 (A) apprenticeship (B) sensor (C) responsibility (D) self-care
- Q2: We attended a lecture yesterday discussing different health problems, such as burnout.
 (A) dental (B) obstacles (C) tabloid (D) mental
- Q3: His decision to quit smoking seems very..... .
 (A) logical (B) frightened (C) progress (D) imagined
- Q4: My friend went to the officer because she needed help with her anxiety.
 (A) omission (B) welfare (C) podcast (D) IT
- Q5: After he lost his business partner, George tried his best to..... himself.
 (A) confirm (B) reinvent (C) renovate (D) build
- Q6: It is a greatthat my colleague is a fan of knitting, like me.
 (A) benefactor (B) coincidence (C) admirer (D) apprenticeship
- Q7: One of the requirements in a translation job is to be..... .
 (A) mother tongue (B) two lingual (C) bilingual (D) widely spoken
- Q8: To get some vitamin D, Sarahon the beach.
 (A) stretched out (B) sketched in (C) sketched up (D) stretched up
- Q9:..... permission for us to publish the story yet?
 (A) Have you got (B) Do you get (C) You've got (D) Were you getting
- Q10: I thought he was angry because I..... him shouting, but he was just excited about the tournament.
 (A) was seeing (B) seeing (C) had been seeing (D) had seen
- Q11: Before the final match, the tennis player..... a bad cold and so found it incredibly difficult to hit the ball with as much strength as usual.
 (A) had had (B) has had (C) has been having (D) had been having
- Q12: The director will be happier..... we've finished this project.
 (A) when (B) while (C) until (D) before
- Q13: The deadline for the job had already..... once before.
 (A) been extended (B) extended (C) extends (D) to be extended
- Q14: I've brought you..... flowers to say "thank you."
 (A) any (B) much (C) few (D) some
- Q15: He..... have enjoyed that journey; it was far too bumpy and hot.
 (A) must (B) might (C) may (D) couldn't
- Q16: Yesterday, we went on a school trip to..... Great Pyramid of Giza.
 (A) a (B) an (C) the (D) -

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

With a loud bang, the sliding window at the end of the carriage falls open, making everyone jump. The quiet heat of the train is replaced by a roaring wind as we speed through London's dark underground tunnels. Artie glances across at me. "Ollie, mate, you look terrible," he whispers.

I check my reflection in the window and see a pale face with tired eyes; my forehead looks sweaty and dirty hair sticks to it. I get up and move over to the open window, closer to the fresh air, but as the train lurches into a bend, I stick out my hand and fall heavily on top of another passenger—an old woman.

"Oo!"

"Oops, so sorry, I'll just ..." I say, standing up quickly.

"No, don't worry, dear; that's quite all right."

I give her a weak smile and move further down the carriage towards the window. The air is cooler here, but the noise is worse: the metal wheels scream as the train begins to slow down and enter the station. We stop. Behind me, I hear the doors open and passengers move around. I turn my head and see an empty seat where the woman was before. Artie is pretending to look at his phone, but I can feel him staring at me out of the corner of his eye, grinning.

My left hand is curled up tightly in my pocket, so tight I can feel the blood rush back into my fingers as I slowly relax them. My heart beats quickly in my throat, and the stolen necklace sits like a dead weight between my fingers.

Q17: The passage is mainly about Ollie's

- (A) physical appearance (B) personality
(C) personal experience (D) relationship with Artie

Q18: Which of the following summarises the passage?

- (A) Ollie's hand hurts. (B) Ollie fails to steal something.
(C) Ollie successfully steals something. (D) Ollie gets caught stealing.

Q19: What is meant by the word lurch?

- (A) To stop moving (B) To make a loud noise
(C) To move slowly or smoothly (D) To move suddenly or unexpectedly

Q20: How does Ollie feel in this passage?

- (A) Calm and relaxed (B) Nervous and stressed
(C) Lost and frightened (D) Confident and brave

Q21: Why is Artie pretending to look at his phone?

- (A) He loves playing games on it.
(B) He isn't sure what Ollie has done.
(C) He doesn't want anyone to notice he's looking at Ollie.
(D) He feels unwell because of the moving train.

Q22: Ollie can see his own appearance.....

- (A) using his phone camera (B) in a mirror
(C) in a window (D) in a puddle of water

Q23: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) The train is moving very fast between stations.
(B) It's very hot in the train carriage.
(C) Artie has a mobile phone.
(D) The stolen necklace is in Ollie's right hand.

Q24: Why does Ollie smile at the old woman?

- (A) He is pretending that he hasn't done anything wrong.
(B) She is rude but he wants to be polite.
(C) He thinks the situation is funny.
(D) He's smiling because Artie is grinning at him.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Narcissa Florence Foster was born to rich parents in 1869 in Pennsylvania, USA. Florence, as she was known, was a talented child and learned to play the piano to an impressive standard. When she was around ten years old, she was even invited to perform for the president at the White House. However, despite her abilities, her father did not allow her to pursue further musical training in Europe, and her career as a concert pianist was eventually cut short by an injury to her hand. Her marriage to a much older man (when she was only seventeen) also ended badly after just one year, but she kept her husband's surname, Jenkins, until she died.

Florence could have spent the rest of her life living quietly as a piano teacher, but when her father died, she inherited a fortune, which she used to fund a new passion: singing. She had always loved opera and, having moved to New York City, founded a number of social clubs supporting performances of classical music. In 1912, now in her early forties, she herself began giving song recitals to audiences of her friends, who included some of the most famous musicians in New York.

The problem, obvious to everyone except her, was that Florence was a dreadful singer. She had severe difficulty with maintaining pitch, rhythm, and breath control, and her performances were often interrupted by loud laughter from the audience. Nevertheless, she continued to attempt extremely demanding music with enormous enthusiasm and became very well known. As she once remarked to a friend, "People may say I can't sing, but no one can ever say I didn't sing."

Q25: Which of the following best summarises the information in paragraph 1?

- (A) An early passion for opera (B) Florence is born a talented singer
(C) Early successes and disappointments (D) Narcissa sings for the president

Q26: The underlined word dreadful means..... .

- (A) terrifying (B) terrible (C) terrific (D) terror

Q27: The word that can replace pursue in the text is..... .

- (A) cancel (B) avoid (C) exchange (D) seek

Q28: According to the passage, Mrs. Foster Jenkins had relationships with men in her early life.

- (A) difficult (B) many (C) no (D) good

Q29: Which of the following is true?

- (A) Mrs. Foster Jenkins hated her husband's name.
(B) Mrs. Foster Jenkins always performed easy music.
(C) We can't be sure if Mrs. Foster Jenkins knew that she was a bad singer.
(D) Mrs. Foster Jenkins definitely believed that she was a bad singer.

Q30: Mrs. Foster Jenkins didn't become a concert pianist because

- (A) she was too young (B) she badly hurt her hand
(C) her father sent her to Europe (D) she got married

Q31: Which of the following is true?

- (A) Mrs. Foster Jenkins was the wife of Mr. Foster.
(B) Mrs. Foster Jenkins's last name was Florence.
(C) Mrs. Foster Jenkins was married in her early forties.
(D) Mrs. Foster Jenkins was the daughter of Mr. Foster.

Q32: If Mrs. Foster Jenkins hadn't injured her hand,

- (A) she wouldn't have become a successful concert pianist
(B) she wouldn't have performed for the president
(C) she would have become a great singer
(D) she would never have achieved the same popularity

Q33: Which punctuation mark is used when something is directly said by someone?

- (A) A question mark (B) Speech marks (C) A semicolon (D) An exclamation mark

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) When you felt overwhelmed by your problems, try to start by sorting your priorities.
(B) When you feel overwhelmed by your problems, try to start by sorting your priorities.
(C) When you feel overwhelming by your problems, try to start by sorting your priorities.
(D) When you felt overwhelmed by your problems, try to started by sorting your priorities.

Q35: "Since I was a child, I have always struggled with mathematics, which is why the following post is so close to my heart."

This sentence can be considered to a blog.

- (A) a conclusion (B) a body (C) an introduction (D) a summary

Q36: "The stars danced in the night sky." This sentence has an example of personification and this language feature could be found in..... .

- (A) a poem (B) an essay (C) a message (D) an offer

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: A lot of attempts have been made to help battle stereotypes that restrict women to certain sports.

- (A) بُذِلَتْ محاولات كثيرة للمساهمة في محاربة الأفكار النمطية التي تُقَيِّد ممارسة السيدات للرياضة على ألعاب محددة.
(B) بُذِلَتْ محاولات كثيرة للمساهمة في معركة الأفكار النمطية التي تقصر ممارسة السيدات للرياضة على ألعاب بعينها.
(C) بُذِلَتْ محاولات كثيرة للمساهمة في وقف محاربة الأفكار النمطية التي تُقَيِّد السيدات في ممارستهن للرياضة على ألعاب محددة.
(D) بُذِلَتْ محاولات كثيرة للمساهمة في الأفكار النمطية التي تُقَيِّد السيدات في ممارستهن للرياضة على ألعاب محددة.

Q38: Future generations are expected to suffer from the consequences of severe climate change, which include extreme weather conditions and diseases.

- (A) من المتوقع أن تعاني الأجيال القادمة من تغير عنيف في المناخ يشمل الظروف الجوية المتطرفة والأمراض.
(B) من المتوقع أن تُكابِد الأجيال القادمة نتائج تغير المناخ القاسي، ومنها الظروف المناخية القاسية والأمراض.
(C) من المتوقع أن تعاني الأجيال القادمة عواقب وخيمة لتغير المناخ، ومنها الأحوال الجوية القاسية والأمراض.
(D) من المتوقع أن تُكابِد الأجيال القادمة عواقب وخيمة لتغير المناخ، ومنها تحسن الأحوال الجوية القاسية والأمراض.

Q39: ترجع أهمية الأفلام التي تعكس بها تجارب وقصص الأشخاص.

- (A) How they create dramatic scenes out of people's shared experiences is why films are important to us.
(B) The importance of films stems from how they create experiments and stories of people.
(C) The importance of films stems from how they reflect people's experiences and stories.
(D) The importance of films stems from how they reflect scenes inspired by people's tales and stories.

Q40: الحث على شراء الكتب الإلكترونية بدلاً من الكتب المطبوعة التقليدية قد يُساعد في منع قطع الأشجار.

- (A) Encouraging the purchase of ebooks instead of the traditional printed books may help prevent the cutting of trees.
(B) Urging people to purchase ebooks in exchange for traditional printed books may help the cutting of trees.
(C) Encouraging the purchase of traditional printed books, not ebooks, may help preserve the cutting of trees.
(D) Encouraging the purchase of ebooks in spite of the traditional printed books may help prevent the cutting of trees.

Test (14)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Researchers are..... the effects of exposing infants to mobile phones.

- (A) installing (B) grabbing (C) implementing (D) investigating

Q2: Her outrage was by the struggles that women in her village had gone through.

- (A) pleased (B) coped (C) suffered (D) sparked

Q3: The solution he proposed in the meeting proved to be expensive and..... .

- (A) illustrated (B) dusty (C) inconvenient (D) upset

Q4: He when his parents said that he couldn't go to the party and had to finish his homework instead.

- (A) immersed (B) controlled (C) supposed (D) pouted

Q5: Mr. Weasley is an exceptional ; he uses various techniques and activities to engage his students.

- (A) someone (B) lecturer (C) learner (D) woman

Q6: Since she began leading an life, she has become rather arrogant.

- (A) extravagant (B) spectacular (C) astonished (D) well-paid

Q7: It is sense to not litter. The effect of littering on the environment can be permanent.

- (A) common (B) well (C) a lot (D) very

Q8: The mummies were transported from the site to the museum in their own

- (A) remains (B) coffins (C) myth (D) temple

Q9: The results showed that they were not measurements of economic development that they'd ever seen.

- (A) useful (B) less useful (C) more useful (D) the most useful

Q10: By the end of today, Jeremy four bars of chocolate.

- (A) will have eaten (B) eats (C) will be eating (D) has eaten

Q11: He's been struggling with his deadlines. What about him on a time management course?

- (A) to send (B) we send (C) send (D) sending

Q12: The manager needs the presentation with the employees who were missing from the meeting today.

- (A) sharing (B) shares (C) share (D) to share

Q13: Your presentation went really

- (A) well (B) nice (C) best (D) good

Q14: Jill so happy ever since she passed all of her exams recently.

- (A) has been (B) is being (C) was (D) will be being

Q15: The secretary of state the president that he was resigning in protest.

- (A) explained (B) stated (C) informed (D) said

Q16: If you are struggling with motivation, set some goals.

- (A) yourself (B) myself (C) themselves (D) himself

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

John was a very rich and selfish boy. One day, he told his classmates that he was going to bring an enormous box of sweets. He wanted to make everybody jealous, but he was so greedy that he ate half of the sweets on his way to school. "Never mind," he thought, "it's still more sweets than anyone else has!" But John was not careful with his belongings and by the time he got to school he had already lost the box of sweets.

A girl called Sarah found the box of sweets. She knew that it must be the one that John had been talking about. None of the other children were rich enough to afford so many sweets. When she arrived at school, she returned the box to John. He was excited but saw an opportunity. He wanted to show everyone a full box, not a half-empty one.

John thanked Sarah but then immediately went to the teacher. "Mrs. Brown," said John, "I lost my box of sweets and Sarah found it, but half of the sweets are gone! She must have eaten them!"

Mrs. Brown knew her students very well and was sure that polite and

responsible Sarah had not eaten John's sweets. "How many sweets were in the box when you found it, Sarah?" she asked. "It was half full, Mrs. Brown." "Are you sure, Sarah?" "Yes, Mrs. Brown," she replied. "She's lying!" shouted John. "It was full!" he said. "Are you sure, John?" asked Mrs. Brown. "Absolutely!" replied John. "Well then," said Mrs. Brown, "the half-empty box of sweets can't be yours, John. If anyone finds a full box of sweets, then we will make sure it is returned to you."

Q17: The central idea of this passage can be that..... .

- (A) teachers don't know everything (B) you should share
(C) you shouldn't eat lots of sweets (D) you should be honest

Q18: ate half of the sweets.

- (A) John (B) Sarah (C) Mrs. Brown (D) John and Sarah

Q19: Which of the following sentences can summarise the end of the passage?

- (A) The teacher thought that both students were lying, so she kept the box of sweets for herself.
(B) The teacher thought that both students were telling the truth, so she let them share the box of sweets.
(C) The teacher knew that Sarah was lying, so she gave the box of sweets back to John.
(D) The teacher knew that John was lying, so she didn't give him the box of sweets back.

Q20: How did Sarah know that the box of sweets definitely belonged to John?

- (A) Only John had enough money to buy such a large box of sweets.
(B) She saw John eating the sweets.
(C) Mrs. Brown said that the box of sweets belonged to John.
(D) John told her it was his box of sweets.

Q21: This sentence shows that..... .

- (A) John thought that the other students would judge him for eating half of the sweets
(B) John wanted more sweets to eat
(C) John wanted a full box of sweets to share with the other students
(D) John didn't think that half a box of sweets would make the other students as jealous as a full box

Q22: After John's experience, he might learn..... .

- (A) to not be so greedy (B) to say "thank you" more
(C) to make friends (D) to lose his things

Q23: The teacher didn't ask Sarah if she had eaten the sweets because she knew Sarah's .

- (A) lies (B) personality (C) responsibility (D) guilt

Q24: According to the passage, John..... .

- (A) returned the box of sweets to Mrs. Brown
(B) accused Sarah of eating his sweets
(C) pretended he had lost his box of sweets
(D) lied about Sarah finding the box of sweets

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

You may have often heard the term carbon footprint in recent years. But what is it and does everyone have one?

A carbon footprint is the total amount of greenhouse gases created as a result of an individual's activities. You might be thinking, "But I don't do anything that creates greenhouse gases!" Well, firstly, greenhouse gases, such as carbon dioxide and methane, are emitted into the air by burning fossil fuels. You might not be doing this personally on a daily basis, but all of the things you use, such as

transportation and electricity, and all the things you buy, like food and clothes, require energy to work or be made. And what are still the most used energy sources on the planet? They are oil, coal, and gas. All of these are fossil fuels that need to be burned to release the energy that powers the vehicles we use to get around and the electrical equipment in our homes and workplaces and to grow, harvest, package, ship, and even cook the things that we buy. Therefore, individuals are encouraged to travel less by plane and car, unplug electrical items when not in use, and buy local produce.

The average annual carbon footprint is calculated to be about 7 tonnes per person, but surveys estimate that rises to 16 tonnes for an American citizen. However, although we should all do what we can to reduce our own carbon footprints, remember that the first household carbon footprint calculators were designed by an oil producer. Critics have said they did this to shift the blame for climate-damaging pollution from big corporations to individuals' lifestyle choices. Ironically, it is companies like these that have built a society where carbon emissions are practically unavoidable.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is that..... .

- (A) Americans create the most greenhouse gases
- (B) food production creates the most greenhouse gases
- (C) everybody contributes to the creation of greenhouse gases
- (D) only large companies create greenhouse gases

Q26: According to the passage, some people may not be aware that

- (A) their actions and purchases produce greenhouse gases
- (B) oil, coal, and gas are greenhouse gases
- (C) they are using transport and electricity daily
- (D) the term carbon footprint has been used a lot recently

Q27: The underlined word produce means..... .

- (A) electrical items
- (B) food
- (C) energy sources
- (D) clothes

Q28: Carbon footprints are measured in..... .

- (A) years
- (B) tonnes
- (C) people
- (D) surveys

Q29: According to the last paragraph, a fossil fuel company created carbon footprint calculators to..... .

- (A) make individuals feel like controlling climate change is their responsibility
- (B) help everybody understand climate change
- (C) make companies feel responsible for causing climate change
- (D) list ways that people could lower their carbon footprints

Q30: According to the passage,have made it almost impossible to avoid creating carbon pollution.

- (A) big corporations
- (B) households
- (C) individuals
- (D) critics

Q31: The most effective way to reduce carbon emissions would be to stop using... .

- (A) cars
- (B) electrical items
- (C) oil, coal, and gas
- (D) carbon dioxide and methane

Q32: If companies want to create fewer greenhouse gas emissions, they should

- (A) stop packaging and shipping their products
- (B) switch from fossil fuels to other energy sources
- (C) make sure homes and workplaces are calculating their carbon footprints
- (D) sell more products to Americans

Q33: Which punctuation mark is used at the end of a question?

- (A) A question mark (B) Speech marks (C) A semicolon (D) An exclamation mark

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Signal-hopping is a technology invented by Hedy Lemarr, who was also a beautiful actress.
 (B) Signal-hopping was a technology invented by Hedy Lemarr, was also a beautiful actress.
 (C) Signal-hopping is a technology invented by Hedy Lemarr, whom also a beautiful actress.
 (D) Signal-hopping is a technology invented by Hedy Lemarr, whose was also a beautiful actress.

Q35: "In this essay, we will examine how life-changing inventions have always been sparked by urgent needs." This sentence can be considered to an essay.

- (A) a body (B) a conclusion (C) a summary (D) an introduction

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show an example?

- (A) In addition (B) Whilst (C) However (D) Such as

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Integrating arts in educational curriculums helps improve students' creativity and problem solving skills.

- (A) تساعد الفنون المدمجة في الكتب الدراسية على تعزيز الإبداع وصقل مهارات حل المشكلات لدى الطلاب.
 (B) يساعد دمج الفنون في المناهج التعليمية على تطوير ابتكار الطلاب وحلهم للمشكلات المتعلقة بالمهارات.
 (C) يساعد دمج الفنون في المناهج التعليمية على تحسين الإبداع وصقل مهارات حل المشكلات لدى الطلاب.
 (D) يُساعد دمج الرسوميات في المناهج التعليمية على تعزيز الإبداع وصقل مهارات حل المشكلات لدى الطلاب.

Q38: To maintain effective global business relationships, organisations must try to understand cultural differences related to attitudes, beliefs and values.

- (A) من أجل علاقات عالمية فعالة، يتعين على المؤسسات السعي إلى إدراك الاختلافات الثقافية المتعلقة بالسلوكيات والمعتقدات والقيم.
 (B) لصيانة العلاقات العالمية الفعالة في العمل، يتعين على المؤسسات تجربة فهم الاختلافات الثقافية المتعلقة بالسلوكيات والمعتقدات والقيم.
 (C) يتعين على المؤسسات محاولة إدراك الاختلافات الثقافية المتعلقة بالسلوكيات والمعتقدات والقيم، من أجل الحفاظ على علاقات عالمية فعالة.
 (D) يتعين على المؤسسات محاولة تجاهل الاختلافات الثقافية المتعلقة بالسلوكيات والمعتقدات والقيم، من أجل الحفاظ على علاقات تجارية عالمية فعالة.

Q39: ربما يواجه أصحاب الأعمال تحديات في متابعة إنتاجية الموظفين في ظل ظروف العمل من المنزل.

- (A) Employers may find it difficult to monitor employees' productivity in work-from-office conditions.
 (B) Employers may find it challenging to monitor employees' productivity in work-from-home conditions.
 (C) Employers may find it enjoyable to monitor employees' productivity in work-from-home conditions.
 (D) Employers may find work-from-home conditions challenging for monitoring their employees' production.

Q40: الحفاظ على الصحة الجسدية والنفسية أمر ضروري لنجاح الأعمال .

- (A) Maintaining physical and physiological well-being is essential for businessmen's success.
 (B) Preserving physical and physiological well-being is essential for the business's success.
 (C) Maintaining physical and psychological health is essential for companies' development.
 (D) Maintaining physical and psychological well-being is essential for business success.

Test (15)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: The accident that took place yesterday on the main road resulted in a lot of..... .

- (A) casualties (B) solutions (C) relatives (D) killings

Q2: When my father reached the age of 60, he decided to and focus on writing a book.

- (A) cope (B) immerse (C) decline (D) retire

Q3: After three weeks of illness, my aunt's health condition improved..... .

- (A) spectacularly (B) interestingly (C) accurately (D) deadly

Q4: Employees working for long hours with no breaks display symptoms of..... .

- (A) productivity (B) burnout (C) prediction (D) self-care

Q5: The challenges her parents experienced were a source offor the stories she wrote.

- (A) achievement (B) disability (C) inspiration (D) presentation

Q6: The town councillor is.....of seeing to the public's needs.

- (A) responds (B) in charge (C) responsibility (D) on charge

Q7: We cannot ignore that having 10 cakes at that event was; most of the attendees do not eat sweet things.

- (A) useful (B) pointless (C) life-changing (D) inactive

Q8: The firework display will be the highlight of the night; it is not..... .

- (A) too missed (B) to be missed (C) very missed (D) been missed

Q9: It was much.....to hear about the news in person than to just read about it.

- (A) saddest (B) the saddest (C) sad (D) sadder

Q10: a cure for cancer in the next ten years?

- (A) Will we have developed (B) Do we develop
(C) We'll be developing (D) We will develop

Q11: You look stressed all the time, John. Have you consideredsome time for some self-care?

- (A) to take (B) take (C) taking (D) to have taken

Q12: She to download the new software because she said there had been a lot of technical issues with the old version.

- (A) considered (B) seemed (C) decided (D) avoided

Q13: You need to have a sense of direction if you want to do well in life.

- (A) strong (B) strongest (C) strongly (D) strength

Q14: It... ..all afternoon, so the pavement is wet and will remain that way until it stops.

- (A) rained (B) is raining (C) has rained (D) has been raining

Q15: The article.....that there would be a general election in the spring.

- (A) say (B) informed (C) told (D) stated

Q16: Don't worry. The problem will sort out.

- (A) yourself (B) myself (C) itself (D) themselves

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

An estate agent was looking for a buyer for a luxurious penthouse, the owners of which wanted a quick sale. The estate agent wasn't worried though; years of selling houses to the rich and famous had made him arrogant. "Don't worry," he assured the sellers, "I know the type of people who'll be able to finalise

a sale on this place straight away.” Strengthened by his ego, the agent organised an “open house” (where potential buyers could view the apartment without an appointment).

Within an hour, two prospective clients entered. The first was a middle-aged man in grimy clothes. “Excuse my appearance, I’ve just been painting a house.” The agent looked him up and down suspiciously.

Moments later, a young woman entered, dressed head to toe in expensive brands. After taking one look around, she declared, “It’s fantastic! I’ll take it!”

The agent smiled gleefully. “Wonderful! Let’s get started on the paperwork! Oh, one moment. Sorry!” he shouted towards the man, “I’m afraid this flat has been sold!”

“Already?” said the man, “But I adore this place and am able to pay the full amount in cash today.”

The estate agent highly doubted this, looking once again at the man’s attire. “It’s a done deal, sir! You can go back to your decorating job now.”

“Oh, I’m not a decorator; I’m a real-estate investor. I like to be hands-on with the properties I buy. I guess this one won’t be added to my portfolio.”

The estate agent stared after the man as he left. “Oh well,” he thought, and turned back to the woman. “And how will you be paying the one million, madam?”

“One million?” she exclaimed, “I can’t afford that!”

Q17: The main idea of the passage is .

- (A) don’t judge people by their appearance
- (B) be honest about what you think
- (C) people need to earn a lot of money
- (D) people shouldn’t wear expensive clothes

Q18: Which of the following sentences is a good summary for the first paragraph?

- (A) The agent was angry that he had to sell the flat quickly.
- (B) The agent was able to sell the flat immediately.
- (C) The agent was confident in his ability to sell the flat quickly.
- (D) The agent was anxious that he wouldn’t find a rich person to buy the flat.

Q19: The underlined word attire in the text means .

- (A) portfolio
- (B) clothes
- (C) face
- (D) money

Q20: “It’s a done deal, sir!” From this extract we can infer that the agent .

- (A) is certain the woman can afford the flat
- (B) has arranged for the man to paint the flat
- (C) has received the money from the woman
- (D) is certain the man can afford the flat

Q21: What does the man like to be “hands-on” with?

- (A) Adding numbers
- (B) Buying clothes
- (C) Drawing houses
- (D) Decorating interiors

Q22: What is being sold?

- (A) A penthouse
- (B) An open house
- (C) An appointment
- (D) A prospective client

Q23: Which of the following is true?

- (A) Only the woman’s dress was purchased on special offer.
- (B) Only the woman’s hat and shoes were from a cheap shop.
- (C) Everything the woman was wearing was from high-priced stores.
- (D) All of the woman’s clothes were covered in colourful marks.

Q24: After leaving the apartment, who is likely to purchase several more properties?

- A**The owners of the flat **B**The middle-aged man
CThe estate agent **D**The young woman

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

By now, we all know the problem with plastic. Every year, over 300 million tonnes of it are produced, with fifty percent being single-use plastic items, and 14 million tonnes reaching the ocean.

But why does the plastic we manufacture and use on land end up in the sea? Inadequate waste disposal can come from individual citizens littering or big companies illegally dumping large quantities of rubbish. Once wind and rain, or a large truck, have helped plastic make its way into the water, it can stay there for 450 years, which is how long it takes plastic to *decompose*.

However, it doesn't stay as a bottle or a straw for all that time; due to the effects of the Sun, wind, and other natural factors, plastic breaks down into tiny particles called microplastics. When plastic is large, it can easily cause death to marine life, but when it's very small, it can make its way up the food chain into our own stomachs. As plastic is made from chemicals, it could cause damage to our bodies.

This global problem has been exposed in recent years, but one aspect that might have been ignored is its impact on individual countries. Tourism and infrastructure can be massively disrupted by heaps of plastic floating around. Do you enjoy relaxing and playing on a pristine beach with its golden sand and crystal clear waves? Now, imagine jumping over or swimming through piles of plastic. Many places, such as Bali, have been impacted financially by the amount of plastic on their coasts because tourism suffers when holidaymakers are discouraged. Plastic rubbish also blocks waterways in towns and cities, which can lead to higher risks of flooding and therefore costly repairs.

Q25: According to the passage, at this point in time, everybody

- ☐ A always disposes of their own litter
☐ B uses single-use plastic
☐ C is still unaware of how much plastic we produce
☐ D is aware of why plastic is an issue

Q26: What human action causes plastic to reach the ocean?

- Ⓐ Using public transportation Ⓑ Weather
Ⓒ The way plastic is made in factories Ⓓ Failing to throw away rubbish correctly

Q27: The underlined word decompose means to..... .

- Ⓐ sit in the sun Ⓑ make one's way Ⓒ break down Ⓓ cause death

Q28: The best summary of the third paragraph can be that..... .

- ☐ A humans eat fish with single-use plastic
☐ B weather can remove plastic from the sea
☒ C large plastics can harm animals, but small plastics can harm humans
☐ D plastic will remain in its complete forms forever

Q29: According to the passage, humans might end up with plastic in their digestive systems if they..... .

- ☐ A eat fish
☐ B use bottles and straws
☐ C swim in the sea
☐ D use chemicals

Q30: According to the passage, tourists are discouraged by..... .

- (A) jumping and swimming (B) pristine beaches
(C) rubbish at holiday destinations (D) the financial cost of holidays

Q31: The main idea of the final paragraph is that..... .

- (A) Bali is the place that has been most affected by plastic
(B) plastic can ruin beaches
(C) plastic can damage a country's economy
(D) people don't want to go on holiday anymore

Q32: If there were better waste management in urban areas, then inhabitants would be..... .

- (A) safer (B) flooded (C) blocked (D) poorer

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) What a wonderful idea! Let's add it to our options.
(B) What a wonderful idea! Lets add it to our options.
(C) What a wonderful idea? Let's add it to our options.
(D) What a wonderful idea. Lets add it to our options.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Took time for self-care is a priority to avoid burnout.
(B) Taking time for self-care is a priority to avoid burnout.
(C) Taking time for self-care is being a priority to avoid burnout.
(D) Been taking time for self-care is a priority to avoid burnout.

Q35: "To sum up, changing your habits is the result of many several tiny changes to your daily life."

This sentence can be considered a part of of an essay.

- (A) a start (B) a conclusion (C) an introduction (D) a body

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show addition?

- (A) Furthermore (B) Consequently (C) Whilst (D) Due to

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: UNICEF has been exerting a lot of efforts with the aim of creating a safe and encouraging environment for girls to get educated.

- (A) تواصل منظمة الأمم المتحدة للطفولة (اليونيسف) بذل الكثير من الجهود بهدف تهيئة بيئة آمنة ومشجعة لتعليم الفتيات.
(B) تواصل منظمة الأمم المتحدة للطفولة (اليونيسف) بذل المزيد من الجهد بهدف تعليم النساء في بيئة آمنة ومشجعة.
(C) تبذل منظمة الأمم المتحدة للطفولة (اليونيسف) بذل الكثير من الجهود مع هدف إنشاء بيئة آمنة ومشجعة للفتيات المتعلمات.
(D) تواصل منظمة الأمم المتحدة للطفولة (اليونيسف) بذل المزيد من الجهد بهدف تهيئة بيئة آمنة ومشجعة لتعليم الفتيات.

Q38: Workplace diversity aims at bringing different talents and perspectives into jobs.

- (A) يهدف التنوع في أماكن العمل إلى التخلص من المواهب والرؤى المختلفة في الوظائف.
(B) يهدف التنوع في أماكن العمل إلى الجمع بين المواهب والرؤى المختلفة في الوظائف.
(C) يهدف العمل المتنوع إلى الجمع بين الكفاءات والرؤى المختلفة في الوظائف.
(D) يهدف التنوع في أماكن العمل إلى إحضار الموهوبين ووجهات النظر المختلفة إلى العمل.

Q39: أطلقت الحكومات حملات وطنية بهدف توعية المجتمع بمخاطر انتشار الأخبار الكاذبة عبر وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي.

- (A) Governments have released national campaigns that aim at raising society's awareness of the dangers of spreading fake news through social media.
(B) Governments have released national campaigns that aim at raising youth's awareness of the risks of spreading fake news on social media.
(C) Governments have released national campaigns that aim at making the society aware of the disadvantages of fake news through social media.
(D) Governments have released international campaigns that aim at raising society's awareness of the dangers of spreading fake news through social media.

تعليم الفتيات يُساعد المجتمعات في تجنب زواج الأطفال وتحسين ظروف المعيشة. Q40:

- (A) Children's education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve living conditions.
- (B) Girls' education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve working conditions.
- (C) Communities help girls' education in avoiding child marriage and improving living conditions.
- (D) Girls' education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve living conditions.

Test (16)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Many businesses suffered great losses due to last week's earthquake, so they were financially by the government.

- (A) depended (B) compensated (C) mended (D) replaced

Q2: She had to overcome many to reach her goals.

- (A) proofs (B) predictions (C) obstacles (D) universes

Q3: A new approach to teaching was in public schools.

- (A) implemented (B) sent (C) behaved (D) caused

Q4: It is essential that you learn how to with stress during exams.

- (A) cope (B) evolve (C) rank (D) avoid

Q5: It is quite thoughtful of them to create a parking area close to the lifts for visitors.

- (A) responsible (B) talented (C) disabled (D) developed

Q6: A job fair is a great opportunity for HR to find to train at their companies.

- (A) measures (B) interns (C) skills (D) human resources

Q7: Very few self-help books directly reflect the true the writers have gained through their life.

- (A) wisdom (B) wise (C) unwise (D) wizard

Q8: The ancient Toltec civilisation was known for its exceptional skills in building and statues and monuments.

- (A) carving (B) seeing (C) visiting (D) recommending

Q9: She has already contributed a lot to the programme, but she is impatient than her colleagues and keen to further develop her career.

- (A) a bit more (B) much (C) a lot (D) far

Q10: We hope that by tomorrow the situation..... .

- (A) is improving (B) improve (C) was improving (D) will have improved

Q11: You have so many responsibilities now. Have you thought about a counsellor to help with your mental health?

- (A) see (B) seeing (C) to see (D) have seen

Q12: The information we were expecting doesn't seem in the document that you sent us.

- (A) being (B) to be (C) have been (D) be

Q13: If you want to be successful in life, you need to be...for your actions and mistakes.

- (A) responding (B) responsibly (C) responsibility (D) responsible

Q14: My sisterten books this month and she enjoyed all of them!

- (A) has read (B) reads (C) is reading (D) has been reading

Q15: The guide told.....that the museum was about to close.

- (A) us (B) your (C) she (D) -

Q16: The students were ashamed of..... .

- (A) themselves (B) ourselves (C) yourselves (D) itself

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Dear granny Mary,

I'm sorry it's taken me forever to reply—I'll explain why in a moment. First, I want to know how things are in the care home. I enjoyed your story about the new neighbour, Phyllis, and the birthday balloons. She sounds like quite a funny lady! Did they manage to get the cake off the ceiling in the end? I can only imagine the mess.

As well as finding out how you're doing, I'm writing to tell you that I've started a new job, teaching Spanish at our local secondary school—my first proper job since university! Being the junior member in the staff room feels a little bit like being a schoolboy again. The term only began a fortnight ago, but it's been great so far. I get on with everyone I've met, and my head of department seems very supportive. I'm organising a school trip to Granada in the summer term to visit the Alhambra palace and of course get the kids to practise their conversation skills. There are some budgeting issues to sort out, but I'm optimistic it'll go ahead.

Anyway, that's enough about me. I know we can always video call, but I love re-reading your letters and picturing all your funny stories. I keep all your letters in a drawer in my desk to look back on. Do you think you and Phyllis will become good friends? From what you've said, she has a great sense of humour and would make an excellent ally! Just don't leave your false teeth or glasses lying around, or who knows where they'll end up!

Take care.

Lots of love,

Timmy

Q17: What is the main topic of this passage?

- (A) Writing letters is an old-fashioned way to communicate
(B) The special relationship between a grandparent and her grandchild
(C) How to clean up a terrible mess
(D) How to be a good Spanish teacher

Q18: Which of the following best summarises paragraph 2 ("As well as ...")?

- (A) Timmy enjoys being a student again at his old school.
(B) Timmy wants to practise his Spanish conversation skills.
(C) Timmy goes on a school trip.
(D) Timmy is enjoying his new position and has big plans for his students.

Q19: Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined word, fortnight?

- (A) Two weeks (B) One hour (C) Three minutes (D) Four years

Q20: Which of the following best describes Timmy?

- (A) He loves his grandmother and is curious about her life.
(B) He only wants to talk about himself and isn't interested in his grandmother.
(C) He likes his grandmother but isn't really interested in her.
(D) He is a little boy who loves living with his grandmother.

Q21: Timmy thinks that Phyllis his grandmother.

- (A) won't play tricks on (B) would be a good companion for
(C) is a dangerous influence on (D) is lying to

Q22: Which of the following is not true ?

- (A) This Timmy's first real job since graduating .
- (B) Timmy thinks his grandmother and Phyllis should be friends .
- (C) Timmy's grandmother lives with other people .
- (D) Timmy is concerned that his trip will be cancelled .

Q23: According to the passage, Timmy is the member of the teaching staff.

- (A) oldest (B) most intelligent (C) shortest (D) least experienced

Q24: Why might Timmy have taken longer to write this reply?

- (A) He's been very busy with his new job.
- (B) He lost his pen and paper in a drawer in his desk.
- (C) He's been in Spain with his school trip.
- (D) He didn't receive granny Mary's letter until yesterday.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

To help them advance their career, most people would study a modern language, perhaps one spoken by millions or even billions of people, such as English, Spanish, or Mandarin Chinese. However, thanks to the internet, there is now a growing number of people just like you, choosing to learn a language that only very few people in the world currently understand: Latin, the ancient Roman ancestor and origin of numerous modern European languages.

In her world-famous Harry Potter series, J.K. Rowling, best-selling writer and former Latin student, deliberately used parts of Latin words to craft magic spells for her characters. Although they don't look much like English, these words contain elements that have familiar English meanings while also sounding ancient, mysterious, and perhaps a little frightening— just like Harry Potter's world itself.

But learning Latin is more than just a way to impress your friends with Harry Potter facts. For centuries before the spread of English, Latin was the international language of science, law, religion, and politics in the West. Even today, young people training in competitive, well-respected professions such as medicine or law are at a distinct advantage if they know some Latin. Familiarity with its complex grammar and rich vocabulary can also make learning other languages easier, even ones like English that are only distantly related to Latin. English speakers frequently use Latin-rooted words to describe difficult or theoretical concepts or just to sound more polite. Indeed, the words concept and polite both have Latin roots!

If you are interested in finding out more about Latin, why not visit our website and subscribe for a one-week free trial of our exciting new online course?

Q25: This text is..... .

- (A) an advertisement for an online course (B) an online news article
- (C) a review of a book (D) a history of the Latin language

Q26: Which of the following best summarises the third paragraph?

- (A) The advantages of learning a modern language
- (B) How to start learning a new language
- (C) The benefits of learning Latin
- (D) The benefits of learning English

Q27: The underlined word ancestor means

- (A) an adopted child
- (B) a remote great-grandparent who lived a long time ago
- (C) best friend
- (D) a young niece or nephew

Q28: According to the text, which of the following is not true?

- (A) Latin was used internationally before English.
- (B) You can try learning Latin online for free.
- (C) J.K. Rowling has studied Latin.
- (D) English and Latin are closely related.

Q29: According to the passage, Rowlingspells based on Latin words.

- (A) destroyed (B) borrowed (C) created (D) stole

Q30: In the third paragraph, what does the underlined word its refer to?

- (A) Law (B) English (C) Latin (D) Medicine

Q31: Rowling chose Latin as the basis for her spells because

- (A) it sounds ancient and mysterious (B) nobody understands Latin
- (C) it is the ancestor of Spanish (D) Latin is a magic language

Q32: Why is Latin useful to lawyers and doctors?

- (A) Because it helps them when learning English
- (B) Because law and medicine use many Latin-based words
- (C) Because lawyers and doctors use spells in Latin
- (D) Because one cannot study law or medicine without understanding Latin

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) Whatever you do in life; do it with passion.
- (B) Whatever you do in life, Do it with passion.
- (C) Whatever you do in life. Do it with passion.
- (D) Whatever you do in life, do it with passion.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) The park was wrecked by the tornado last Thursday.
- (B) The park wrecked by the tornado last Thursday.
- (C) The park was wrecked the tornado last Thursday.
- (D) The park was being wreck by the tornado last Thursday.

Q35: "Moreover, it is not a good idea to skip breakfast as it has several health benefits." This sentence can be considered a part ofof an essay.

- (A) a body (B) a conclusion (C) an introduction (D) a summary

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show a reason?

- (A) Similarly (B) Whilst (C) Due to (D) Consequently

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Students' mental health and academic success are strongly intertwined.

- (A) صحة الطلاب العقلية ونجاحهم الدراسي مترابطان ارتباطاً وثيقاً
- (B) صحة الطلاب العقلية ونجاحهم الدراسي غير مترابطين بقوة
- (C) صحة الطلاب العقلية ونجاحهم الأكاديمي متشابكان تشابكاً قوياً.
- (D) صحة الطلاب البدنية ونجاحهم الدراسي مترابطان بقوة.

Q38: Different educational institutions have taken upon themselves the responsibility of maintaining students' well-being.

- (A) أخذت المدارس المختلفة على عاتقها مسؤولية الحفاظ على سلامة الطلاب.
- (B) تحملت المؤسسات التعليمية المختلفة مسؤولية صيانة سلامة الطلاب.
- (C) أخذت المعاهد التعليمية المختلفة على نفسها مسؤولية الحفاظ على سلامة الطلاب.
- (D) أخذت المؤسسات التعليمية المختلفة على عاتقها مسؤولية الحفاظ على سلامة الطلاب.

Q39: لإيجاد حلول فعالة ومبتكرة للمشكلات التي تواجه المؤسسات، يجب أن تشجّع أماكن العمل وجود تنوع بها.

- (A) In order to find smart and effective solutions to issues faced by workplaces, organisations may encourage diversity.
- (B) To reach effective and innovative solutions to problems that organisations face, workplaces have to discourage diversity.

- © In order to find smart and effective solutions to issues that organisations face, workplaces should encourage diversity.
- © In order to find effective and innovative solutions to issues that institutes face, workplaces should encourage diversity.

Q40: الإبداع، والتفكير الناقد، والتعاون، والتواصل هي المهارات الأربع الأساسية في القرن الحادي والعشرين.

- © Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 20th century's main craftsmanship.
- © Creativity, critisizing, collaboration, and communication are the 21st century's four essential skills.
- © Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 21st century's four integral skills.
- © Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 20th century's four integral skills.

Test (17)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Due to strong winds, the boat kept in circles.

- ©swimming ©learning ©surrounding ©spinning

Q2: "Getting divorced left her with a broken heart." The phrase "a broken heart" means feeling very.....

- ©distant ©sad ©surprising ©untidy

Q3:of the employees' personal interests was conducted by the HR department.

- ©An expert ©A factor ©A conclusion ©An analysis

Q4: She has been absent from school for a week. She will have towith her classmates on what she's missed.

- ©stay up ©keep on ©look into ©catch up

Q5: Although Danny has already confirmed his requirements, he requested some minor changes. He understands that this is a bit for the organisers.

- ©small notice ©long notice ©short notices ©short notice

Q6: This has a very strong CV. I think we should give her the internship.

- ©education ©arrogant ©admirer ©candidate

Q7: Fruit and vegetables are essential for adiet.

- ©widely clear ©well-spoken ©deep-cut ©well-balanced

Q8: Every year, the Nile..... its banks.

- ©struggles ©chops ©floods ©considers

Q9: Beforeabroad, Janet had already volunteered at several places near where she lived.

- ©she has been travelling ©had been travelling
©had travelled ©travelling

Q10: You get a headache if you study for too long without a break.

- ©have to ©might ©should ©can't

Q11: Can you tell him to turn..... ? I'm struggling to hear it.

- ©up sound ©up ©the sound up ©the sound

Q12: Creating a study plan.....me from procrastinating.

- ©allows ©stops ©lets ©makes

Q13: They let tourists visit this part of the island, but now you can in the summer.

- ©won't ©used to ©would ©didn't use to

Q14: Nearly every person in Luxembourg speaks Luxembourgish at home is also able to speak French, German, and English!

- (A) whose (B) where (C) who (D) which

Q15: My friend..... if we should go to the beach.

- (A) ask (B) said to me (C) told me (D) wanted to know

Q16: I arrived the party quite late.

- (A) at (B) in (C) to (D) into

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Mr. Union should have been pleased that everyone on his staff was ambitious and self-sufficient; however, they were also selfish and paranoid. Each worker wanted to be the best and refused to share their information or knowledge with any of their colleagues for fear that they would not receive the credit they deserved.

Mr. Union knew that his team was missing out on opportunities for collaboration and support. The next time they had a team meeting, the employees were shocked to find that the room had been filled with balloons.

"Today's training session will tell me how efficiently you are performing in this office," he told the group of 50 workers.

Each person in that room began to think of how they could show that they were the best and most independent worker.

"Everybody, write your name on a balloon and then wait outside," instructed Mr. Union. The employees did as they were told. When they were invited back in though, they saw that there were twice as many balloons as before!

"You have three minutes to locate your balloon. The first three people to achieve this will be the winners. But anyone who bursts a balloon will be disqualified."

In the following three minutes, not one employee had found their balloon, and many had been popped.

"Oh dear," said Mr. Union, "let's try again, shall we? This time, I want you to take a balloon with a name on it, then find that person and give them their balloon." Within barely any time at all, everyone was holding their own balloon.

"You see," said Mr. Union, "the combined action of a group is more effective than flying solo".

Q17: The sentence that best summarises the first paragraph is..... .

- (A) each employee received praise for their work
(B) the manager was proud of his team
(C) the employees didn't trust each other
(D) the employees were scared of their manager

Q18: The central idea of the story is that..... .

- (A) it takes a lot of time to do things in a team
(B) managers should criticise their employees
(C) employees shouldn't share with colleagues
(D) it takes more time and effort to work alone

Q19: At first, the employees saw the training session as

- (A) an opportunity to work as a team (B) a waste of time
(C) a chance to impress the boss (D) a difficult activity

Q20: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) Mr. Union did not like his employees' attitudes.
- (B) Each employee wrote their own name on a balloon.
- (C) Mr. Union had told the employees about the balloons before they entered.
- (D) Mr. Union wanted to give his employees a chance to learn about teamwork.

Q21: How did the manager make it harder for the employees to find their named balloon?

- (A) He added 50 more people.
- (B) He made them work together.
- (C) They had to find their balloons from outside the room.
- (D) He doubled the number of balloons.

Q22: What happened to the balloons in the first three minutes?

- (A) Some were burst.
- (B) Three of them were found.
- (C) Some with names on them were found.
- (D) Many were disqualified.

Q23: Why was the task easier the second time?

- (A) The manager was disappointed in his employees.
- (B) The manager gave each employee the balloon with their name on it.
- (C) The employees could take the first balloon they saw.
- (D) The employees had already done the task once before.

Q24: The underlined phrase "barely any time at all" means .

- (A) in a noisy way
- (B) almost no time
- (C) a very difficult time
- (D) a very long time

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Most of us might struggle to imagine a world without supermarkets. It's difficult to comprehend that just over one hundred years ago, everything for dinner couldn't be bought from only one place. In fact, you weren't even able to pick out the food yourself! Before the first supermarket (Piggly Wiggly in Tennessee, USA), customers had to hand their shopping list to the store clerk, who would then collect those items into a bag. In 1916 though, at Piggly Wiggly, shoppers could choose their own products for the first time. This was revolutionary in many ways.

Before, you were simply given what was available in store. But at Piggly Wiggly, the customer had the power of choice and products had to compete with each other to catch the consumer's eye. This meant that companies began to redesign their products and focus on branding for the first time. This also led to the redesign of food aisles: supermarkets could influence choices by arranging things in places where they most appealed to the customer, such as putting sweets at children's eye level or at the checkout so they became "impulse purchases."

The supermarket model began to bring in more revenue as customers preferred doing all their shopping at once; shoppers no longer had to head to "the butcher, the baker, and the candlestick maker"! Food actually became cheaper too as employees had less to do than before and were therefore paid less. Although this self-service style was not beneficial for the employees' salaries, it was lucrative for the supermarket owners and consumers who could now save money as well as time.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is that .

- (A) people dislike supermarkets
- (B) supermarkets and traditional stores are run differently
- (C) supermarkets treat employees badly
- (D) supermarkets provide too much choice

Q26: A good summary for the first paragraph would be that..... .

- (A) before supermarkets, customers were able to buy everything in one place
- (B) Piggly Wiggly was an American supermarket
- (C) customers didn't use to select their own products from store shelves
- (D) there have always been supermarkets

Q27: The Piggly Wiggly opened..... .

- (A) in a store clerk
- (B) in 1916
- (C) in Texas, USA
- (D) 100 years ago

Q28: Why did companies not focus much on branding before supermarkets?

- (A) They told stores which products to sell.
- (B) They couldn't afford to redesign their product labels.
- (C) They didn't have to attract customers' attention.
- (D) They didn't like competing with other brands.

Q29: According to the passage, customers preferred visiting the supermarket rather than..... .

- (A) several different shops
- (B) spending days making their own household items
- (C) baking their own bread
- (D) buying their meat from the butcher's

Q30: Why were products arranged differently in supermarkets?

- (A) To make customers want to buy more products
- (B) So they could stop selling sweets
- (C) So people could go shopping without their children
- (D) To make it easier for the employees to find things

Q31: "Impulse purchases" work best when the items are placed where .

- (A) customers will see them as they enter the store
- (B) children can steal them
- (C) employees can collect them for the customer
- (D) customers will have to wait a while

Q32: The underlined word lucrative means..... .

- (A) causing people stress
- (B) making people busy
- (C) losing customers
- (D) making a great deal of money

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) She looked down at the pool and said to herself, "I can do this. I am. A qualified swimmer."
- (B) She looked down at the pool and said to herself; I can do this. I am a qualified swimmer.
- (C) She looked down at the pool and said to herself, "I can do this. I am a qualified swimmer."
- (D) She looked down at the pool and said to herself, I can do this. I am a qualified swimmer.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Neil Armstrong, who was the first man to land on the Moon, grow up in this neighbourhood.
- (B) Neil Armstrong was the first man to land on the Moon. Grew up in this neighbourhood.
- (C) Neil Armstrong, whose the first man to land on the Moon, grew up in this neighbourhood.
- (D) Neil Armstrong, who was the first man to land on the Moon, grew up in this neighbourhood.

Q35: "Firstly, finding plenty of recommendations and online reviews of products enhances the shopping experience."

This sentence can be considered a part of of an essay.

- (A) an introduction (B) a body (C) a summary (D) a conclusion

Q36: Which of the following is important to include in the introduction of a biography?

- (A) That person's minor achievements
(B) What the person is known for
(C) What that person did after retiring
(D) How that person died

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Rapid technological advancement may have caused a gap between generations.

- (A) ربما تسبب التطور التكنولوجي السريع في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.
(B) ربما يتسبب التطور المعلوماتي في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.
(C) ربما يتسبب التطور التكنولوجي السريع في حدوث طفرة في الاتصالات.
(D) ربما يتسبب التطور التكنولوجي في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.

Q38: Although listening to music while studying may put us in a good mood, it can be quite distracting.

- (A) على الرغم من أن الاستماع إلى الموسيقى في أثناء المذاكرة قد يمنحنا شعورًا جيدًا، فإنه قد يضايقنا مضايقة كبيرة.
(B) على الرغم من أن الاستماع إلى الموسيقى في أثناء المذاكرة قد يحسن حالتنا المزاجية، فإنه يمكن أن يشتت انتباهنا تشتيتًا كبيرًا.
(C) على الرغم من أن الاستماع إلى الموسيقى يمنحنا شعورًا جيدًا، فإنه قد يشتت انتباهنا تشتيتًا كبيرًا.
(D) على الرغم من أن الاستماع إلى الأغاني يمنحنا شعورًا سيئًا في أثناء المذاكرة، فإنه قد يشتت انتباهنا تشتيتًا كبيرًا.

Q39: لضمان التواصل الإيجابي في الأسرة، يجب أن يشعر كل فرد من أفرادها بالتقدير وبأن صوته مسموع وكلامه مفهوم.

- (A) Ensuring positive communication in the family makes each member feel valued, unheard, and understood.
(B) To ensure positive interaction in the family, each member must have value, heard sound, and misunderstood speech.
(C) To ensure positive communication in the family, each member must feel valued, heard, and understood.
(D) For insuring positive interaction with the family, each member must feel appreciation, sound heard, and speech understood.

Q40: على الرغم من اعتقاد البعض بأن العمل من المنزل قد يُحافظ على البيئة، فإنه قد يؤدي إلى زيادة في استهلاك الطاقة.

- (A) Despite some may believe that working from home could save the environment, it can lead to higher energy consumption.
(B) Though some may think that working from home could save the environment, they may also lead to increasing the consumption of energy.
(C) Although some may believe that working from home could save the environment, it can lead to higher energy consumption.
(D) Although that some believe that working from home can save the environment, it can lead to higher energy assumption.

Test (18)

Q1: Her sudden disappearance from her neighbourhoodall her family and friends.

- (A) implemented (B) overcame (C) shocked (D) surrounded

Q2: He isn't.....for this job. He has only two years' experience in the field.

- (A) inherited (B) noted (C) wandered (D) qualified

Q3: Concentration levels from one individual to another.

- (A) vary (B) trap (C) double (D) stress

Q4: Being grumpy most of the time may push people away from you.

The word grumpy means to be in.....mood.

- (A) a good (B) a bad (C) an optimistic (D) a jealous

Q5: An octopus's ability to adapt to its surroundings is really..... .

- (A) impressive (B) role model (C) significantly (D) completed

Q6: I was astonished to see you at the..... ; I thought you hated Jeremy!

- (A) funeral (B) hobbies (C) part-time (D) personal statement

Q7: When I got my DNA test results, I learned that my came from Russia!

- (A) ancestors (B) spark (C) handle (D) pride

Q8: We have evidence that several people..... the shop.

- (A) broke with (B) broke out (C) broke into (D) broke up

Q9: Scientists began to suggest more natural ways to generate electricity after..... that burning fossil fuels was damaging to the environment.

- (A) had discovered (B) discovered (C) discovering (D) had been discovering

Q10: Many students.....want to go for a walk when they're in the middle of studying, but it can be incredibly beneficial.

- (A) might not (B) couldn't (C) can't (D) should

Q11: Could you please ask him to call.....tomorrow? I'll have more time to talk then.

- (A) backs (B) back me (C) backing (D) me back

Q12: I know that my phone sometimes stops me.....properly.

- (A) concentrate (B) concentrates (C) to concentrate (D) from concentrating

Q13: When I was little, my grandparents.....live in the city in a house I loved, but then they decided to move to the coast when I was older.

- (A) used to (B) didn't use to (C) would (D) wouldn't

Q14: In the UK,..... is made up of four different countries, there are around 17 native languages and 40 different dialects.

- (A) which (B) who (C) where (D) that

Q15: Jeremy wanted to knowthe time was, as he'd lost his watch.

- (A) how (B) when (C) whether (D) what

Q16: I quickly got.....the car so that we could drive to the airport.

- (A) out (B) into (C) with (D) onto

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

By the time you read this, it may already be too late; however, if these are my last words, I want everyone to know how I ended up in this situation.

A fortnight ago, my crew of five astronauts and I set out on a voyage to the stars. The mission was simple enough: reach the Moon and establish a permanent base on the far side for future travellers. A basic task, but crucial for future missions beyond our solar system. We landed without incident and stepped out onto the isolated surface.

"Beautiful, isn't it?" asked Clara.

"The moon?" I replied, "It's a bit bare for my taste."

"No," she said, "Our home."

Then, she gestured to our planet, the only place in the entire universe that is known to contain life (as she often reminded me). I had not considered it before

and had taken it for granted. But as it hung there, like a brilliant sapphire in the permanent darkness, I understood.

Suddenly, the calm was shattered. There was a dust cloud in the distance. And it was getting closer, fast.

"To the ship!" I shouted.

It was already too late. Something struck me, hard. I was knocked down awkwardly, and my vision went black. The last thing I recall is hearing something, something not human. When I came to, everyone was gone, both my crew and whatever had ambushed us. Eventually, I managed to locate the ship and get to relative safety, at least compared to where I'd just been attacked.

That was two days ago. I am currently sitting inside the ship, writing this warning message. I think whatever attacked us on the Moon is coming for you, for Earth. And it's coming fast.

Q17: The narrator's main purpose in telling the story is to..... .

- (A) send a warning to Earth from the Moon
- (B) explain what life is like on the Moon
- (C) describe their journey from Earth to the Moon
- (D) describe their first trip to the Moon

Q18: The underlined word voyage in the text means..... .

- (A) holiday
- (B) assault
- (C) journey
- (D) competition

Q19: "Eventually, I managed to locate the ship and get to relative safety-" From this extract, we can infer that the narrator..... .

- (A) did not want to go outside of the ship again
- (B) felt safer than before but still felt like he was in some danger
- (C) felt completely safe and no longer felt in danger
- (D) was happy to go outside the ship again

Q20: Which of the following is true?

- (A) The main purpose of the mission was to enjoy space travel.
- (B) The main purpose of the mission was to see how beautiful the Moon was.
- (C) The main purpose of the mission was to create something for other people to use.
- (D) The main purpose of the mission was to fight aliens.

Q21: Which of the following sentences is a good summary for the paragraph before last?

- (A) The narrator got into a fight with his crewmates.
- (B) The narrator was attacked by something and was left on his own.
- (C) The narrator decided to fly back on his own.
- (D) The narrator was angry at his crewmates and ran away.

Q22: How does the narrator feel about the Moon?

- (A) It is very cold.
- (B) It is very beautiful.
- (C) It is extremely exciting.
- (D) It is empty and lacking features.

Q23: When did the narrator and his crew leave for their journey to the Moon?

- (A) Two months ago
- (B) Two days ago
- (C) Two weeks ago
- (D) Two years ago

Q24: Who or what does the narrator think attacked him?

- (A) An alien
- (B) An asteroid
- (C) A crew member
- (D) An earthquake

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

The country of Wales, in the southwest of the island of Great Britain, is known for its dramatic coastline and mountainous national parks. It also has its own

unusual language: Welsh. Outside Britain, few people have ever heard of Welsh (and even fewer have heard it spoken), but this language has existed in Britain longer than any other: it arrived around a thousand years before English! However, after centuries of discrimination by the UK government, the Welsh language has suffered and declined.

Welsh speakers are not used to their language being considered interesting or cool; so in 2019 when Alffa, a teenage rock music duo from rural North Wales, exceeded one million plays through online streaming services with a Welsh-language song, everyone was surprised. Even though people had expected Welsh to die out, Alffa's success is startling evidence that the language has been gaining speakers!

A 2011 survey reported that 19% of the population of Wales spoke Welsh, while nearly three-quarters of people in Wales said they spoke no Welsh at all. But a 2021 survey suggests that over 29% can now speak Welsh—an astonishing development.

The sharp increase may be partly due to a new law that, in 2011, gave the Welsh language official status in Wales for the first time in nearly eight hundred years and made it an official language of the Welsh government. By 2050, Welsh politicians plan to grow the number of Welsh-language speakers to one million; even now, Welsh is the most widely spoken member of the Celtic languages and the only one not considered endangered by UNESCO.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is.....

- (A) that Welsh is being spoken by more and more people
- (B) the history of Wales
- (C) that no one speaks Welsh anymore
- (D) that rock music is becoming more popular

Q26: Which of the following best paraphrases the second paragraph?

- (A) The Welsh government is increasing the number of Welsh speakers.
- (B) Welsh isn't interesting or cool.
- (C) Music in Welsh is unexpectedly popular.
- (D) Music is not very popular in Wales.

Q27: The word that best replaces the underlined word startling is .

- (A) surprising
- (B) finishing
- (C) horrible
- (D) expected

Q28: What is the meaning of the underlined word endangered?

- (A) Healthy
- (B) At risk
- (C) Dangerous
- (D) Popular

Q29: Which of the following is true according to the text?

- (A) Alffa's success is the only explanation for the growth of Welsh.
- (B) English is expected to die out.
- (C) Fewer people speak Welsh now than in 2011.
- (D) Welsh has been spoken in Britain longer than English.

Q30: One reason for the recent change in the number of Welsh speakers could be .

- (A) that English is now banned in Wales
- (B) the beautiful landscape of Wales
- (C) that English was spoken in Wales for 800 years
- (D) the Welsh government's new law

Q31: Most people visit Wales.....

- (A) because of its natural beauty
- (B) because they are interested in Welsh
- (C) to learn English
- (D) because of its rock music

Q32: The success of Alfa suggests that..... .

- (A) Welsh is dying out
- (B) a million English people have listened to their song
- (C) the Welsh government has reached its target
- (D) Welsh is increasingly popular with young people

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) I have obtained my driver's licence; however, I still can't drive on highways.
- (B) I have obtained my driver's licence; however. I still can't drive on highways.
- (C) I have obtained my driver's licence; however; I still can't drive on highways.
- (D) I have obtained my driver's licence, however I still can't drive, on highways.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) The roads were crowded extremely yesterday.
- (B) The roads extremely crowded yesterday.
- (C) The roads were extremely crowded yesterday.
- (D) The roads had extremely crowded yesterday.

Q35: Which of the following sentences can't be used to conclude an essay on mental health?

- (A) To conclude, one must always keep their mental health in check to avoid complications.
- (B) In conclusion, paying attention to your physical and mental state could save your life.
- (C) However, most practices require a lot of mental effort and perseverance.
- (D) To sum up, mental health issues could stem from several experiences, not just stress.

Q36: How would you start an email to a friend?

- (A) By checking how your friend is doing
- (B) By checking your understanding
- (C) By thanking your friend in advance
- (D) By explaining the problem

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Effective leadership entails communicating an organisation's objectives and future visions to its employees.

- (A) تتضمن القيادة المؤثرة إعلام الموظفين بأهداف المؤسسة ورؤاها المستقبلية.
- (B) لا تنطوي القيادة المؤثرة على توصيل أهداف المؤسسة والرؤى المستقبلية لموظفيها
- (C) القيادة المؤثرة تنطوي على عدم توصيل أهداف المؤسسة
- (D) تنطوي القيادة المؤثرة على توصيل أهداف المؤسسة وكذلك الرؤى المستقبلية لمديرها.

Q38: Traditional celebrations are among the most essential elements shaping our cultural sense.

- (A) الاحتفالات العصرية واحدة من أهم العناصر الأساسية التي تشكل إحساسنا الثقافي.
- (B) تُعدُّ الاحتفالات التقليدية أحد أهم العناصر الأساسية التي تشكل حسنا الثقافي.
- (C) تُعدُّ الاحتفالات التقليدية عنصراً من أهم العناصر الأساسية التي تُقلِّل إحساسنا الثقافي.
- (D) الاحتفالات التقليدية ليست أحد العناصر الأساسية التي تُشكل إحساسنا الثقافي.

Q39: في ظل الزيادة السريعة لتعداد سكان العالم، من المتوقع أن يتزايد الطلب على الموارد الغذائية.

- (A) Due to the fasting increase of the world's population, the demand for more food resources is predicted to rise.
- (B) With the rapid increase of the world's population, the demand for more food resources is expected to rise.
- (C) With the fast increase of the number of world's peoples, the supply of more food resources is expected to raise.
- (D) In the light of the rapid increase of the world's population, the demand for more fuel resources is expected to rise.

Q40: من المهم جداً تذكر شرب ما يكفي من الماء؛ لأن هذا يساعد في تنظيم درجة حرارة الجسم.

- (A) It's very important to remember to drink enough liquid because this helps arrange body temperature.
 (B) It's very important to remind to drink enough water, as it helps regulate body temperature.
 (C) As it helps lower body temperature, it is extremely vital to remember to drink enough water.
 (D) It's extremely important to remember to drink enough water, as it helps regulate body temperature.

Test (19)

Q1: The school principal.....an explanation for my brother's frequent absence from school.

- (A) experienced (B) misled (C) demanded (D) qualified

Q2: Women's rights organisations are fighting.....against women around the globe.

- (A) universe (B) prejudice (C) fortune (D) men

Q3: My teacher talked to me about the problem of procrastination, which can affect my academic success. The word procrastination means.....

- (A) thinking positively (B) haunting someone
 (C) bringing together (D) delaying tasks

Q4: Our boss asked us to join the work meeting held at 10:00 am. The antonym of join is

- (A) enter (B) identify (C) leave (D) disappear

Q5: One of the biggest limitations that he had to.....in his old job was the instability of his working hours.

- (A) overcome (B) income (C) welcome (D) outcome

Q6: It's a bit.....in here. Shall I turn the light on?

- (A) payoff (B) gloomy (C) rough (D) sigh

Q7: Johncrossed the road to avoid speaking to Jane .

- (A) guilty (B) identity (C) fiercely (D) deliberately

Q8: Legends sometimes contain true stories that have been.....

- (A) exaggerated (B) fed up (C) moral (D) apart

Q9: No sooner..... the invention than she knew how to produce the same results herself and immediately started to make her own device.

- (A) she had considered (B) has she been considering
 (C) had she considered (D) she considered

Q10: He start to see positive effects on his concentration after he's made a study plan; they're usually very helpful.

- (A) may (B) shouldn't (C) couldn't (D) can

Q11: I'm going to lookfor when I finish university; I want to start work straight away.

- (A) opportunities into (B) opportunities (C) into (D) into opportunities

Q12: Good study habits allow us.....more productive.

- (A) to be (B) be (C) being (D) were

Q13: When I was little, I.....always want to visit every room in the museum because I found everything so interesting.

- (A) didn't use to (B) would (C) wouldn't (D) will

Q14: India,.....population is around 1.38 billion, has the largest number of endangered languages in the world.

- (A) whose (B) which (C) where (D) that

Q15: The interviewer asked me why.....applying for the job.

- (A) I had (B) I was (C) was I (D) had I

Q16: Everything in my bag fell..... the floor.

- (A) down (B) onto (C) at (D) into

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

One hot summer's day, after a large lunch stolen from the farmer's vegetable patch, Rabbit was hopping back home along the edge of the forest when he came across an old well with a rope and two buckets hanging inside it: one at the top and one down at the bottom.

"That bucket looks like a nice, cool spot for a nap," he thought. But no sooner had he hopped into it than he realised his terrible mistake: with a short squeal and a loud splash, Rabbit plummeted down into the dark, damp well with his bucket, while the lighter bucket at the bottom of the well shot up past him into the sunlight.

Now, Fox, who hadn't had lunch yet, had been following Rabbit for a long time and was very puzzled by what he had just seen. "Why would Rabbit jump into the well?" he wondered. "He must have hidden something valuable at the bottom." He trotted over to the edge of the well and peered down into the darkness. "Hey, Rabbit, what are you doing down there?"

Rabbit realised this was his only chance to escape and perhaps to get rid of his old enemy once and for all: even a very well-fed rabbit is lighter than a fox. "Oh hello, Fox, what a surprise—you've discovered my secret fishing spot! It's full of the most delicious fish," he lied. "I'll share them with you if you promise not to eat me."

Well, hungry Fox realised that he could have the delicious rabbit and delicious fish all at once. "All right, I promise," he replied, licking his lips. "But how do I get down?"

"Oh that's easy—just jump into that bucket!" said Rabbit, smiling up at Fox.

Q17: Why had Fox been following Rabbit?

- (A) Fox wanted to help him.
(B) Fox was curious about what Rabbit was doing in the well.
(C) Fox wanted to make friends with him.
(D) Fox was hungry and wanted to eat him.

Q18: Which of the following best summarises the second paragraph?

- (A) Fox gets stuck in a well. (B) Rabbit takes a nap.
(C) Rabbit gets into trouble. (D) Rabbit returns home.

Q19: What is the meaning of the underlined word plummeted?

- (A) Sank slowly (B) Floated peacefully
(C) Rose sharply (D) Fell quickly

Q20: What does Fox think is Rabbit's reason for jumping into the well?

- (A) Rabbit is running away from him.
(B) Rabbit has hidden something precious at the bottom.
(C) Rabbit wants to take a nap.
(D) Rabbit has fallen in by accident.

Q21: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) Rabbit was no longer hungry. (B) Rabbit is a thief.
(C) Fox wants to help Rabbit. (D) Fox doesn't plan to keep his promise.

Q22: In the final paragraph, why is Rabbit smiling at Fox?

- (A) Rabbit is excited about escaping the well with Fox.
(B) Rabbit is pretending to have good intentions.
(C) Rabbit wants to share his fish with Fox.
(D) Rabbit is happy that Fox is not hungry.

Q23: What does Rabbit hope will happen next?

- (A) Fox will jump into the other bucket and share the delicious fish with Rabbit.
(B) Fox won't jump into the bucket because he knows it's a trick.
(C) Fox will jump into the other bucket and eat Rabbit.
(D) By jumping into the other bucket, Fox will accidentally help Rabbit to escape.

Q24: What is the moral of this story?

- (A) Rabbits are cleverer than foxes. (B) Being greedy will get you into trouble.
(C) It's important to share what you have. (D) Teamwork is vital to success.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

We may think of dinosaurs as dangerous and powerful, but what would you say if you found out that they caught colds and coughs?

Scientists have come across something they have never seen before: lumps in the neck of a dinosaur. They believe that these were caused by a virus that affected breathing. The fossil that led to this finding was of a long-necked herbivorous, or plant-eating, dinosaur that the scientists have nicknamed Dolly.

This dinosaur was discovered in 1990 in Montana, USA, and it is thought to be around 150 million years old. When looking at the neck, scientists located peculiar bony bumps in places that would have been connected to the dinosaur's lungs. Due to this location, it is believed that the viral infection that affected this dinosaur was a respiratory illness. Usually, diseases that affect breathing don't have an impact on bones, so Dolly must have been very ill.

Although this wasn't great for Dolly, it is exciting for those interested in the life of dinosaurs. Most diseases affect the organs and skin rather than the skeleton. But it is that hard organic matter that is most likely to be preserved in fossils, which are all that scientists have available to investigate the things that affected dinosaurs' bodies. When looking for signs of illness in dinosaurs from millions of years ago, most of the evidence so far has only been found in their teeth, knees, and elbow joints.

Experts can study these issues and determine more about the evolution of dinosaurs; in fact, the infection that Dolly had seems to be almost identical to one found in birds today; a fact that further confirms the link, first revealed in the 19th century, between these animals.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is.....

- (A) dinosaurs died millions of years ago (B) the dangers of viruses
(C) a new discovery (D) dinosaurs were all killed by infections

Q26: Despite their....., dinosaurs could also get runny noses and sore throats.

- (A) danger (B) strength (C) science (D) age

Q27: A respiratory illness usually only affects.....

- (A) viruses (B) bones (C) joints (D) breathing

Q28: Scientists are particularly interested in this finding because..... .

- (A) it told them about the dinosaur's teeth and joints
- (B) they don't know much about dinosaur illnesses not related to bones
- (C) Dolly was discovered in America
- (D) it was a fossil of soft organic material

Q29: Which of the following is not true about the dinosaur that had the neck lumps?

- (A) It didn't eat meat.
- (B) It was alive 150 million years ago.
- (C) The scientist who discovered it was called Dolly
- (D) The neck lumps were on the dinosaur's bones.

Q30: Scientists are.....that the dinosaur they found had been extremely unwell.

- (A) unhappy
- (B) certain
- (C) unsure
- (D) angry

Q31: Which of the following sentences can best summarise the fourth paragraph?

- (A) Bones are the most useful tool scientists have available to tell them about dinosaurs.
- (B) Scientists look at dinosaurs' organs to know how they became ill.
- (C) Fossils can show scientists all the types of illnesses that dinosaurs had.
- (D) Dinosaurs only suffered from teeth and knee problems.

Q32: According to the passage, dinosaurs may be similar to..... .

- (A) infections
- (B) evolution
- (C) humans
- (D) birds

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) My exboss has retired and is now volunteering at a wildlife conservation project.
- (B) My ex boss has retired and is now volunteering at a wildlife conservation project.
- (C) My ex-boss has retired and is now volunteering at a wildlife conservation project.
- (D) My ex-boss has retired and is now volunteering at a wildlife conservation project?

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) I should have brought food in this long journey.
- (B) I should have brought food for this long journey.
- (C) I should brought food for this long journey.
- (D) I should have to buy food for this long journey.

Q35: "Regularly evaluating new work habits is necessary in order to know how successful their impact has been." This could be part of an article about .

- (A) maintaining a healthy work-life balance
- (B) evaluating study plans
- (C) how to enhance work ethic
- (D) the effectiveness of innovative work techniques

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show two events happening at the same time?

- (A) Consequently
- (B) Personally
- (C) Meanwhile
- (D) Due to

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Not only does travelling help lower your stress, but it also increases your tolerance towards cultural differences.

- (A) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف الإرهاق فحسب، بل يزيد من تسامحك في الاختلافات الثقافية.
- (B) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر، ولا يزيد من تقبُّك الاختلافات الثقافية.
- (C) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر فحسب، بل يزيد أيضاً من تقبُّك الاختلافات الثقافية.
- (D) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر فحسب، بل يزيد من تسامحك.

Q38: Ways of unlocking creativity include learning a musical instrument and playing chess.

- (A) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع لعب الطاولة.
 (B) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للذكاء تعلم العزف على آلة موسيقية، ولعب الشطرنج.
 (C) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع لعب الشطرنج.
 (D) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع تعلم العزف على آلة موسيقية، ولعب الشطرنج.

Q39: يجب على المرء ألا يسرف في تناول الأطعمة الغنية بالدهون؛ لأنها تزيد من خطر الإصابة بالنوبات القلبية.

- (A) A person must have a lot of foods that are not rich in fats, as this raises the risk of heart attacks.
 (B) One must not eat too more high-fat foods, as it raises the risk of heart attacks.
 (C) A person should not eat too much high-fattening foods, as it increases the risk of having heart diseases.
 (D) One must not eat too much high-fat foods, as it increases the risk of heart attacks.

Q40: يجب أن يشجع التعليم التعاون والتفكير النقدي؛ لأنهما من المهارات الأساسية اللازمة في أسواق العمل.

- (A) Education should only encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are the two essential skills needed in job markets.
 (B) Education should encourage communication and creative thinking, as they are from the essential skills needed in job markets.
 (C) Education should encourage collaboration and creative thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.
 (D) Education should encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.

Test (20)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: She..... herself in completing her research.

- (A) operated (B) evolved (C) immersed (D) recognised

Q2: Schools are promoting the importance of maintaining students'

- (A) well behaved (B) inheritance (C) well-being (D) fighting

Q3: The ICT team.....new software on the employees' computers.

- (A) joined (B) varied (C) installed (D) stayed

Q4: The new school administration is following new techniques to raise students' levels.

- (A) diary (B) productivity (C) smart (D) solution

Q5: People are usually.....differently if they are elderly.

- (A) hoped (B) treated (C) hopeful (D) treatment

Q6: Trafalgar Square is one of London's best-known..... .

- (A) bargain (B) landmarks (C) ancient (D) temples

Q7: Britain has a number of minority languages, but thelanguage is English.

- (A) unique (B) identity (C) fluent (D) dominant

Q8: Would you mind keeping the ladderwhile I climb up?

- (A) bored (B) steady (C) humble (D) exaggerated

Q9: John.....editor of this news website for a long time now.

- (A) has been (B) was being (C) was (D) is

Q10: What was even..... than her defeat was how bravely she faced the interviews afterwards.

- (A) more surprising (B) surprising (C) most surprising (D) the most surprising

Q11: I'm excited that Inext door to my best friend from tomorrow!

- (A) live (B) will have lived (C) have lived (D) will be living

Q12: I'm worried that I won'tin time.

- (A) get done to my revision (B) get my revision done
(C) done my revision (D) all my revision gets done

Q13: All eligible interns will.....the chance to attend the new training programme.

- (A) offer (B) be offered (C) been offered (D) to be offered

Q14: There isn't..... cake left, I'm afraid.

- (A) none (B) many (C) little (D) much

Q15: My mother.....us to work hard in school.

- (A) urged (B) stated (C) declared (D) said

Q16: Could you hand mescissors?

- (A) those (B) that (C) this (D) these

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Hey everyone! First of all, thanks for clicking on my page, especially if you're a new subscriber :) Every new follower I get is like a kind word of encouragement on my mission to uncover the best independent eateries in London!

If you've read my posts before (or follow my Instagram account), you'll already know I'm a HUGE fan of Vietnamese food. It all started the first time I had a summer roll. I was expecting something crispy and deep fried, so I was totally unprepared for the incredible lightness of all those lovely crunchy vegetables, the fresh mint leaves, the chewy texture of moist rice paper, and the sweet & salty heaven of the peanut dipping sauce. WOW.

So, imagine my excitement when a tiny southeast Asian takeaway place opened up just two doors down from my flat! Until recently, that space had been a boring old fish & chip shop. Call me unpatriotic, but I really wish my national dish wasn't quite such a bland and greasy disappointment.

I visited this new place to meet the owners on the day it opened. Anh and Bao are a lovely older couple who have recently moved here. I had just eaten, but I still couldn't resist a crispy Vietnamese pancake filled with spicy pork, shrimp, and bean sprouts, served with the most delicious fish sauce. It was to die for.

I mentioned to Bao that I am a food blogger, gave him my details, and suggested we collaborate. Now, I'm just waiting for an invitation to come and try all of their specialities. As always, click Subscribe for automatic updates about which of their dishes to look out for, as well as discount codes for my loyal readers! ;)

Q17 :What type of text is this?

- (A) A recipe (B) A letter (C) An email (D) A blog

Q18:Which paragraph describes the author's first experience of Vietnamese food?

- (A) Paragraph 1 (B) Paragraph 2 (C) Paragraph 3 (D) Paragraph 4

Q19:Which of the following could be a synonym for the underlined word eateries?

- (A) Museums (B) Parks (C) Restaurants (D) Stations

Q20 :Which of the following is a list of words from the text that can be used to describe food?

- (A) Bland, mint, resist, and specialities
(B) Fresh, delicious, unpatriotic, and dishes
(C) Crispy, greasy, crunchy, and chewy
(D) Moist, deep fried, sweet, and loyal

Q21: How does the author intend to collaborate with Anh and Bao?

- (A) She wants to work in the takeaway kitchen.
- (B) She wants them to read and subscribe to her articles.
- (C) She wants to advertise their business to her readers.
- (D) She wants to deliver Vietnamese food in London.

Q22: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) The takeaway business is very close to the author's apartment.
- (B) The author sometimes offers money off at restaurants.
- (C) The author says that she would die for fish and chips.
- (D) The author has written about Vietnamese food before.

Q23: According to the text, summer rolls are served.....

- (A) frozen (B) boiled (C) deep fried (D) fresh

Q24: Why is the author able to offer food discount codes to her readers?

- (A) She distributes the codes created by the restaurant to attract customers.
- (B) She pays her readers to subscribe to her articles.
- (C) She pays the businesses to give cheap food to her readers.
- (D) The businesses pay her to test food for them.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Marriage is one of the oldest human institutions and is celebrated all over the world. It's hardly surprising, therefore, that, over time, different cultures have developed unique ways of marking this special moment in family life, often with hidden meanings.

Confetti is commonly used across the globe to shower newlyweds with colourful bits of paper after a wedding ceremony. But this Italian word actually refers to sugared almonds, a traditional treat given to wedding guests. In the past, these extremely hard sweets were sometimes thrown at the couple! It's easy to see why people switched to using paper cut-outs instead.

Meanwhile, in Germany, it's not uncommon for the happy couple to receive a long, two-person saw with a handle at each end, in a tradition called Baumstammsägen. The bride and groom must each take one of the handles and cut through a log by pushing and pulling until the blade severs the wood in two. This is meant to symbolise the struggles of married life and the mutual give and take needed in a successful and long-lasting relationship.

However, there are many wedding traditions where the symbolism is less clear. The people of the Tidong community in Malaysia have a custom that is quite baffling to foreigners: for three whole days and nights after the wedding, the newly married couple are not allowed to use the toilet! During this time, they are given only tiny quantities of food and drink, while friends and family members are specially chosen as guards to ensure they don't escape. Breaking the tradition by using the toilet is believed to spell disaster for the marriage: divorce, unfaithfulness, or even the death of a child.

Q25 : The most suitable title for this text is.

- (A) Common Causes of Divorce (B) My Beautiful Wedding
- (C) How to Find a Wife (D) Weird Wedding Customs

Q26 The tradition in which the married couple work on wood together is called.

- (A) symbolism (B) Tidong (C) confetti (D) Baumstammsägen

Q27 People who have just got married can be called.

- (A) wedding (B) newlyweds (C) marriage (D) divorced

Q28: Which of the following is the best antonym of the underlined word severs?

- (A) Makes (B) Cuts (C) Grows (D) Joins

Q29: Which of the following is not true, according to the text?

- (A) Wedding traditions vary a lot from culture to culture.
- (B) Tidong brides can't see their family for three days after the wedding.
- (C) Traditional wedding sweets are called confetti in Italian.
- (D) Compromise and collaboration are part of a happy marriage.

Q30: According to the text, why is modern confetti made of paper instead of nuts?

- (A) Paper is cheaper than sweets.
- (B) Being hit by sugared almonds would be painful for the couple.
- (C) Wedding guests always ate the treats instead of throwing them.
- (D) Paper is better for the environment than almonds.

Q31: How does Baumstammsägen represent married life?

- (A) The wife has to do all the work.
- (B) Both require effort and teamwork.
- (C) Both would be easier with a chainsaw.
- (D) Both are cheap and good fun.

Q32: Why are Tidong brides and grooms only given tiny quantities of food?

- (A) To reduce their need to use the toilet
- (B) Because they and their families are very poor
- (C) So that they get hungry
- (D) To increase their chances of divorce

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) No, Ronald, you should have asked me before taking that medicine?
- (B) No, Ronald, you should have asked me, before taking that medicine.
- (C) No, Ronald, you should have asked me before taking that medicine.
- (D) No Ronald, you should have asked me before taking that medicine.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) Egyptians have celebrated Easter last week. They hadn't celebrated it since the COVID-19 outbreak.
- (B) Egyptians will celebrate Easter next week. They hadn't celebrated it since the COVID-19 outbreak.
- (C) Egyptians celebrated Easter last week. They haven't celebrated it since the COVID-19 outbreak.
- (D) Egyptians celebrated Easter last week. They hadn't celebrated it since the COVID-19 outbreak.

Q35: Which of the following sentences can't be used to conclude an essay on online reviews?

- (A) Firstly, the internet is a free search tool that is open to everyone around the globe.
- (B) To conclude, it is not wise to trust people you do not personally know.
- (C) In conclusion, despite the usefulness of online reviews, they cannot be blindly relied on.
- (D) To sum up, online reviews allow you to make an informed decision about a particular product.

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show a conclusion?

- (A) In short
- (B) Due to
- (C) In addition
- (D) Consequently

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: The outbreak of COVID-19 has led to a significant change in consumer behaviour, as more customers are shopping online.

- (A) لم يَنجُم عن تفشّي كوفيد-19 تغيّر في سلوك المُستهلك بسبب زيادة عدد المُستهلكين الذين يتسوّقون عبر الإنترنت.
- (B) نَجَمَ عن تفشّي كوفيد-19 تغيّر كبير في سلوك المُستهلك؛ حيث زاد عدد المُستهلكين الذين يتسوّقون عبر الإنترنت.
- (C) نَجَمَ عن تفشّي كوفيد-19 تغيّر كبير في سلوك التاجر نظراً لتسوّق المزيد من المُستهلكين عبر الإنترنت.
- (D) نَجَمَ عن تفشّي كوفيد-19 تغيّر كبير في رأي المُستهلك الذي يتسوّق عبر الإنترنت.

Q38: Smart buildings are a great solution to save our planet, as they use the latest technology to increase energy efficiency.

- (A) المباني الذكية ليست حلًا ذكيًا لإنقاذ كوكبنا؛ فهي لا تستخدم أحدث التقنيات لزيادة كفاءة استخدام الطاقة.
 (B) المباني الذكية حلٌّ لتدمير كوكبنا؛ وذلك لأنها تستخدم أحدث التقنيات لزيادة كفاءة استخدام الطاقة.
 (C) المباني الذكية حلٌّ رائع لإنقاذ كوكبنا؛ وذلك لأنها تستخدم أحدث التقنيات لزيادة كفاءة استخدام الطاقة.
 (D) تُعدُّ المباني الذكية حلًا رائعًا؛ وذلك لأنها تستخدم أحدث التقنيات لزيادة كفاءة استخدام الطاقة.

Q39: يُعتبر الإنترنت أداة أساسية لتكوين صداقات جديدة في نظر جيل الشباب.

- (A) For the young generation, the net is very important to communicate with new friends.
 (B) For the younger generation, the internet is considered an essential tool for making new friends.
 (C) The internet is considered essential by the youth for making up new friends.
 (D) For the younger generation, the internet is seen as a smart tool for making new friends.

Q40: إن مكافحة التمييز على أساس الجنس في أماكن العمل يمكن أن يشجع على الابتكار وزيادة الإنتاجية الكلية للمؤسسة.

- (A) Combating gender discrimination at the workplace may encourage innovation and increase an organisation's overall productivity.
 (B) To combat gender dissemination at the workplace may support invention and increase an organisation's overall productivity.
 (C) Combating gender discrimination at the workplace may encourage innovation and increase an organisation's overall productivity.
 (D) Fighting discrimination based on sex at the workplace can encourage tolerance and increase an organisation's productivity.

Test (21)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: Doctors are.....with using natural remedies in treating their patients.

- (A) scolding (B) experimenting (C) daring (D) running

Q2: Knowing how to prioritise your tasks means you have efficient.....skills.

- (A) affection (B) negotiation (C) procrastination (D) time management

Q3: I asked him to.....the music because I was in the middle of a virtual work meeting.

- (A) clear off (B) turn down (C) break into (D) turn up

Q4: Yesterday, they attended a lecture about how to increase employee.....in the workplace.

- (A) lodging (B) efficiency (C) exhaustion (D) drawback

Q5: A trip to South Sinai, Egypt,.....exciting water activities with desert adventures.

- (A) awards (B) combines (C) checks (D) states

Q6: This.....was erected to commemorate all the animals that died in World Wars I and II.

- (A) civilisation (B) elaborate (C) value (D) monument

Q7: I want to organize.....festival to celebrate and show off the diverse heritage of the people in our community.

- (A) an influence (B) a deep-seated (C) a multicultural (D) ancestors

Q8: At the end of the film, I saw John wipe a from his eye.

- (A) humour (B) myth (C) tear (D) culture

Q9: When I was at school, people.....much about climate change.

- (A) don't talk (B) weren't talking (C) haven't talked (D) haven't been talking

Q10: She didn't like them much and preferred to work with people who were.....

- (A) kindest (B) kinder (C) the kindest (D) kinder than

Q11: It's already quite late, so little Jameswhen you arrive.

- (A) is sleeping (B) will sleep (C) will have slept (D) will be sleeping

Q12: You really need to get this report.....before tomorrow.

- (A) doing (B) did (C) do (D) done

Q13: All enquiries should.....to our customer services team.

- (A) be sent (B) to be sent (C) send (D) been sent

Q14: Do you have.....time available today to talk about the project?

- (A) little (B) a few (C) many (D) any

Q15: The flight attendant asked.....to turn his phone off.

- (A) his (B) him (C) he's (D) he

Q16: Look over there.....strange man is back again.

- (A) That (B) Those (C) This (D) These

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

A long time ago, when the world was new, there lived a huge whale. He swam around the oceans eating anything he could find, and he grew fat and greedy. All the fish were terrified of him. One day, he looked up and saw something floating on the surface of the water.

"I don't know what that is, but it looks tasty!" he thought.

Meanwhile, up on the surface, there was an unfortunate sailor, who had been shipwrecked. He clung helplessly to what was left of his old wooden ship, trying to stay afloat. Suddenly, the sea made a horrible sucking sound and opened up underneath him, and, moments later, he found himself inside the whale's enormous, dark belly along with his pile of broken wood.

With nothing to lose, the sailor stamped his feet and beat his fists angrily.

"Take me back to the shore at once, or you'll regret it!" he bellowed, jumping up and down.

"Argh!" gasped the whale, painfully. "I don't feel very well. Maybe I should do as he says".

The whale swam as fast as he could to the nearest coast, but inside his belly the human started work: he took his pieces of wood and wedged them tightly across the whale's throat in different directions, making a wooden grid with tiny holes. They arrived on shore and the whale spat him out.

The sailor ran as fast as he could up the beach and out of sight. But from that day, because of the wooden filter stuck in his throat, the whale could only eat tiny sea creatures and was no longer a danger to humans or any of the bigger fish. And so it remains to this day.

Q17: This text is an example of a.....

- (A) play (B) historical article
(C) children's story (D) nature documentary

Q18: The third paragraph ("Meanwhile ...") is mostly about.....

- (A) why the sailor was in the water
(B) what it's like inside a whale
(C) why whales are always hungry
(D) how the sailor was swallowed by the whale

Q19: Which of the following could be an antonym of the underlined word bellowed?

- (A) Wondered (B) Laughed (C) Shouted (D) Whispered

Q20: Why did the whale say that he was feeling unwell?

- (A) He couldn't eat big fish anymore.
 (B) The sailor was trying to hurt him from the inside.
 (C) He had eaten too much fish.
 (D) The wooden grid was stuck in his throat.

Q21: Why did the sailor have "nothing to lose?"

- (A) He was already very slim.
 (B) His situation could hardly get any worse.
 (C) He was perfectly safe.
 (D) He didn't have anything with him.

Q22: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) The whale died because he couldn't eat anymore.
 (B) The whale thought the human would be good to eat.
 (C) The sailor survived being swallowed by the whale.
 (D) The sailor threatened to harm the whale.

Q23: Why was the sailor in the water?

- (A) He was building a ship. (B) His ship had sunk.
 (C) He wanted to go swimming (D) He was trying to kill the whale

Q24: This story.....

- (A) tells of real historical events many thousands of years ago
 (B) is a myth invented to explain why whales don't eat humans
 (C) was written to warn against being shipwrecked.
 (D) is a legend invented to explain why whales want to eat humans

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Technology has become crucial to our lives in the 21st century. We use it for work, entertainment, communication, and so on. Most people would struggle to live without it. However, until now, technology has remained mainly external to our bodies. But what if we are about to merge with our technology?

Nanomedicine is one technology anticipated to become a reality very soon. With technology and the human body, medicine has always been a pioneer, with devices such as pacemakers and hearing aids already existing for decades. Nanomedicine stands apart from these other medical technologies because of its very small size. The word "nano" refers to things that are impossible or very hard for humans to see without the aid of a microscope. One potential use of this technology would be that of Nanorobots. Nanorobots, which are microscopic robots, could theoretically be injected into patients to detect or repair damages. This process could be carried out at a molecular or even atomic level, making highly dangerous diseases a thing of the past. However, it's still unclear whether or not this technology is practical or even possible.

The second, more widespread technology we see even today is that of human microchip implants. The microchips are usually injected under the skin and then positioned during a very minor procedure. Their main use is storing data. Among the information they can hold are keycards, medical history, and payment cards. By eliminating external cards and data storage, this technology could one day

revolutionise our lives.

As time passes and technology advances, new technologies are inevitably invented. It is only a matter of time until some of this technology is integrated into our bodies. Whether this is a positive or negative thing, however, remains to be seen.

Q25: What is the main idea of the text?

- (A) Why the future of medicine is going to be dangerous.
- (B) How technology will one day replace our bodies altogether.
- (C) The use of internal technology within our bodies.
- (D) How future technology is going to be very expensive.

Q26: Which of the following is a good summary for the first paragraph?

- (A) Technology is extremely important and we will soon incorporate it into our bodies.
- (B) Technology is about to reach its peak and we should be grateful.
- (C) Too many people do not understand the importance of technology.
- (D) We rely on technology too much in our lives and need to replace it.

Q27: What is the meaning of the underlined word crucial?

- (A) Annoying
- (B) Unnecessary
- (C) Important
- (D) Expensive

Q28: According to the text, how could nanorobots be important for medicine?

- (A) They would be a lot cheaper than other treatments.
- (B) They would be able to completely replace doctors.
- (C) They would allow people to carry out medical procedures in their own homes.
- (D) They would make dangerous illnesses no longer a threat.

Q29: According to the text, why might we never see nanorobots used in patients?

- (A) They are still only a theory and are yet to be proven possible.
- (B) Once inside the body, they could accidentally cause damage to the patient.
- (C) They are extremely expensive and most hospitals couldn't afford them.
- (D) There are ethical concerns when it comes to using robots inside a patient.

Q30: According to the text, what is one example of internal technology that is already in use?

- (A) Microchip implants
- (B) Automatic language translation
- (C) Brain chips
- (D) Internal diagnostic readings

Q31: According to the passage, how could microchip implants benefit us?

- (A) They will make technology less expensive.
- (B) We will be able to show them off to our friends.
- (C) We will be able to track our children.
- (D) They will end the need for external cards and data storage.

Q32: According to the text, how could the use of internal technology affect our lives?

- (A) It could make our lives more dangerous.
- (B) It could make our lives more expensive.
- (C) It could make our lives more exciting.
- (D) It could make our lives safer and easier.

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) She is asking "if you would like to have lunch on Saturday night?"
- (B) She is asking if you would like to have lunch on Saturday night.
- (C) She is asking "if you would like to have lunch on Saturday night".
- (D) She is asking if you would like to have lunch on Saturday night?

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) We had pizza last Monday. We hadn't have it since my birthday party.
- (B) We had pizza last Monday. We haven't eaten it since my birthday party.
- (C) We had pizza last Monday. We hadn't eaten it since my birthday party.
- (D) We have had pizza last Monday. We haven't eaten it since my birthday party.

Q35: "The fastest method of communication nowadays is social media. Our smartphones and computers connect us to the world in order to exchange knowledge and experiences with other people".

This could be part of an article about.

- (A) outdated forms of communication
- (B) how formal communication methods are becoming harder to manage
- (C) advantages and disadvantages of communication
- (D) the impact of technology on our lives

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show a contrast?

- (A) For example
- (B) However
- (C) Due to
- (D) Personally

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Working from home has significantly reduced the amount of time spent with friends and family members.

- (A) العمل من المنزل أدى إلى تقليص الوقت الذي تقضيه مع زملاء العمل وأفراد الأسرة تقليصاً ملحوظاً.
- (B) أدى العمل من المنزل إلى زيادة الوقت الذي تقضيه مع الأصدقاء وأفراد الأسرة.
- (C) العمل من المنزل أدى إلى تقليص الوقت الذي تقضيه مع الأصدقاء.
- (D) أدى العمل من المنزل إلى تقليص الوقت الذي تقضيه مع الأصدقاء وأفراد الأسرة تقليصاً كبيراً.

Q38: Tolerance and empathy are key elements of living a peaceful harmonious life.

- (A) التسامح والحكمة عنصران أساسيان لعيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.
- (B) التسامح والتعاطف ليسا عنصرين أساسيين لعيش حياة يسودها السلام.
- (C) التسامح والتعاطف عنصران أساسيان لعيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.
- (D) التسامح والصبر عنصران أساسيان في عيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.

Q39: تُعتبر الأفلام الوثائقية أدوات تعليمية فعالة؛ لأنها تقدّم قدرًا كبيرًا من المعرفة بطريقة جذابة.

- (A) Documentaries are considered powerful documentation tools, as they display great and attractive knowledge.
- (B) Documented films are considered powerful educational tools because they provide a lot of information in a disengaging way.
- (C) Documentaries are considered powerful educational tools, as they display a great amount of knowledge in an engaging way.
- (D) Documentaries films are considered meaningful educational tools, as they display many data in an engaging way.

Q40: العمل لساعات طويلة من أجل الوفاء بالمواعيد النهائية قد يؤدي إلى زيادة مستويات التوتر والإرهاك.

- (A) Working for long hours until deadlines can lead to decreased levels of stress and exhaustion.
- (B) Long hours of working to be faithful to deadlines can lead to increasing stress and burnout.
- (C) Working for long hours to meet deadlines can lead to increased levels of stress and burnout.
- (D) Working for long hours to meet deadlines can lead to more levels of exhaustion and illness.

Test (22)

Q1: The new bluetooth speakers were.....after a huge demand for them was received.

- (A) pouted (B) turned down (C) involved (D) mass produced

Q2: He was.....for not completing his tasks on time.

- (A) scolded (B) mended (C) qualified (D) frowned

Q3: My parents couldn't reach me as I had forgotten to.....my mobile phone.

- (A) turn off (B) switch on (C) cross by (D) dare to

Q4: The company sent us a survey to.....our mental state.

- (A) research (B) vary (C) assess (D) boast

Q5: Theassistant addressed the meeting attendees in an angry tone

- (A) administrate (B) administer (C) administrative (D) administrator

Q6: The Port of Trieste in Italy is quite....., as long as there aren't too many tourists.

- (A) heritage (B) picturesque (C) attraction (D) archaeological

Q7: Jane wasin a multilingual household; she speaks three languages fluently!

- (A) proud (B) embraced (C) raised (D) roots

Q8: There seems to be no historical.....for most of the legends about King Arthur.

- (A) knights (B) causes (C) chivalry (D) evidence

Q9:.....to the plane as they were closing the gate?

- (A) Have you run (B) You're running
(C) Had you run (D) Were you running

Q10: Many wouldn't be surprised at her success if they had seen her as a student; she was.....student you'd ever seen.

- (A) the better behaved (B) less well-behaved
(C) the best-behaved (D) most well-behaved

Q11: Don't worry about your husband! After the surgery, the nurse.....him constantly.

- (A) monitors (B) will be monitoring
(C) is monitoring (D) have monitored

Q12: I'll.....down the address for you.

- (A) have Jeremy write (B) got Jeremy writing
(C) got Jeremy to write (D) get Jeremy written

Q13: All candidates have toby the manager.

- (A) approve (B) have approved (C) been approved (D) be approved

Q14: There were.....opportunities to share my concerns.

- (A) few (B) a little (C) any (D) much

Q15: Our teacher told us.....in the exam; anyone who did would be expelled.

- (A) to cheat (B) not to cheat (C) not cheating (D) not cheat

Q16:.....party is so boring. Can we leave?

- (A) That (B) This (C) - (D) A

28 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Joe had been dreading this day for a long time. Never in his 11 years of life had he looked forward to a day less. He couldn't believe it when his mother and father had first told him. "We're moving house," they had suddenly said. Joe still couldn't comprehend why. Everything was right here. He had reliable friends, a wonderful school, and a huge garden to play in. But the day had come and they were moving regardless of whether he liked it or not.

“Ready?” his mum asked kindly.

“Yes,” Joe said glumly.

“We can come back to visit your friends,” his dad said reassuringly.

Taking a deep breath, Joe got in his car as he left his house for the last time, with all the courage he could assemble.

In the car, the thought of his new home crossed his mind. Would the garden be too small to play football? Would the local children be unfriendly? Only time would tell, and, for Joe, time was quickly running out.

Eventually, after what seemed like a lifetime, the car stopped outside a house. But this could not be his new home, surely. It was too enormous and the garden looked more like a forest out of a fairytale. Joe found that the inside of the house was no less astounding. A huge marble staircase led up to his stunning new bedroom.

“Do you like it?” his mum asked with a huge smile on her face.

“Like it?” he said, “It’s amazing”!

Just as Joe was beginning to take it all in, he heard a friendly-sounding voice.

“Hi, I’m David, your new neighbour. Do you want to play”?

And Joe knew that this new house would be a great home.

Q17: The sentence that best summarises the first paragraph is.....

- (A) Joe couldn’t wait to show his friends his new house
- (B) Joe was wondering what his new house would be like
- (C) Joe did not want to move house
- (D) Joe was looking forward to moving house

Q18 : The central idea of the story is that.....

- (A) it takes a lot of time to do things in a team
- (B) children shouldn’t do what their parents tell them to do
- (C) things may not be as bad as they first seem
- (D) parents should criticise their children’s behaviour

Q19: What age is Joe when the story’s events take place?

- (A) Fifteen years old
- (B) Eleven years old
- (C) Thirteen years old
- (D) Eight years old

Q20: What did Joe think about on his way to the new house?

- (A) His ability to play in the garden and the attitude of the local kids
- (B) How much he disliked car journeys, as they made him feel sick
- (C) What his new school would be like, and his old friends
- (D) Whether he could get a dog at the new house

Q21: What is the meaning of the underlined word comprehend?

- (A) Dislike
- (B) Understand
- (C) Hear
- (D) Enjoy

Q22: According to the text, how did Joe feel about his new house at the end of the story?

- (A) He liked it very much.
- (B) He thought it was too large.
- (C) He found it difficult to breathe inside
- (D) He thought it was too small.

Q23: What is meant by the following quote from the text? “ Only time would tell, and, for Joe, time was quickly running out”.

- (A) Joe was getting closer to arriving at his new house and was worried.
- (B) Joe was hungry and would start to feel sick if he didn’t eat.
- (C) Joe could not wait to play with his new friends so was counting the minutes.
- (D) Joe needed the bathroom and was getting desperate.

Q24: Why would Joe be happy about his new neighbour, David, asking him to play?

- (A) He couldn't wait to show him his toys.
- (B) He only had imaginary friends.
- (C) He would be happy to make a new friend.
- (D) He was looking forward to playing video games with him.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Today, coffee is one of the most traded commodities in the world, second only to oil. In 2020, the coffee market was estimated to be worth \$102 billion. Millions of people around the globe start their morning with a cup of coffee. In addition to making coffee at home, many people frequent coffee houses that specialise in serving various forms of coffee and play a certain role as public spaces.

Legend has it, coffee was discovered in Ethiopia by the goat herder Kaldi. He noticed that after his goats ate some red berries (the fruit containing coffee beans) they demonstrated great energy. He shared this with a local monk, who then made a drink using the berries and noticed it kept him awake. Word spread and eventually coffee found its way to the Arabian Peninsula, from where it was traded to several continents.

Coffee proved so popular that coffee houses were created—the first appearing in the 15th century in Constantinople—and became centres for social interactions and exchanging knowledge. People could enjoy music and performances with their afternoon coffee. By the 17th century, coffee houses had appeared in Europe and became meeting points for academics and artists. Known as places of lively academic debate, they were dubbed “penny universities” in England, as a cup of coffee was one penny.

Coffee has only gained popularity since then, and contemporary coffee houses continue to resemble ancient ones. They serve the popular beverage while acting as meeting places for friends and colleagues to catch up and for strangers to bond. They are also popular spots for students and artists to study, work, write, and read, aided by this stimulating drink.

Q25: The main idea of the passage is that.....

- (A) coffee originated in Ethiopia
- (B) coffee is a popular drink and coffee houses serve a special purpose
- (C) coffee houses have been around for centuries
- (D) modern coffee houses are not like older ones

Q26: Which of the following best paraphrases the second paragraph?

- (A) The making of the first coffee drink
- (B) Coffee beans existing inside a type of small red berry
- (C) Coffee energising animals as well as humans
- (D) How we came to discover coffee

Q27: The word that best replaces the underlined word frequent is.....

- (A) often
- (B) completely
- (C) rare
- (D) visit

Q28: What is the meaning of the underlined word resemble?

- (A) Be different from
- (B) Be far from
- (C) Be better than
- (D) Be similar to

Q29: Which of the following is true according to the text?

- (A) Coffee is the most traded commodity in the world.

- (B) A cup of coffee still costs a penny in England.
 (C) Coffee houses were once visited by students and artists but not anymore.
 (D) The first coffee house was established in Constantinople.

Q30: Coffee houses were once known as “penny universities” in England because.....

- (A) one could buy a cup of coffee for a penny and listen to academic debates
 (B) they served discounted coffee to students
 (C) professors spent their free time drinking coffee
 (D) universities were closed then so students went to coffee houses to study

Q31: Many people begin their morning with coffee.....

- (A) because it wakes them up (B) to enjoy music and live performances
 (C) because coffee houses are everywhere (D) to engage in academic debates

Q32: The continued popularity of coffee suggests that.....

- (A) coffee is likely to remain popular in the near future
 (B) coffee houses now are greater in size than in the past
 (C) fewer people are going to coffee houses and more are making coffee at home
 (D) more younger people are drinking coffee than older people

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) Last year I studied four languages in college, English, Spanish, German, and Italian.
 (B) Last year, I studied four languages in college: English, Spanish, German, and Italian.
 (C) Last year, I studied four languages in college; English, Spanish, German, and Italian.
 (D) Last year I studied four languages in college: English and Spanish, German, and Italian.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- (A) I should have brought food in this long journey.
 (B) I should have brought food for this long journey.
 (C) I should brought food for this long journey.
 (D) I should have to buy food for this long journey.

Q35: “Regularly evaluating new work habits is necessary in order to know how successful their impact has been”. This could be part of an article about.....

- (A) maintaining a healthy work-life balance
 (B) evaluating study plans
 (C) how to enhance work ethic
 (D) the effectiveness of innovative work techniques

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show two events happening at the same time?

- (A) Consequently (B) Personally (C) Meanwhile (D) Due to

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Not only does travelling help lower your stress, but it also increases your tolerance towards cultural differences.

- (A) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف الإرهاق فحسب، بل يزيد من تسامحك في الاختلافات الثقافية.
 (B) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر، ولا يزيد من تقبُّك الاختلافات الثقافية.
 (C) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر فحسب، بل يزيد أيضاً من تقبُّك الاختلافات الثقافية.
 (D) لا يُساعدك السفر في تخفيف التوتر فحسب، بل يزيد من تسامحك.

Q38: Ways of unlocking creativity include learning a musical instrument and playing chess.

- (A) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع لعب الطاولة.
 (B) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للذكاء تعلُّم العزف على آلة موسيقية، ولعب الشطرنج.
 (C) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع لعب الشطرنج.
 (D) تتضمن طرق إطلاق العنان للإبداع تعلُّم العزف على آلة موسيقية، ولعب الشطرنج.

Q39: يجب على المرء ألا يُسرف في تناول الأطعمة الغنية بالدهون؛ لأنها تزيد من خطر الإصابة بالنوبات القلبية.

- (A) A person must have a lot of foods that are not rich in fats, as this raises the risk of heart attacks.
- (B) One must not eat too more high-fat foods, as it raises the risk of heart attacks.
- (C) A person should not eat too much high-fattening foods, as it increases the risk of having heart diseases.
- (D) One must not eat too much high-fat foods, as it increases the risk of heart attacks.

Q40: يجب أن يشجّع التعليم التعاون والتفكير النقدي؛ لأنهما من المهارات الأساسية اللازمة في أسواق العمل.

- (A) Education should only encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are the two essential skills needed in job markets.
- (B) Education should encourage communication and creative thinking, as they are from the essential skills needed in job markets.
- (C) Education should encourage collaboration and creative thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.
- (D) Education should encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.

Test (23)

03 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q1: The city was.....by tall, strong gates.

- (A) created (B) implemented (C) surrounded (D) promoted

Q2: I wish these horrible clouds would.....off so we can enjoy our picnic!

- (A) lead (B) regret (C) clear (D) wander

Q3: The teacher asked her student toher microphone and answer the question.

- (A) disappoint (B) unmute (C) catch up (D) unsee

Q4: She sent me an invitation to her birthday party, but I had to.....it because I have an exam tomorrow.

- (A) decline (B) accept (C) make (D) reflect

Q5: As of 2019, a woman can be elected as town.....

- (A) councillor (B) society (C) gatekeeper (D) centre

Q6: Yesterday, while cleaning my room, I.....some of my old toys.

- (A) came down (B) came up (C) came from (D) came across

Q7: I fell down and hurt my knee, so now I have to get it.....

- (A) bandaged (B) guided (C) spoiled (D) branded

Q8: Dedicating your life to a noble cause is one of the most.....things you can do.

- (A) humble (B) comfortable (C) shameful (D) honourable

Q9: She.....the report when the telephone rang.

- (A) wrote (B) is writing (C) was writing (D) has been writing

Q10: We named her after her.....aunt, who was always smiling.

- (A) even cheerful (B) most cheerful (C) less cheerful (D) the most cheerful

Q11: I prefer sitting by the window. seats with me?

- (A) Will you swap (B) Are you swapping
- (C) Will you be swapping (D) Will you have swapped

Q12: Did you.....your eyesight before you took your driving test?

- (A) got a doctor to examine (B) have a doctor examine
- (C) had a doctor examined (D) got a doctor examining

Q13: These letters need.....by your teacher and a parent or guardian.

- (A) being signed (B) sign (C) be signed (D) to be signed

Q14: We don't have.....time left to score a goal.

- (A) some (B) many (C) much (D) every

Q15: Since John was already late for the train, I suggested..... a ticket from the inspector on board.

- (A) to buy (B) him to buy (C) buying (D) buy

Q16: Please could you tell me the names of..... people over there?

- (A) those (B) this (C) these (D) that

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Harry was an exceptionally gifted boy; he always had been. It was only "the fear" that held him back in life. This wasn't a fear of the dark or the supernatural. No, it was the fear of communicating with his fellow human beings. Although he wanted to socialise, he just couldn't. "The fear" gripped him every time he tried to talk, causing him to freeze and be unable to speak.

It affected many aspects of Harry's life, from making friends to doing grocery shopping. Harry's life was ruled by "the fear." In his free time, he would play video games, keep to himself, and be confined to his room.

Harry had been walking home from school alone, as usual, when it happened. He saw it as he rounded the corner. The black dog stared straight at him, like it had been waiting there all along. Harry ignored it and carried on. The dog followed him, merrily strolling down the street.

"Please go away," Harry said warily, worrying that the dog might be aggressive.

However, the dog did not leave. In fact, it walked by his side now, wagging its tail as it did so. A little further down the road, Harry heard a voice call out.

"Your dog is beautiful!" the person said.

"Thank you," Harry replied, not realising that he had even spoken.

As he continued walking with the dog, he realised that "the fear" had not been present during that short conversation. In fact, it was no longer present at all. As the dog strolled beside him, Harry felt the most confident he'd ever been.

"Come," Harry said to the dog, "You're coming home with me".

So it did, and, from that day, "the fear" never bothered Harry again.

Q17: Which of the following best summarises the first paragraph?

- (A) Harry is scared of the dark.
(B) Harry is scared of ghosts.
(C) Harry can't talk to other people because he isn't clever.
(D) Harry is scared of talking to other people.

Q18: The central idea of the story is.....

- (A) that it is impossible to overcome your fears
(B) that if you don't socialise, you will succeed
(C) that a fear of socialising is a good thing
(D) overcoming the fear of socialising

Q19: How did Harry first meet the dog?

- (A) It followed him around his garden. (B) He met it while trying to make friends.
(C) He met it during grocery shopping. (D) He came upon it on his way home from school.

Q20: Which of these activities is stated to be affected by Harry's fear?

- (A) Grocery shopping (B) Eating
(C) Playing video games (D) Studying

Q21: Why would it be usual for Harry to walk home from school on his own?

- (A) Nobody else from school lived near him.
- (B) Other people were scared of his dog.
- (C) He enjoyed walking at his own pace.
- (D) He had trouble making friends because of his fear.

Q22: What is the meaning of the underlined word warily?

- (A) Angrily
- (B) Loudly
- (C) Badly
- (D) Carefully

Q23: Which of the following best describes the dog's role in the story?

- (A) It was able to help Harry overcome his fear by scaring him.
- (B) It became Harry's best friend, helping him get rid of the need for other friends.
- (C) It was able to protect Harry from the danger that the person he spoke to posed.
- (D) It was able to help Harry overcome his fear by giving him confidence.

Q24: How would getting over his fear benefit Harry?

- (A) He could watch scary films in the dark.
- (B) He would be able to have a better social life.
- (C) He would be able to get better marks.
- (D) He would be able to get better scores in video games.

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Cultural festivals are held all over the world, and they differ greatly depending on their location. Wonderful music, delicious local delicacies, and a strong sense of community can all be expected if you take part in one of these amazing adventures. Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, is home to one of the most famous and vibrant festivals. The Rio Carnival, as it is commonly known, dates back to the 1650s when locals would prepare elaborate feasts to honour the Greek gods. Now, it is a celebration before the fasting season of Lent begins. The Rio Carnival was first held in 1723, and, over time, dances and music were added, most notably samba music, which is now considered a traditional Brazilian form of music and is crucial to the carnival: without it, it wouldn't be the same.

The annual festival takes place 51 days before Easter and attracts more than 2 million visitors every day. It is often considered one of the world's greatest parties, as the city's streets come alive with intricate outfits, enormous flamboyant floats, and Brazilian rhythms.

The festival consists of three types of events. First of all, there are the Sambadrome parades, in which the city's leading samba schools compete to impress both the judges and the public with their elaborate costumes, complex choreography, and bewildering performances. Next are the world-famous street parties. Around 500 of them are held throughout the city, in which local neighbourhood bands play traditional samba music in front of enormous crowds of partygoers in outfits of all kinds. Finally, the city's rich and famous attend elegant carnival balls for a chance to win an award for the most outlandish costume.

Simply put, the Rio Carnival is a once-in-a-lifetime experience that even the most well-travelled person simply cannot afford to miss!

Q25: Which of the following is true according to the text?

- (A) Cultural festivals change every year.
- (B) Cultural festivals can change but the organisers have to get permission.
- (C) Cultural festivals vary depending on their location.
- (D) Cultural festivals are the same no matter where they are held.

Q26: Which of the following best summarises the second paragraph?

- Ⓐ How the Rio Carnival came to be
- Ⓑ What to eat during the carnival
- Ⓒ How samba music came to be
- Ⓓ The activities during the Rio Carnival

Q27: What is the meaning of the underlined word crucial?

- Ⓐ Challenging
- Ⓑ Essential
- Ⓒ Wonderful
- Ⓓ Dangerous

Q28: The Rio Carnival takes place.....

- Ⓐ once every 5 years
- Ⓑ once every 10 years
- Ⓒ once every year
- Ⓓ three times every year

Q29: The main idea of the fourth paragraph is that.....

- Ⓐ only locals can take part in the events
- Ⓑ the street parties are difficult to get tickets for
- Ⓒ the Sambadrome parades are the best events at the carnival
- Ⓓ the carnival is celebrated in different ways

Q30: According to the text, why may a visitor to the carnival feel overwhelmed?

- Ⓐ There are many visitors, leading to huge crowds.
- Ⓑ A visitor is expected to interact with as many people as possible at the carnival.
- Ⓒ The police are notorious for being aggressive at the carnival.
- Ⓓ Visitors are expected to follow a strict set of rules.

Q31: The purpose of the last paragraph is to.....

- Ⓐ tell readers where the carnival is
- Ⓑ persuade readers to visit the carnival
- Ⓒ explain the details of the carnival
- Ⓓ inform readers about other similar carnivals

Q32: According to the text, why might one day not be enough time to see everything at the carnival?

- Ⓐ There are many different things to see.
- Ⓑ It takes a long time to get through security.
- Ⓒ Each event is held on a separate day
- Ⓓ It is very easy to get lost.

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- Ⓐ When we go shopping I will buy fruits, vegetables and herbs from the supermarket.
- Ⓑ When we go shopping, I will buy fruits, vegetables, and herbs, from the supermarket.
- Ⓒ When we go shopping, I will buy fruits and vegetables and herbs from the supermarket.
- Ⓓ When we go shopping, I will buy fruits, vegetables, and herbs from the supermarket.

Q34: Which sentence is structured correctly?

- Ⓐ By 2022, Omar would started his new business.
- Ⓑ By 2022, Omar will have started his new business.
- Ⓒ By 2022, Omar will have been started his new business.
- Ⓓ By 2022, Omar will start his new business.

Q35: "Through this study, we were able to observe that working from home has significantly affected productivity levels". This could be part of an article about.

- Ⓐ productivity levels depend on working hours
- Ⓑ the effects of working from home
- Ⓒ the steps to increase productivity in the office
- Ⓓ observing what triggers changes in your work from home conditions

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show the result of something?

- Ⓐ As a result
- Ⓑ Personally
- Ⓒ Whilst
- Ⓓ For instance

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: Governments should promote places of cultural interest and landmarks to boost tourism.

- (A) يجب أن تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية والمعالم المهمة لتنشيط السياحة.
 (B) يجب أن تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن التي لا تتميز بأي أهمية ثقافية لتنشيط السياحة.
 (C) يجب أن تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية فقط لتنشيط السياحة.
 (D) يجب ألا تُروَّج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية والمعالم المهمة لتنشيط السياحة.

Q38: Children should be taught to hold onto their heritage so that their culture can live on.

- (A) يجب أن يتعلَّم الأطفال التمسُّك بتراثهم حتى تظلَّ ثقافتهم حيَّة.
 (B) يجب أن يتعلَّم الأطفال التمسُّك بأفكارهم حتى تظلَّ ثقافتهم حيَّة.
 (C) يجب أن يتعلَّم الأطفال التخلِّي عن تراثهم حتى تظلَّ ثقافتهم حيَّة.
 (D) يجب أن يتعلَّم الأطفال التمسُّك بتراثهم حتى تندثر ثقافتهم.

Q39: عادةً ما يُعرَّف المجتمع النجاح بأنه كسب كثير من المال، لكنَّ مفهوم النجاح له معنى أعمق من ذلك ويختلف من شخص لآخر.

- (A) Social often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
 (B) Society usually defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is thought differently from one person to the next.
 (C) Society often defines success as making a lot of money; however, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and differs from one person to the next.
 (D) Society often refines success as making lots of money; in addition, the concept of success has a deeper meaning than that and is defined differently by each individual.

Q40: لزيادة فرص توظيفك في سوق العمل التنافسي اليوم، يجب أن تكون لديك سيرة ذاتية قويَّة.

- (A) If you want to increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
 (B) To increase your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you must build a strong CV.
 (C) To increase your chances of employment in today's comparing job market, you must build a strong CV.
 (D) Increasing your chances of employment in today's competitive job market, you may build a strong CV.

Test (24)**08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

Q1: The artist created.....book that told stories through vivid images.

- (A) an illustrated (B) a frightened (C) an evolving (D) a distant

Q2: I know this headache would stop if I.....

- (A) got enough walk (B) got sleep enough
 (C) got walk (D) got enough sleep

Q3: Since immigrating to Canada, Mark has been struggling towith his friends.

- (A) keep the touch (B) stay in touch
 (C) keep on touch (D) stay to touch

Q4: I do not like dogs, so it is usually.....my own mother that I take hers for a walk.

- (A) at the request on (B) for the request on
 (C) at the request of (D) for the request of

Q5: Kindly..... to the wedding invitation before Monday.

- (A) RIP (B) RV (C) RSVP (D) RVP

Q6: My teacher scolded me because I did not.....my homework in time.

- (A) hand in (B) hand out (C) hand off (D) hand down

Q7: I really enjoyed yesterday's concert; the band's performance was.....!

- (A) terrible (B) deceitful (C) awful (D) incredible

Q8: "The Hare and the Tortoise" is my favourite.....because it taught me that taking my time and being careful is better than doing things quickly and carelessly.

- (A) legend (B) myth (C) poem (D) fable

Q9: They..... the source's identity secret for ten years until the leak in 2011.

- (A) keep (B) have kept (C) are keeping (D) kept

Q10: The interviewer felt that this athlete was.....than her teammates.

- (A) most good natured (B) best natured
(C) better natured (D) good natured

Q 11: Despite my medicine, I still have a cough. I think I.....home tonight.

- (A) stay (B) will stay (C) won't be staying (D) will have stayed

Q12 : Jane.....dinner while she helped the boys with their homework.

- (A) got Jeremy to make (B) will make Jeremy
(C) had Jeremy made (D) gets Jeremy to make

Q13: He's hoping.....for the manager programme that he's always wanted to go on.

- (A) been selected (B) to select
(C) being selected (D) to be selected

Q14:of the people I work with are good at their jobs.

- (A) None (B) Much (C) Every (D) Little

Q 15 : My mum recommended that I.....less ice cream.

- (A) have eaten (B) eating (C) will eat (D) eat

Q16: I once saw..... tiger whilst I was in India.

- (A) a (B) an (C) the (D) -

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

I vividly remember when I first realised my dad had a problem. The day after my thirteenth birthday, we were going to the cinema to see a new superhero film. Actually, it was more of a treat for him than for me: Dad was obsessed with superhero comics. When I was younger, we'd sit and read them together. Or rather, I would practise reading the speech bubbles aloud, and we'd chat about the amazing artwork.

Now officially a teenager, I felt a bit old for comics and was reading more books with fewer pictures. Mum and Dad had also separated recently; now I could only see Dad on some weekends and special occasions. Yesterday, Mum had given me the latest book in my favourite fantasy series. It had no pictures at all.

Sitting next to Dad on the bus to the cinema, silently absorbed in my new book, I caught him looking over my shoulder.

"What's that?" He pointed at a long word at the bottom of the page: *superstitious*. "Is this a book about superheroes"?

I stared, confused for a moment-then something clicked. Every year, my birthday card appeared in my Mum's beautiful handwriting, and my Dad would simply write "DAD" with an X for a kiss. But this year, there was no card from Dad.

My father, my own personal superhero, couldn't read. I was speechless. Then, I had an idea.

"Not really. Why don't I flick back to the beginning and I'll read it to you? You don't need pictures; they just appear in your head. It's even better than comics".

Dad's expression flickered from excitement to shame, and suddenly there were tears of joy filling his eyes. "I'd like that," he said quietly.

Q 17: Which of the following is the best summary for the second paragraph?

- (A) The narrator misses reading comics.
- (B) Events just before the cinema trip
- (C) Causes of the parents' separation
- (D) Books for teenagers don't have pictures.

Q 18 : Which of the following is true?

- (A) The narrator likes superheroes more than his father.
- (B) The narrator feels he isn't old enough for comics.
- (C) The father likes superheroes more than his son does.
- (D) The father feels his son is too old for comics.

Q 19 : The narrator's father.....

- (A) couldn't read or write at all
- (B) could read and write better than his son
- (C) could only read and write a little
- (D) could read and write as well as his son

Q20: What was the narrator concentrating on while he was on the bus?

- (A) A comic book
- (B) A book without pictures
- (C) His father
- (D) A book about superheroes

Q 21 : Why did the narrator's father ask whether the book was about superheroes?

- (A) He had given his son the book before reading it properly.
- (B) They were on their way to watch a superhero film.
- (C) He recognised part of a word beginning with super.-
- (D) He knew that this was his son's favourite topic.

Q 22 : Why didn't the narrator get a birthday card from his father that year?

- (A) The narrator was given a new book instead of a card.
- (B) His mother wrote the card for his father instead.
- (C) His father couldn't write a whole card without help.
- (D) His father forgot that it was his birthday.

Q 23 : The underlined word flickered in the text has a similar meaning to.....

- (A) switched off
- (B) froze
- (C) changed
- (D) remained

Q 24 : Which of the following would make a good title for this story?

- (A) How I Learnt My Dad's Secret
- (B) How My Dad Taught Me to Read
- (C) Books: Better than Comics?
- (D) The Best Comics for Teenagers

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

We've all done it: A friend asks how they look in some new clothes; the truth is, they look terrible, but it seems rude to say that. It's not worth upsetting them, so you just tell them the little white lie that they look great and you go on with your day. It's no big deal, surely? People can't really handle the truth anyway, can they?

Well, think again. It turns out that most people can cope with and even want to hear the truth. Researchers at the University of Chicago came to this conclusion after carrying out three experiments to find out what happened when people interacted with others in an honest way.

Participants in the first experiment were assigned the task of maintaining honesty and kindness in every conversation they had for three days. The second

experiment, lasting just two hours, was conducted in a laboratory environment, and researchers gave participants personal and possibly difficult questions to discuss honestly with someone close to them. The third experiment took place over a week and participants were asked to give truthful negative feedback to someone close to them regarding recently lived experiences.

In each test situation, participants anticipated honesty to be less pleasant and less relationship building than it proved to be. However, the results indicated that the honest conversations were more satisfying for both the speaker and the listener, who reacted a lot less negatively than the speaker expected in all instances.

The researchers' findings suggested that when people avoid being honest, they may be making a mistake. This is because avoiding honesty means that individuals don't get to do many of the things they may actually appreciate in the long run.

Q25: What does the first paragraph suggest about white lies?

- (A) Telling white lies makes the day pass by faster.
- (B) Friends get angry if you tell them white lies.
- (C) Telling white lies is something everyone does.
- (D) Friends should not tell each other white lies.

Q 26 :What reason is given for lying in the first paragraph?

- (A) Lying can help protect other people's feelings.
- (B) Lying encourages people to buy more clothes.
- (C) People lie to avoid boring conversations.
- (D) People lie to disguise a lack of knowledge.

Q 27 :What was the aim of the study done by the University of Chicago?

- (A) To identify situations where people are likely to lie
- (B) To discover why people lie to their close friends
- (C) To encourage people to be more honest with others
- (D) To see how people reacted to honesty

Q 28 : What was different about the second experiment that the researchers carried out?

- (A) The participants talked about topics the researchers gave them.
- (B) The researchers asked participants to lie to family members.
- (C) The experiment was much longer than the other two.
- (D) The participants interacted with strangers.

Q 29 : Why might the researchers have conducted three separate experiments?

- (A) They wanted to be sure of what happened when people were honest.
- (B) The first two experiments failed.
- (C) They didn't get the same results in each experiment, so they tried until they did.
- (D) They were all done in different universities.

Q 30 : What does the underlined word satisfying mean?

- (A) Silent
- (B) Fulfilling
- (C) Negative
- (D) Disappointing

Q 31 : Which of the following is the best summary of the final paragraph?

- (A) Being honest creates long-term problems.
- (B) Being honest means people repeat their mistakes.
- (C) Being honest makes it possible to have more life experiences.
- (D) Being honest leads to missed opportunities.

Q 32 : Choose the most suitable title for this article.

- (A) Tell Me Sweet Little Lies
- (B) Honesty Is the Best Policy
- (C) The Problem with Being Honest
- (D) Finding Out Why People Lie

Q 33 : Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) The mother asked her daughter "Why have you not tidied your room even though I have asked you several times"?
- (B) The mother asked her daughter, "Why have you not tidied your room even though I have asked you several times"?
- (C) The mother asked her daughter, Why have you not tidied your room even though I have asked you several times"?
- (D) The mother asked her daughter, "Why have you not tidied your room even though I have asked you several times".

Q 34 : Which of the following sentences is structured correctly?

- (A) We haven't had pizza for the last time we visited that food festival.
- (B) We haven't had pizza since the last time we were visiting that food festival.
- (C) We haven't had pizza since the time we visited that food festival.
- (D) We didn't have pizza since the last time we visited that food festival.

Q 35 : Which of the following sentences can be used to start an essay on study tips?

- (A) However, not giving yourself enough study breaks is going to affect your productivity.
- (B) Also, try to decide how much time each topic needs in order to be confident when answering its questions.
- (C) Make short notes about the important points you want to cover in a study session.
- (D) The first step in your revision ought to be making a study plan.

Q36: Which of these transitions is used to show an opinion?

- (A) Due to
- (B) Personally
- (C) Whilst
- (D) Consequently

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q 37: Justice and vengeance are common themes in myths, like the Egyptian myth of Isis and Osiris.

- (A) العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.
- (B) العدل والإحسان فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.
- (C) العدل والانتقام فكرتان غير شائعتين في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.
- (D) العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة إيزيس وأوزوريس اليونانية.

Q 38 :To choose the right career path, one should find balance between passion and practicality in terms of the current job market's needs.

- (A) لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، لا يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلق بمتطلبات سوق العمل الحالي.
- (B) لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الطابعين العلمي والعملي فيما يتعلق بمتطلبات سوق العمل الحالي.
- (C) لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الإبداع والطابع العملي فيما يتعلق بمتطلبات سوق العمل الحالي.
- (D) لتحديد المسار المهني الصحيح، يجب على الشخص البحث عن التوازن بين الشغف والطابع العملي فيما يتعلق بمتطلبات سوق العمل الحالي.

Q 39 : الموقع الإستراتيجي لمصر على ساحل البحر المتوسط يفسر التنوع الثقافي الغني الذي تتمتع به.

- (A) Egypt's strategic position among Mediterranean countries explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- (B) Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.
- (C) Egypt's strategic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast is the reason for the rich and diverging culture.
- (D) Egypt's tragic position on the Mediterranean Sea coast explains why it has a rich and diverse culture.

- Q 40 : لا تشمل فوائد تعلم لغات جديدة التعرف على ثقافات جديدة فحسب، بل إنها تشمل أيضًا تحسين الذاكرة ومهارة التفكير الإبداعي.
- (A) To benefit from learning new languages, one must not only experience new cultures, but also improve one's memory and one's creative-thinking abilities.
- (B) The result of learning new languages includes not only experiencing new cultures, but also improving one's memory and one's creative-thinking abilities.
- (C) The benefits of learning new languages include not only experiencing new cultures, but also improving one's memory and one's creative-thinking abilities.
- (D) The benefits of teaching new languages include not only experiencing new cultures, but also improving one's memory and one's critical-thinking skills.

Test (25)

08 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

Q 1: There is something wrong with this photo, but I.....

- (A) can't take my finger on it (B) can't place my hand on it
(C) can't put my finger on it (D) can't put a ring on it

Q 2 : Maintaining healthy relationships can be quite difficult, but it is always.....

- (A) worth the effort (B) effortless
(C) effortful (D) worth the fate

Q 3 : The soldiers thought..... their enemies would bring them peace, but they were wrong.

- (A) having revenge to (B) having revenges on
(C) taking revenge on (D) taking revenge for

Q 4 : The memory of that accident tends to..... me, especially when I'm driving on motorways.

- (A) come back for haunt (B) come haunt
(C) come back to haunt (D) come on haunt

Q 5 : Ali, the new intern, is too inexperienced to handle such a client. Can I.....?

- (A) leave it to you (B) leave it above you
(C) leave it at you (D) leave it from you

Q 6 :is the study of the history of humans through the analysis of material remains and artefacts.

- (A) Biology (B) Psychology (C) Archaeology (D) Philosophy

Q7: Leonardo da Vinci, the painter of the famous Mona Lisa, is a..... painter.

- (A) well-placed (B) unknown (C) well-known (D) well-balanced

Q8: Science has alwaysme, and that's why I dream of becoming a scientist.

- (A) flooded (B) bored (C) considered (D) fascinated

Q9: In Year 3, I..... the piano every day. Now, I don't have time!

- (A) practised (B) have practised (C) am practising (D) practis

Q10: James had always thought that his sister was.....his other siblings and, sometimes, even their parents!

- (A) the wisest (B) wiser than (C) wiser (D) wise

Q11: Hmm, good idea! I.....the money hidden in this box until later.

- (A) will be keeping (B) have kept (C) will keep (D) will have kept

Q12: Please get John.....the damage before making any repairs.

- (A) assess (B) assessed (C) to assess (D) assess

Q13: The successful team will.....their prize after the match.

- (A) award (B) be award (C) be awarded (D) to be awarded

Q14: I'd really like fruit right now.

- (A) any (B) few (C) some (D) many

Q15: My dad told me..... his grass tomorrow.

- (A) to cutting (B) cut (C) cutting (D) to cut

Q16: The police still haven't caught.....thief that stole my jewellery.

- (A) a (B) — (C) the (D) an

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Doris Black was an incredibly attractive young woman. She was so stunning that she captured the attention of Herbert, an artist, who immediately asked to paint her portrait. After working for hours, Herbert realised that he had accurately depicted Doris's beauty. He showed this lifelike masterpiece to his friend, Lady Henrietta, who became obsessed with Ms. Black as well.

"What an excellent companion she shall make for me!" she declared, demanding to meet Doris. Herbert feared that Henrietta would have a disastrous effect on the innocent and kind Doris, a fear that came true all too quickly.

Henrietta wanted Doris as a friend but worried she was too sweet. She told Doris that youth and beauty were only temporary, so she should seek out selfish amusement and wicked pleasure before it was too late.

Naive and innocent Doris took these words to heart. Upon seeing Herbert's life-size portrait of her, she cursed her fresh-faced image. "I don't want to be reminded when I am old of how beautiful I once looked!" she cried. "If only this painting could bear the burden of growing old for me!"

From that day on, Doris and Henrietta travelled the world for years in the search of fun and indulgence, with little care for others' feelings. Although she grew more selfish and cruel, Doris never seemed to grow old.

Yet, on her return, she saw that her wish had been granted. Not being able to stand the sight of her aged self, Doris took a knife and stabbed at the painting. The next morning, Herbert's servant found only an old and wrinkled woman lying on the floor beneath the beautiful portrait of the young Doris Black.

Q17: Which of the following is the best summary for the first paragraph?

- (A) Ms. Black paints a portrait. (B) Henrietta admires Ms. Black's beauty.
(C) Herbert falls in love with Doris. (D) Ms. Black's appearance attracts admirers.

Q18: Herbert's original painting lookedlike Doris.

- (A) exactly (B) unhappy (C) nothing (D) a little

Q19: The underlined word disastrous in the text has a similar meaning to.

- (A) helpful (B) wonderful (C) grateful (D) harmful

Q20: Henrietta made Doris worry that.....

- (A) the painting of her was awful
(B) she wouldn't be beautiful when she got older
(C) Herbert wouldn't love her in the future
(D) they wouldn't be good friends

Q21: What was Doris's wish?

- (A) That her portrait would age instead of her
(B) That Herbert had never painted her portrait
(C) That the painting would stay beautiful forever
(D) That she wouldn't have to see the painting until she was old

Q22: Which of the following is not true?

- (A) Henrietta is Herbert's friend. (B) Henrietta wants to be Doris's friend.
(C) Henrietta is selfish. (D) Henrietta is an artist like Herbert.

Q23: Who was the old woman found on the floor in the final paragraph?

- (A) Henrietta (B) A servant (C) A stranger (D) Doris

Q24: The central idea of the story is.....

- (A) we should care more about being a good person than aging
(B) the younger you are, the wiser you are
(C) the more beautiful you are, the fewer friends you will have
(D) we should enjoy life no matter who we hurt

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

The world is undeniably full of wonders. One such wonder is the northern lights, or the "aurora borealis," as they are sometimes called. Located in the Arctic Circle, the northern lights are an atmospheric phenomenon that's regarded by many people as the passion of skywatchers.

The northern lights take the form of fluorescent green light that dances across the night sky, attracting onlookers and amazing the lucky few who have the opportunity to see them. It is possible to see the moving patterns of brilliant lights as remarkable forms, or *dynamic* flickers covering the entire sky.

Up until the 20th century, the science behind the northern lights was a mystery. However, we now know how this wonderful event is generated. The Sun ejects energised particles from its upper atmosphere, creating what is called a solar wind. Once this wind slams into our own upper atmosphere, the particles are deflected towards Earth's poles, depositing energy and causing our atmosphere to become bright green.

As they are a natural occurrence, the probability of seeing the northern lights depends on a number of factors. This means that there are specific times and conditions in which it is best to try and experience them. The best time to see the northern lights is on dark, clear nights in the winter when the Moon is also at its dimmest, so only the lights would illuminate the skies. Generally speaking, September to April are usually the best viewing months.

Regarding the best locations to see the northern lights, they are places in the far northern hemisphere, usually deep into the Arctic Circle. Some of the most renowned places to see them include cities like Tromso in Norway and the wilderness of Swedish Lapland.

Q25: The main purpose of the text is to.....

- (A) inform people that the aurora borealis is man-made
(B) tell people how the northern lights are made
(C) convince people that the northern lights are not very good
(D) give people information about the aurora borealis

Q26: Which of the following best summarises the third paragraph?

- (A) Earth's upper atmosphere is very strong.
(B) Stars often eject particles.
(C) How the northern lights are created
(D) How Earth's poles work

Q27: Which of the following is true according to the text?

- (A) The northern lights are man-made.
- (B) The northern lights only have one name.
- (C) The first step in the creation of the northern lights involves the Sun.
- (D) People knew how the northern lights were made in the 19th century.

Q28: The underlined word dynamic has a similar meaning to.....

- (A) still (B) cold (C) dull (D) energetic

Q29: The best possibility of seeing the northern lights is.....

- (A) on nights when the Moon is at its brightest
- (B) on dark, clear nights, far into the Arctic Circle
- (C) on clear nights outside of the Arctic Circle
- (D) in the summer and in the northern hemisphere

Q30: The purpose of the fourth paragraph is to.

- (A) inform readers of the best places to see the northern lights
- (B) inform readers of the dangers of going to see the northern lights
- (C) inform readers that there is a very low possibility of seeing the northern lights
- (D) inform readers of the best chances to see the northern lights

Q31: What should everyone do if they want to go and see the northern lights?

- (A) Become a scientist
- (B) Plan in advance
- (C) Make sure they do not go too far north
- (D) Go when the Moon is at its brightest

Q32: The aurora borealis effect is caused by.....

- (A) the northern hemisphere (B) energy
- (C) the Moon (D) clear nights

Q33: Which sentence is punctuated correctly?

- (A) The teacher said to the girl "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
- (B) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished".
- (C) The teacher said to the girl, "If you are late to school again, you will be punished."
- (D) The teacher said to the girl, If you are late to school again, you will be punished".

Q34: Which of the following sentences is structured correctly?

- (A) In this office, lunch taken around 1 pm.
- (B) In this office, lunch is taken around 1 pm.
- (C) In this office, lunch was been taken around 1 pm.
- (D) In this office, lunch is taking around 1 pm.

Q35: Which of the following sentences can be used to start an essay on self-care?

- (A) Additionally, self-care is another essential element in maintaining a healthy mental state.
- (B) Initially, feeling burned out is often due to spending too much time caring for oneself.
- (C) Taking care of your mind, body, and soul should be your top priority.
- (D) Firstly, paying attention to one's emotional and mental well-being can prevent a lot of mental health issues.

Q36: "Some schools believe that students do not need homework to apply what was taught in class. Personally, I think students ought to practise their knowledge regularly to improve their skills". This shows.....

- (A) someone's opinion (B) a contrast in ideas
- (C) the cause of something (D) an addition

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

Q37: When old people reach the age of retirement, they have enough free time to pursue their passion or do some volunteer work to contribute to society.

- (A) عندما يصل كبار السن إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم.
- (B) عندما يصل كبار السن إلى سنّ التقاعد، لا يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوعي لمساعدة المجتمع.
- (C) عندما يصل كبار السن إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوعي لمساعدة المجتمع.
- (D) عندما يصل صغار السن إلى سنّ التقاعد، يكون لديهم مُتسع من الوقت للسعي وراء شغفهم أو للقيام ببعض العمل التطوعي لمساعدة المجتمع.

Q38: Successful entrepreneurs are usually creative, hardworking, and resourceful.

- (A) رُوّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادةً ما يكونون مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعي الحيلة.
- (B) رُوّاد الأعمال الناجحون لا يكونون عادةً مبدعين ومجتهدين وواسعي الحيلة.
- (C) يُعرّف رُوّاد الأعمال الناجحون عادةً بأنهم مبدعون وكسولون وواسعو الحيلة.
- (D) عادةً ما يكون رُوّاد الأعمال واسعي الحيلة.

Q39: لتقديم عرض تقديمي قوي، يجب أن يحافظ المرء على تفاعل الحضور من خلال التحدّث بثقة وطلاقة.

- (A) To give a strong presentation, one must keep the audience engaged by speaking confidently and eloquently.
- (B) To present strongly, you must keep the audience engaged by speaking confidently and quickly.
- (C) To give a strong presentation, the audience got engaged to the speaker confidently and eloquently.
- (D) To give a strong persistence, one must keep the audience engaged by speaking confidently and eloquently.

Q40: وفقًا لعدّة دراسات، تبين أن الاستخدام الزائد لوسائل التواصل الاجتماعي قد يؤدي إلى القلق والاكتئاب.

- (A) According to multiple studies, using social media extensively can lead to anxious and depressed.
- (B) According to multiple studies, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- (C) According to multiple students, using social media excessively could lead to anxiety and depression.
- (D) According to multiple studies, watching media consistently could lead to anxiety and depression.

Longman : General Revision 1 (units 1 to 6)

- 1) Book piracy makes lose millions of dollars every year.
 (A) readers (B) publishers (C) students (D) borrowers
- 2) I a reply to my complaint, yet.
 (A) wasn't received (B) will have received (C) haven't received (D) hadn't received
- 3) I out of my skin when I saw a wild animal crossing the street.
 (A) slept (B) pushed (C) punished (D) jumped
- 4) What at the time of the crime yesterday?
 (A) were you doing (B) are you doing (C) will you be doing (D) have you done
- 5) Because the huge ship had blocked navigation in the Suez Canal, Egypt had to be financially to make up for the heavy losses.
 (A) punished (B) compensated (C) ignored (D) rewarded
- 6) My grandfather's house in 1950.
 (A) was building (B) built (C) was built (D) has been built
- 7) Maher left out some facts about the poor condition of his car; he is biased by
 (A) omission (B) spin (C) placement (D) location
- 8) Where is your brother? – He the theatre.
 (A) has been (B) has been to (C) has gone (D) has gone to
- 9) It was reported that a lot of people had been in their cars because of the snowstorm in Canada.
 (A) lived (B) trapped (C) disappeared (D) come
- 10) for an hour before my brother came back home.
 (A) have waited (B) had waited (C) had been waiting (D) has been waiting
- 11) My father is the person who usually me to achieve success; he is my role model.
 (A) inspires (B) aspires (C) conspire (D) respire
- 12) The hotel's room service ...better after the manager had received a lot of complaints.
 (A) has got (B) got (C) had got (D) will get
- 13) Some people believe that girls can't do sports that strength such as powerlifting.
 (A) disappear (B) appear (C) inquire (D) require
- 14) bread before you returned home?
 (A) Have you bought (B) Will you buy (C) Had you bought (D) Are you buying
- 15) After going through many obstacles, she qualified as a doctor. "Obstacles" can be a synonym for." "
 (A) difficulties (B) awards (C) gifts (D) hopes
- 16) I about the good news until she had informed me.
 (A) won't know (B) didn't know (C) hadn't known (D) wasn't knowing
- 17) Taher: Why didn't you answer the phone? Adel : Because I
 (A) will be prayed (B) wasn't praying (C) had prayed (D) was praying
- 18) There was a lot of towards women in the past, and they weren't treated as favourably as males.
 (A) equality (B) justice (C) prejudice (D) freedom
- 19) Which of the following is structurally correct?
 (A) I won't be able to do the exercise until I had revised the lesson.
 (B) I won't be able to do the exercise until I revise the lesson.
 (C) I couldn't do the exercise until I have revised the lesson.
 (D) I wasn't able to do the exercise until I revise the lesson.

- 20) With the development of the printing, we can produce more books much more quickly than before.
 (A) process (B) operation (C) tool (D) job
- 21) When I the latest news, I will inform you.
 (A) will get (B) had got (C) get (D) will be getting
- 22) Can you tell me about the largest? – I think it is Jupiter by surface area.
 (A) universe (B) astronaut (C) plant (D) planet
- 23) I'm sure robots doctors and nurses more and more in the future.
 (A) will help (B) have helped (C) going to help (D) will be helped
- 24) On the whole, I think that technology is a double-edged weapon. "On the whole" is similar in meaning to ".....".
 (A) on purpose (B) on duty (C) in general (D) in particular
- 25) I can't travel with you to Alexandria this week because I..... for my sister's wedding.
 (A) was preparing (B) will be preparing (C) will be prepared (D) had to prepare
- 26) My brother has just graduated from the faculty of law, and he is going to be a/an..... to a famous lawyer to gain experience.
 (A) member (B) membership (C) apprenticeship (D) apprentice
- 27) Don't worry, once I of the exam result, I will tell you.
 (A) have informed (B) was informed (C) have been informed (D) am informing
- 28) Listening to native speakers will surely help you your fluency.
 (A) remove (B) improve (C) approve (D) move
- 29) Which of the following doesn't show regret?
 (A) I regret not making good use of my spare time.
 (B) I ought not to have used my spare time badly.
 (C) I should have used my spare time well.
 (D) I should make good use of my spare time.
- 30) I this car; I haven't reached an agreement, yet.
 (A) might buy (B) will buy (C) must have bought (D) might be bought
- 31) go on a diet to lose weight? - Really, it is a good piece of advice to follow.
 (A) Let's (B) Why didn't you (C) Why don't you (D) What about
- 32) I have moved out of the city and this has had a/an on my well-being.
 (A) impact (B) attack (C) cause (D) excuse
- 33) get together and discuss the problem we are facing.
 (A) How about (B) Why didn't we (C) Have you considered (D) Let's
- 34) Faten is an amazing fiancée who got last week. She will not marry until she has completed her studies at university!
 (A) divorced (B) burnt (C) engaged (D) confused
- 35) To improve your mental health, you should take for the things you need to control.
 (A) revenge (B) responsibility (C) care (D) chance
- 36) The firefighters were able to the people who were inside the house that was on fire.
 (A) attack (B) imprison (C) resume (D) rescue
- 37) Please, turn your camera ; I want to see you. I miss you so much!
 (A) off (B) down (C) up (D) on
- 38) The hospital received \$5 million from an unnamed benefactor. Benefactor here is a synonym for ".....".

- (A) taker (B) donor (C) killer (D) conspirator
 39) Stop your time in vain; you need to start your revision work.
 (A) wasting (B) to waste (C) waste (D) to wasting
 40) I hope I will the faculty of engineering when I finish secondary school.
 (A) go (B) leave (C) join (D) enroll
 41) I haven't to spend the holiday in Sharm El-Sheikh, yet. My father's vacation schedule will determine this!
 (A) considered (B) enjoyed (C) made (D) decided
 42) You must the microphone when you don't want anyone to hear you.
 (A) turn on (B) mute (C) run (D) play
 43) My friend follows the traffic rules strictly because he doesn't want to
 (A) be fined (B) fine (C) being fined (D) fining
 44) A: You are accused of stealing these pieces of jewellery.
 B: No, sir, I have them from my grandmother.
 (A) owed (B) sent (C) inherited (D) robbed
 45) I am sure he isn't a stranger; I remember him when we were in Alexandria last summer.
 (A) met (B) being met (C) to meet (D) meeting
 46) Students are usually asked to their hands before speaking.
 (A) rise (B) raise (C) arise (D) arouse
 47) My father us to watch TV when we have no lessons to study.
 (A) lets (B) makes (C) allows (D) does
 48) I am not about tragedies; I hate feeling sad!
 (A) enthusiastic (B) keen (C) interested (D) sorry
 49) I always when I am busy studying.
 (A) iron my clothes (B) have my clothes ironed
 (C) have ironed my clothes (D) ironed my clothes
 50) The report showed what caused a/an in the students' productivity levels, so teachers can enhance it.
 (A) hindrance (B) decline (C) decrease (D) increase
 51) I was made the composition because it was full of mistakes.
 (A) rewrite (B) rewriting (C) to rewrite (D) to rewriting
 52) Kamel has a lot of money; he has What will he do with the wealth he has inherited?
 (A) fortune (B) a fortune (C) fortunately (D) fortunate
 53) I have persuaded him; I have him to change his mind.
 (A) got (B) let (C) made (D) forced
 54) How much is a smart mobile phone?
 - Good smart mobile phones from 2000 to 5000 pounds.
 (A) increase (B) decrease (C) vary (D) add
 55) Aya said, "If I were you, I would read this book." This means that Aya me to read that book.
 (A) lets (B) advises (C) orders (D) discourages
 56) Which of the following isn't punctuated correctly?
 (A) She said, "Why don't you accompany us to the summer camp?"
 (B) Sami is a thirty year old employee.
 (C) "Follow my instructions to stay safe," said my father.
 (D) You're doing an amazing job, Aisha.

57) Which of the following can be used to end this sentence to express contrast?

Rami was unable to accomplish the task..... .

- (A) because of the technical points he ignored.
- (B) ,in addition to causing heavy losses to the company.
- (C) due to the lack of information he needed.
- (D) despite the support he had received.

58) Which of the following is used when ending an essay?

- (A) In conclusion
- (B) To start with
- (C) First of all
- (D) Moreover

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

59) تهتم مؤسسات الدولة والجمعيات الأهلية بذوي الاحتياجات الخاصة، وذلك بتوفير الخدمات المتنوعة التي تساعد على الحياة والعمل بشكل فعال ليكونوا أعضاء نافعين في المجتمع.

The government and civil societies care for people with special needs by

- (A) providing various facilities that help them live and work effectively so they can be useful members of society.

State institutions and businessmen care for people with special needs by

- (B) providing various services that help them to live and work effectively so they can be productive members of society.

State institutions and civil societies care for people with special needs by

- (C) providing various services that help them live and work effectively so they can be useful members of society.

State institutions and charities care for people with special needs by providing

- (D) various services that help them to live and work effectively so they can lead an ordinary life.

60) The Ministry of Education and Technical Education announced a comprehensive education system change that will be completed by 2030, including a shift to skill-based learning and increased use of e-learning.

أعلنت وزارة التربية والتعليم والتعليم الفني عن تغيير شامل لنظام التعليم يبدأ بحلول عام 2030 ، بما في ذلك التحول إلى التعلم القائم على المهارات وزيادة استخدام تكنولوجيا المعلومات.

(A)

أعلنت وزارة التربية والتعليم والتعليم الفني عن تغيير شامل لنظام التعليم سيكتمل بحلول عام 2030 ، بما في ذلك التحول إلى التعلم القائم على المهارات وزيادة استخدام التعلم الإلكتروني.

(B)

أعلنت وزارة التربية والتعليم والتعليم الفني عن تغيير شامل لنظام التعليم سيكتمل بحلول عام 2030 ، بما في ذلك التحول إلى التعلم القائم على حفظ المعلومات وزيادة استخدام التعلم الإلكتروني.

(C)

أعلنت وزارة التربية والتعليم والتعليم الفني عن تغيير تدريجي لنظام التعليم سيكتمل بحلول عام 2030 ، بما في ذلك التحول إلى التعلم المهني وزيادة استخدام التعلم الإلكتروني.

(D)

Longman : General Revision 2 (units 7 to 12)

- 1) I this car for 15 years now! I wish I could replace it with a new one.
 (A) had been owing (B) had owned (C) have been owing (D) have owned
- 2) Yasser with his friend for an hour; he hasn't finished yet.
 (A) has been chatting (B) will be chatting
 (C) had been chatting (D) had chatted
- 3) I don't agree to judge success in of money.
 (A) tides (B) turns (C) terms (D) teams
- 4) My grandfather's health since he moved to live in the country.
 (A) improved (B) had improved (C) will be improving (D) has improved
- 5) The young man was able to the challenges he faced with stamina and dedication.
 (A) overdo (B) overcome (C) overlook (D) overact
- 6) My uncle has lived abroad 1998.
 (A) since (B) in (C) when (D) for
- 7) Did you know that different amino acids to form proteins?
 (A) enroll (B) separate (C) combine (D) leave
- 8) She seems to be exhausted; she the housework all day.
 (A) had been doing (B) has been doing (C) has done (D) had done
- 9) Seham is of her friend; she wishes she were loved by everyone like her.
 (A) proud (B) fond (C) afraid (D) jealous
- 10) Our plants care of since the gardener's death.
 (A) haven't been taken (B) hadn't been taken
 (C) haven't taken (D) hadn't taken
- 11) The contractor that the new road would be built shortly. The news we had was true and work on the road will start next week!
 (A) denied (B) confirmed (C) doubted (D) refused
- 12) Sorrowfully, a bad accident on the road to my town last night.
 (A) has occurred (B) was occurred (C) occurred (D) has been occurred
- 13) Young people usually lack the experience and of old people.
 (A) activity (B) health (C) enthusiasm (D) wisdom
- 14) The fire out before the firefighters arrived!
 (A) had been put (B) had put (C) will be put (D) has been put
- 15) Who was charge of the department after Mr Adly had resigned?
 (A) on (B) in (C) of (D) with
- 16) My uncle's decisions on deep thought.
 (A) had always been based (B) always bases
 (C) are always based (D) always basing
- 17) A/An is someone who is working at a company for a short time, sometimes without pay, to get experience.
 (A) employee (B) intern (C) internship (D) manager
- 18) when your father returned home?
 (A) Has food been prepared (B) Was food being prepared
 (C) Was food preparing (D) Is food being prepared
- 19) I spend time with my friends in the club because I'm always busy doing different tasks.
 (A) a few (B) much (C) a little (D) a lot of

- 20) My to students' lives was to encourage them to depend on themselves to solve their own problems.
 (A) confusion (B) contribution (C) composition (D) constitution
- 21) Sorrowfully, of us attended Rami's birthday party because we were outside Cairo on that day.
 (A) each (B) both (C) none (D) all
- 22) is a foundational concept that allows people to make sound decisions and act appropriately.
 (A) Common sense (B) Career direction (C) Life style (D) . Life-changing
- 23) My grandmother used to wear anklets on ankle.
 (A) every (B) all (C) each (D) few
- 24) I'm passionate protecting the environment.
 (A) with (B) about (C) of (D) by
- 25) Unfortunately, there is money left; it isn't enough!
 (A) much (B) few (C) a little (D) little
- 26) He is the selfish man who took his fiancée's money and deserted her. "Deserted" here is a synonym of.
 (A) abandoned (B) befriended (C) accompanied (D) shared
- 27) Mother: Didn't you buy bread?
 Son: No, I bought five loaves.
 (A) a few (B) some (C) any (D) a lot
- 28) The Statue of Liberty is a famous tourist in New York.
 (A) civilisation (B) communication (C) distraction (D) attraction
- 29) My friend the train; he got up late and his car broke down on the way to the train station.
 (A) must have caught (B) couldn't have caught
 (C) had to catch (D) shouldn't have caught
- 30) There are many myths surrounding the of the Bibliotheca Alexandria, but unfortunately there are no archeological remains.
 (A) destruction (B) construction (C) obstruction (D) structure
- 31) The meeting cancelled; I don't have accurate information.
 (A) must have been (B) might have (C) might have been (D) must have
- 32) The young man was accused of killing his neighbour, but he was by the court as there was no clear evidence against him.
 (A) imprisoned (B) acquitted (C) arrested (D) jailed
- 33) I regret not following my father's advice; I upon his advice.
 (A) must have acted (B) should have acted
 (C) shouldn't have acted (D) needn't have acted
- 34) If you are worried about something, you can listen to quiet music to take your mind ...
 (A) into (B) to (C) of (D) off
- 35) Her problem She seems to be happier now!
 (A) must have been solved (B) must have solved
 (C) can't have been solved (D) can't have solved
- 36) The wound took a long time to
 (A) cure (B) care (C) heal (D) hail
- 37) She in the village, but she moved to Cairo last year.
 (A) would live (B) used to live (C) is used to living (D) will live
- 38) uncovered more ruins of the lighthouse of Alexandria.
 (A) Expressions (B) Exploitations (C) Expectations (D) Expeditions

- 39) My father no longer smokes as he when he was young.
 (A) had done (B) is used to doing (C) used to do (D) will do
- 40) Baher speaks English, Italian, French and Russian. He is
 (A) multilingual (B) bilingual (C) bicultural (D) monoculture
- 41) Social networking sites are all over the world.
 (A) widely-used (B) widely used (C) widely using (D) using widely
- 42) The poor woman is to bring up her children alone after her husband's sudden death.
 (A) sticking (B) skating (C) struggling (D) staying
- 43) I live in a coastal city, has some fantastic parks.
 (A) which (B) that (C) where (D) what
- 44) The gang tried to break the rich man's villa and steal the jewellery there.
 (A) off (B) away (C) down (D) into
- 45) Tanta is the city in I spent my childhood.
 (A) that (B) which (C) where (D) when
- 46) A is a form of a language which is spoken only in one area, with words or grammar that are slightly different from other forms of the same language.
 (A) translation (B) symbol (C) dialect (D) sentence
- 47) Egypt, population is around one hundred million, has more Arabic speakers than any other country.
 (A) whose (B) which (C) that (D) who
- 48) It's incredible that he survived that serious accident. "Incredible" here means
 (A) common (B) certain (C) unbelievable (D) unimportant
- 49) The area where I live has poor internet that I can hardly get online.
 (A) too (B) enough (C) so (D) such
- 50) He his accomplishment; what he said was far greater than it actually was!
 (A) exaggerated (B) believed (C) forgot (D) described
- 51) He was that the meeting had been postponed.
 (A) said (B) told (C) stated (D) inquired
- 52) My grandfather used to make funny stories.
 (A) for (B) up for (C) up (D) in
- 53) Do you know why so late?
 (A) had he arrived (B) he had arrived (C) did he arrive (D) he arrived
- 54) Ahmad: We all like our friend Amin; he is modest.
 Kamal: I agree with you, he is really
 (A) humble (B) strong (C) fit (D) selfish
- 55) I suggest the weekend in our village.
 (A) we spent (B) spending (C) spend (D) to spend
- 56) I need to take a day to relax after doing such tiring work.
 (A) away from (B) out of (C) off (D) of
- 57) Which of the following isn't structurally correct?
 (A) She promised that he would buy me a nice present for my birthday party.
 (B) I asked her when would she come back from London.
 (C) I suggest that my brother buy that interesting novel.
 (D) My teacher instructed us not to make noise inside the class.
- 58) Taher said that he a new suit for the wedding party the week before.
 (A) had bought (B) would buy (C) has bought (D) is buying
- 59) I am sure bamboo is a plant.
 (A) grow fast (B) growing fast (C) fast growing (D) fast-growing

60) Which of the following is structurally correct?

- (A) He informed us that he will travel to Italy on business.
- (B) He said that he has travelled to Italy on business.
- (C) He told us that he would travel to Italy on business.
- (D) He said this he would travel to Italy on business.

61) Peter me why he had accepted that position.

- (A) asked
- (B) told
- (C) ordered
- (D) wondered

62) Which of the following isn't punctuated correctly?

- (A) She asked, "Why didn't you return Samar's camera?"
- (B) The new manager is only a thirty-eight-year-old engineer.
- (C) Why are you making so much noise Sherif?
- (D) Let's discuss Amin's proposal next Sunday.

63) Which of the following can complete this part of an essay?

Tourism is vital for the success of many economies round the world. There are several benefits of tourism for host destinations. Tourism boosts the economy, develops the infrastructure of a country, and plants a sense of cultural exchange between foreigners and citizens. In addition,

- (A) a lot people don't give tourism due care
- (B) it can have some negative effects on society
- (C) it creates thousands of jobs for young people
- (D) some people don't encourage local tourism

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

64) البطالة مشكلة كبيرة يعاني منها معظم الخريجين في كل أنحاء العالم، لذا يجب على الشباب قبول العمل في أي مكان مناسب سواء في الحكومة أو القطاع العام أو الخاص.

- (A) Unemployment is a major problem that most graduates all over the world suffer from, so young people must accept work in any suitable place, whether abroad, the public sector, or the private sector.

- (B) Unemployment is a major problem that most graduates all over the world suffer from, so young people must accept work in any suitable place, whether in the government, the public sector, or the private sector.

- (C) Unemployment is a major problem that most employees suffer from all over the world, so young people must accept work in any suitable place, whether in the government, public or private sector.

- (D) Unemployment is a major problem that most graduates fight all over the world, so young people must accept work in any suitable place, whether in the government, the public sector, or the private sector.

65) Cultural heritage represents the history of a nation. Therefore, we should conserve our heritage because it provides a sense of identity and continuity in a fast-changing world for future generations.

- (A) يمثل التراث الفكري للأمم، لذلك يجب أن نحافظ على تراثنا لأنه يوفر إحساساً بالهوية والاستمرارية في عالم سريع التغير للأجيال القادمة.

- (B) يمثل التراث الثقافي للأمم، لذلك يجب أن نحافظ على تراثنا لأنه يوفر إحساساً بالحضارة والاستمرارية في عالم سريع التغير للأجيال القادمة.

- (C) يمثل التراث الثقافي للأمم، لذلك يجب أن نحافظ على تراثنا لأنه يوفر إحساساً بالهوية والاستمرارية في عالم سريع التغير للأجيال القادمة.

- (D) يمثل التراث الثقافي للأمم، لذلك يجب أن نحافظ على لغتنا لأنها توفر إحساساً بالهوية والاستمرارية في عالم سريع التغير للأجيال القادمة.

Longman : General Revision 3 (units 1 to 12)A

- 1) A..... has small pages and large photos.
 (A) newspaper (B) tabloid newspaper
 (C) broadcast newspaper (D) movie
- 2) I miss you so much. I haven't seen youages!
 (A) ago (B) since (C) while (D) for
- 3) After the destructive fire, shop owners were; they received a proper sum of money.
 (A) fine (B) ignored (C) compensated (D) persuaded
- 4) I tried to keep calm while
 (A) being interviewed (B) was interviewing
 (C) was being interviewed (D) the interview
- 5) A is a metal tool with rough surface for shaping or smoothing metal.
 (A) knife (B) file (C) sword (D) hammer
- 6) I to dinner since you moved to your new house!
 (A) hadn't been invited (B) didn't invite
 (C) haven't invited (D) haven't been invited
- 7) He was able to achieve great success despite the he'd faced.
 (A) obstacles (B) awards (C) facilities (D) ambitions
- 8) Rami as a taxi driver for three years. He is now a factory worker.
 (A) had worked (B) has been working (C) worked (D) has worked
- 9) He was 15 when he started to a lot of tournaments.
 (A) beat (B) win (C) conquer (D) earn
- 10) Samir was sorry when the furniture factory closed. He there for five years.
 (A) has worked (B) had worked (C) has been working (D) is working
- 11) There mustn't be against women; they can achieve success the same as men.
 (A) silence (B) sacrifice (C) justice (D) prejudice
- 12) We the committee's proposal for an hour before we reached the final approval.
 (A) had been discussing (B) had discussed
 (C) has discussed (D) has been discussing
- My sister could make a/anbig cake in the shape of a tower! It is extremely
- 13) surprising.
 (A) inconvenient (B) inconveniently (C) spectacularly (D) spectacular
- 14) Don't worry, I till you come.
 (A) didn't leave (B) won't leave (C) will be left (D) haven't left
- 15) No sooner the classroom than the students started to make noise again!
 (A) the teacher left (B) does the teacher leave
 (C) the teacher had left (D) had the teacher left
- 16) What would you do if you landed on theof the moon?
 (A) surface (B) depth (C) star (D) universe
- 17) Once hethe research, he'll start writing the report.
 (A) has been doing (B) will do (C) has done (D) had done
- 18) The room is ; we need to paint it and change the furniture.
 (A) surprising (B) gloomy (C) wide (D) quiet
- 19)giving up smoking? This is better for a healthy life.
 (A) Why don't you (B) Let's (C) I suggest (D) Have you considered
- 20) Still, the crime is mysterious; the police found no against the doorman.
 (A) proof (B) roof (C) innocence (D) guilty

- 21) You have made a silly mistake. You more careful.
 (A) shouldn't have been (B) must have been
 (C) had to be (D) should have been
- 22) There is a chance that Baher will win the game. This means that he win the game.
 (A) must (B) might (C) can't (D) should
- 23) is a result of excessive and prolonged emotional, physical and mental stress.
 (A) Relation (B) Well-being (C) Burnout (D) Self-care
- 24) Why did you drive so fast? You an accident.
 (A) could have had (B) shouldn't have had
 (C) had to have (D) must have had
- 25) There is a plan to alter furniture in the meeting hall to make it more spacious. "Alter" here is similar in meaning to ".....".
 (A) repair (B) change (C) decorate (D) modify
- 26) I am going to pick my aunt from the airport.
 (A) up on (B) on (C) out (D) up
- 27) I think software from the Internet isn't easy as we have a poor internet connection in our office.
 (A) doing (B) instilling (C) installing (D) uploading
- 28) He is a clever driver; he driving despite the extremely heavy rain.
 (A) continued (B) stopped (C) decided (D) agreed
- 29) Don't take on him; he will be punished by the law!
 (A) a look (B) change (C) revenge (D) care
- 30) The criminal tried to avoid by the police, but he was finally arrested.
 (A) following (B) being followed (C) to be followed (D) to follow
- 31) Creative teachers use various ways to students' achievements.
 (A) depress (B) confess (C) assess (D) possess
- 32) My mother usually my younger brother tidy his room alone.
 (A) makes (B) gets (C) allows (D) refuses
- 33) He is always careless and does his work badly; the company is going to him.
 (A) disappear (B) reward (C) dismiss (D) miss
- 34) The cold weather never us going outside.
 (A) worries / from (B) stops / to (C) encourages / from (D) stops / from
- 35) Memories came back to haunt her when she remembered what she had done.
 "Memories came back to haunt her" means:
 (A) The memories caused her problems or annoyance.
 (B) She started to remember the happy occasions.
 (C) She began to be optimistic.
 (D) The memories made her happy.
- 36) At first, he refused to travel with us to Alexandria, but later, I got him his mind.
 (A) change (B) to change (C) to changing (D) changes
- 37) Having been informed of my polite behaviour at school, my father said he was proud of me and smiled at me.
 (A) effective (B) affection (C) affectionately (D) affectionate
- 38) Everyone has own dreams in life.
 (A) his (B) her (C) theirs (D) their
- 39) China is populated country in the world.
 (A) the least (B) the most (C) more (D) less

- 40) They the hall. I think it looks a lot better now.
 (A) have painted (B) had been painting
 (C) have been painted (D) had painted
- 41) Our of the students' achievements resulted in some interesting conclusions.
 (A) reason (B) analysis (C) ignorance (D) absence
- 42) He has been busy all day because he ways to reduce pollution in the neighbourhood.
 (A) has researched (B) has been researching
 (C) had been researching (D) had researched
- 43) I usually use language to highlight important information.
 (A) unclear (B) posting (C) sign (D) signposting
- 44) She could hardly finish the task on time,?
 (A) could she (B) couldn't she (C) she could (D) she couldn't
- 45) We are so proud of our achievement; the project was a great
 (A) successive (B) succeeding (C) successful (D) success
- 46) A lot of profits since the factory
 (A) had been achieved/was established (B) have achieved/was established
 (C) have been achieved/was established (D) have been achieved/ established
- 47) Wael, who is a university student, is a great of the novels of Nagib Mahfouz. He read almost all his works.
 (A) publisher (B) admirer (C) writer (D) worker
- 48) My sister tried to keep calm while the plane off.
 (A) was taken (B) is taking (C) was being taken (D) was taking
- 49) My uncle works at a supermarket on Sundays and Wednesdays to increase his income.
 (A) part-time (B) full-time (C) temporary (D) permanent
- 50) A lot of paper school books.
 (A) is used to making (B) is using to make
 (C) is used to make (D) are used for making
- 51) The rich man is ; he always thinks that he is better and more important than others.
 (A) humble (B) arrogant (C) modestly (D) arrogantly
- 52) Rami was very creative; he could himself by starting a different job, in which he achieved great success.
 (A) imitate (B) forge (C) invent (D) reinvent
- 53) of the criminals could escape; the police arrested most of them all.
 (A) None (B) All (C) Few (D) Many
- 54) Travelling to a foreign country is a experience.
 (A) daily routine (B) working knowledge (C) difficult lifestyle (D) life-changing
- 55) There is of furniture inside the flat, I feel it is rather crowded!
 (A) much (B) a lot (C) many (D) little
- 56) The poor parents now fear their child, who has not been found yet.
 (A) from (B) for (C) of (D) by
- 57) I knew there was a destructive earthquake. That have been terrifying!
 (A) should (B) needn't (C) must (D) can't
- 58) Eight massive stone supported the roof of the historic building.
 (A) pillars (B) billers (C) piles (D) bullets
- 59) Mr Tamer the office. It's only 1 o'clock. He must be in a meeting.

- (A) must have left (B) can't have left (C) can't have been left (D) might have left
 60) The government's new plan to modernise the infrastructure is the most one. It is really perfect.
 (A) elaborate (B) terrible (C) simple (D) easy
 61) The more you practise sports, the you become.
 (A) fattest (B) fatter (C) fitter (D) fit
 62) He is sad and disappointed; his heart is.....!
 (A) break (B) brake (C) broken (D) breaking
 63) Nearly 14 million people live in Tokyo, is the most populated city in the world in 2022
 (A) where (B) which (C) what (D) whose
 64) The world has enough wealth and resources to that the entire human race enjoys a basic standard of living.
 (A) achieve (B) risk (C) doubt (D) ensure
 65) Damietta is a famous Egyptian city high-quality furniture is produced.
 (A) where (B) that (C) which (D) when
 66) It is highly..... to learn another foreign language. It makes it easy to mix with people from other cultures.
 (A) harmful (B) useless (C) beneficial (D) superficial
 67) Do you know the person..... found my wallet?
 (A) whom (B) who's (C) who is (D) whose
 68) The nurse washed and my burnt hand.
 (A) handed (B) spoiled (C) bandaged (D) healed
 69) She asked me or not I'd attend the wedding party.
 (A) when (B) why (C) if (D) whether
 70) I seriously his offer to buy my car, but in the end, I refused to sell it.
 (A) thought (B) considered (C) supposed (D) opposed
 71) It is that the new academic year starts in September.
 (A) declared (B) told (C) inquired (D) asked
 72) We were shouting and to support our favourite football team.
 (A) sharing (B) changing (C) ignoring (D) cheering
 73) Our mother asked us..... tidy our room.
 (A) not to (B) to not (C) to (D) whether
 74) We all respect the nursing profession; it is really
 (A) measurable (B) honourable (C) miserable (D) visible
 75) To make the following sentence correctly punctuated,
 "I d have visited you if I had known you were ill," said Amir.
 (A) add a comma before if
 (B) add an apostrophe between I and d
 (C) remove the comma after ill
 (D) insert the quotations marks after Amir and not before said

08 Read the following passage, then answer the questions :

Technology addiction is defined as frequent and obsessive technology-related behaviour that is increasingly practised despite the negative consequences for the user. An overdependence on technology can significantly impact students' lives. While we need technology to survive in a modern social world, a severe overreliance on it—or an addiction to certain facets of its use—can also be socially devastating.

Technology dependence can lead to negative consequences that span from mild annoyance when away from technology to feelings of isolation, extreme anxiety and depression.

76) What is the main idea of this part of the article?

- (A) The positive sides of the use of technology everywhere.
- (B) What technology addiction means and its negative effects.
- (C) How to avoid the harms of technology addiction.
- (D) How to use technology wisely in different fields.

77) The underlined word "devastating" is similar in meaning to

- (A) hardly damaging
- (B) badly damaging
- (C) accepted
- (D) ignored

78) While we need technology to survive in a modern social world, a severe overreliance on it can also be socially devastating. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to.....

- (A) modern social world
- (B) addiction
- (C) technology
- (D) communication

08 Read the sentences and choose the correct translation from A, B, C or D.

79) يجب أن تكون طموحاً، دائماً حفز نفسك وحدد أهدافاً واجتهد لكي تحققها في الحياة، وعندما تنجح في تحقيق ما تصبو إليه ، تشعر بالسعادة بما أنجزت ،

You must be content. Always please yourself, set goals and strive to achieve them in life. When you succeed in achieving what you aspire to, you feel happy with what you have accomplished.

You must be ambitious. Always motivate yourself, set goals and strive to achieve them in life. When you succeed in achieving what you hope to do, you feel happy with what you have dreamed of.

You must be ambitious. Always motivate yourself, set goals and strive to achieve them in the future. When you fail in achieving what you aspire to, you don't feel satisfied with what you have tried to accomplish.

You must be ambitious. Always motivate yourself, set goals and strive to achieve them in life. When you succeed in achieving what you aspire to, you feel happy with what you have accomplished.

80) The Presidential Programme for Qualifying Youth for Leadership aims to qualify young people to be able to apply modern methods to face the problems facing the Egyptian state.

(A) يهدف البرنامج الحكومي لتأهيل الشباب للقيادة إلى تأهيل الشباب ليكونوا قادرين على تطبيق الأساليب الحديثة لمواجهة المشكلات التي تواجه المجتمع.

(B) يهدف البرنامج الرئاسي لتأهيل الشباب للعمل إلى تأهيل الشباب ليكونوا قادرين على تطبيق الأساليب العالمية لمواجهة المشكلات التي تواجه الدولة المصرية.

(C) يهدف البرنامج الرئاسي لتأهيل الشباب للقيادة إلى تأهيل الشباب ليكونوا قادرين على تطبيق الأساليب الحديثة لمواجهة المشكلات التي تواجه الدولة المصرية.

(D) يهدف البرنامج الرئاسي لتأهيل الشباب للقيادة إلى تأهيل الشباب ليكونوا قادرين على دراسة الأساليب الحديثة لمواجهة المشكلات.